

# GENUS



## Installation Instructions Type C Boilers

G.C.N: 41-116-01  
47-116-08  
47-116-09  
47-116-13

LEAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS  
ADJACENT TO THE GAS METER



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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

This manual is an integral and essential part of the product. It should be kept with the appliance so that it can be consulted by the user and our authorised personnel.

Please carefully read the instructions and notices about the unit contained in this manual, as they provide important information regarding the safe installation, use and maintenance of the product.

For operating instructions please consult the separate User's Manual.



## 1.1 General Information

Read the instructions and recommendations in these Installation Instructions carefully to ensure proper installation, use and maintenance of the appliance.

Keep this manual in a safe place. You may need it for your own reference while our Servicing Centre technicians or your installer may need to consult it in the future.

This is a combined appliance for the production of central heating (C.H.) and domestic hot water (D.H.W.).

This appliance **must be used only** for the purpose for which it is designed. The manufacturer declines all liability for damage caused by improper or negligent use.

No asbestos or other hazardous materials have been used in the fabrication of this product.

**Before connecting** the appliance, check that the information shown on the data plate and the table on pages 4-5 comply with the electric, water and gas mains of the property. You will find the data plate on the reverse of the control panel. The gas with which this appliance operates is also shown on the label at the bottom of the boiler.

**Do not** install this appliance in a damp environment or close to equipment which spray water or other liquids.

**Do not place** objects on the appliance.

**Do not allow** children or inexperienced persons to use the appliance without supervision.

If you smell gas in the room, **do not turn on** light switches, use the telephone or any other object which might cause sparks.

Open doors and windows immediately to ventilate the room.

Shut the gas mains tap (on the gas meter) or the valve of the gas cylinder and call your Gas Supplier immediately.

If you are going away for a long period of time, remember to shut the mains gas tap or the gas cylinder valve.

**Always disconnect** the appliance either by unplugging it from the mains or turning off the mains switch before cleaning the appliance or carrying out maintenance.

**In the case of faults or failure**, switch off the appliance and turn off the gas tap. Do not tamper with the appliance.

For repairs, call your local Authorised Servicing Centre and request the use of original spare parts. For in-guarantee repairs contact MTS (GB) Limited

**Check** the following at least once a year:

- 1 - Check the seal of water connections, replacing the gaskets if necessary.
- 2 - Check the seal of the gas connections, replacing the gaskets if necessary.

- 3 - Check the general condition of the appliance and of the combustion chamber visually.
- 4 - Visual check of the combustion: clean burners if necessary.
- 5 - With reference to point 3, dismantle and clean the combustion chamber if necessary.
- 6 - With reference to point 4, dismantle and clean the injectors if necessary.
- 7 - Visual check of the primary heat exchanger:
  - check for overheating of the exchangers fins;
  - clean the exhaust side of the exchanger and fan if necessary.
- 8 - Regulate the gas pressure, ignition pressure, partial flame, maximum flame.
- 9 - Check proper operation of the heating safety system:
  - maximum safety temperature;
  - maximum safety pressure.
- 10 - Check the proper operation of the gas safety system:
  - gas or flame safety device;
  - gas valve safety device.
- 11 - Check that the electrical connections have been made in compliance with the instructions shown in the Installation Instructions.
- 12 - Check the efficiency of the hot water supply (flow and temperature).
- 13 - Check general operation of the appliance.
- 14 - Check the exhaust system for the combustion products.

## 1.2 Technical Information

	23 MFFI	27 MFFI	27 RFFI SYSTEM	30 MFFI	
CE Certification					
Heat Input	max/min kW	25.6/11.0	29.8/12.0	29.8/12.0	33.0/12.0
Heat Output	max/min kW	23.1/9.2	27.3/10.1	27.3/10.1	30.3/10.2
Efficiency of Nominal Heat Input	%	90.2	91.6	91.6	92.0
Efficiency at 30% of Nominal Heat Input	%	87.8	88.3	88.3	88.6
Heat Loss to the Casing ( <sup>3</sup> T=50°C)	%	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4
Flue Heat Loss with Burner Operating	%	8.6	7.1	7.1	6.6
Flue Heat Loss with Burner Off	%	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Maximum Discharge of Fumes (G20-G25)	Kg/h	59	62	62	61
Residual Discharge Head	mbar	1.15	1.4	1.4	1.4
Consumption at Nominal Capacity (G20-G25)	m <sup>3</sup> /h	2.72/3.32	3.16/3.86	3.16/3.86	3.49/4.05
Gas Consumption after 10 Minutes* (15°C, 1013 mbar) (G30-G31)	m <sup>3</sup>	0.32/0.39	0.37/0.45	0.37/0.45	0.41/0.47
	Kg/h	2.02/2.00	2.35/2.32	2.35/2.32	2.60/2.57
Temp. of exhaust fumes at nominal capacity (G20-G25)	°C	137	128	128	135
CO <sub>2</sub> Content	%	5.8	6.6	6.6	7.5
O <sub>2</sub> Content	%	9.2	8.0	8.0	8.0
CO Content	ppm	32	34	34	49
Minimum Ambient Temperature	°C	+5	+5	+5	+5
Head Loss on Water Side (max) ( <sup>3</sup> T=20°C)	mbar	200	200	200	200
Residual Head of System	bar	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Heating Temperature	max/min °C	82/42	82/42	82/42	82/42
Domestic Hot Water Temperature	max/min °C	56/36	56/36	---	56/36
D.H.W. Flow Rate <sup>3</sup> T=35°C	l/min	9.5	11.2	---	12.3
D.H.W. Flow Rate <sup>3</sup> T=35°C	gal/min	2.1	2.5	---	2.7
D.H.W. Flow Minimum Rate	l/min	2.6	2.6	---	2.6
Pressure of Domestic Hot Water	max/min bar	6/0.2	6/0.2	---	6/0.2
Expansion Vessel Capacity	l	7	7	7	7
Expansion Vessel Pre-load Pressure	bar	1	1	1	1
Maximum Water Content in System	l	145	145	145	145
Maximum Heating Pressure	bar	3	3	3	3
Nominal Pressure Natural Gas (G20-G25)	mbar	20-25	20-25	20-25	20-25
Liquid Gas (G30-G31)	mbar	30-37	30-37	30-37	30-37
Electrical Supply	V/Hz	230 / 50	230 / 50	230 / 50	230 / 560
Power Consumption	W	150	190	190	190
Protection Grade of Electrical System	IP	X4D	X4D	X4D	X4D
Internal Fuse Rating		FAST 2 AT	FAST 2 AT	FAST 2 AT	FAST 2 AT
Weight	Kg	47	47	46.5	47
<b>G.C. Number</b>		<b>47-116-08</b>	<b>47-116-09</b>	<b>41-116-01</b>	<b>47-116-13</b>

\*Calculated at 70% maximum output

### 1.3 Overall View

#### GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI

#### GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM

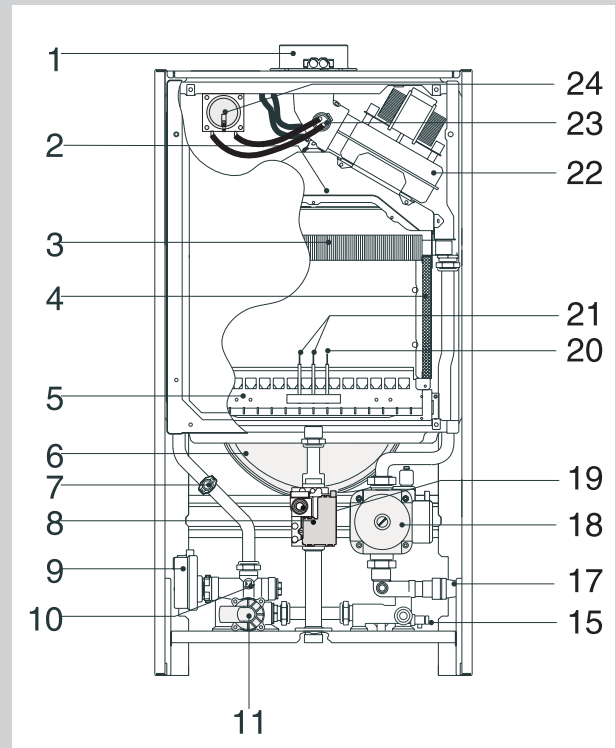
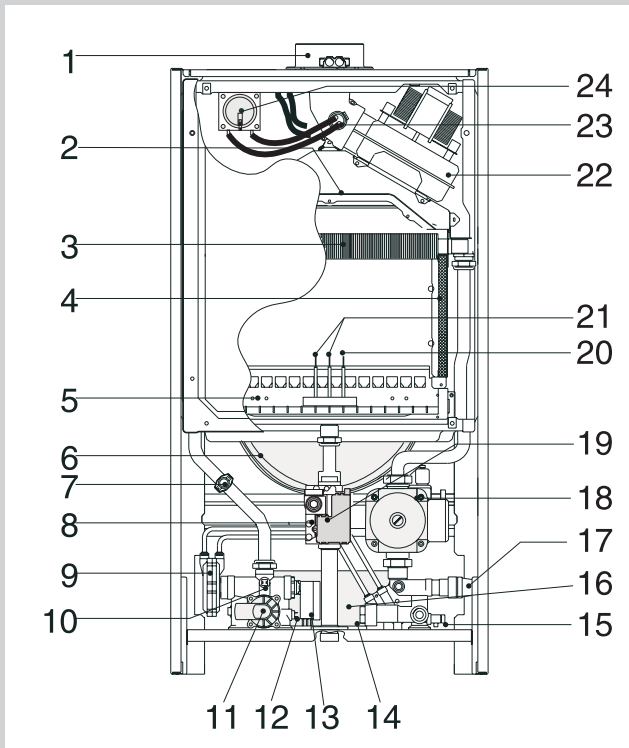


Fig. 1.1

**Legend:**

1. Flue Connector
2. Combustion Chamber Hood
3. Main Heat Exchanger
4. Combustion Chamber Insulation Panel
5. Burner
6. Expansion Vessel
7. Overheat Thermostat
8. Spark Generator
9. Diverter Valve (MFFI)  
Motorised Valve (RFFI)
10. Main Circuit Temperature Probe
11. Main Circuit Flow Switch
12. Domestic Hot Water Temperature Probe
13. Diverter Valve Microswitch
14. Filter Seat
15. Drain Valve
16. Secondary Heat Exchanger
17. Safety Valve (3 bar)
18. Circulation Pump with Automatic Air Release Valve
19. Gas Valve
20. Detection Electrodes
21. Ignition Electrodes
22. Fan
23. Venturi
24. Air Pressure Switch

## 2. INSTALLATION

The technical information and instructions provided herein below are intended for the installer so that the unit may be installed correctly and safely.

### 2.1 Reference Standards

The installation and initial startup of the boiler must be by a CORGI Approved Installer in compliance with the installation standards currently in effect, as well as with any and all local health and safety standards i.e. CORGI.

***This appliance must be installed by a competent installer in accordance with the current Gas Safety (installation & use) Regulations***

The installation of this appliance must be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the current Gas Safety (installation & use) Regulations, the Local Building Regulations, the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations, the byelaws of the local water authority, and in Scotland, in accordance with the Building Standards (Scotland) Regulation and Health and Safety document No. 635 "Electricity at work regs. 1989".

Installation should also comply with the following British Standard Codes of Practice:

Low pressure pipes	BS 6891	1988
Boilers of rated input not exceeding 60 kW	BS 6798	1987
Forced circulation hot water system	BS 5449	1990
Installation of gas hot water supplies for domestic purposes ( 2 <sup>nd</sup> family gases)	BS 5546	1990
Flues	BS 5440-1	1990
Air supply	BS 5440-2	1989

### 2.2 Siting the Appliance

The appliance may be installed in any room or indoor area, although particular attention is drawn to the requirements of the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations, and in Scotland, the electrical provisions of the Building Regulations applicable in Scotland, with respect to the installation of the combined appliance in a room containing a bath or shower.

**Where a room-sealed appliance is installed in a room containing a bath or shower the boiler and any electrical switch or appliance control, utilising mains electricity should be situated so that it cannot be touched by a person using the bath or shower.**

The location must permit adequate space for servicing and air circulation around the appliance as indicated in paragraph 2.4.

The location must permit the provision of an adequate flue and termination.

For unusual locations special procedures may be necessary.

BS 6798-1987 gives detailed guidance on this aspect.

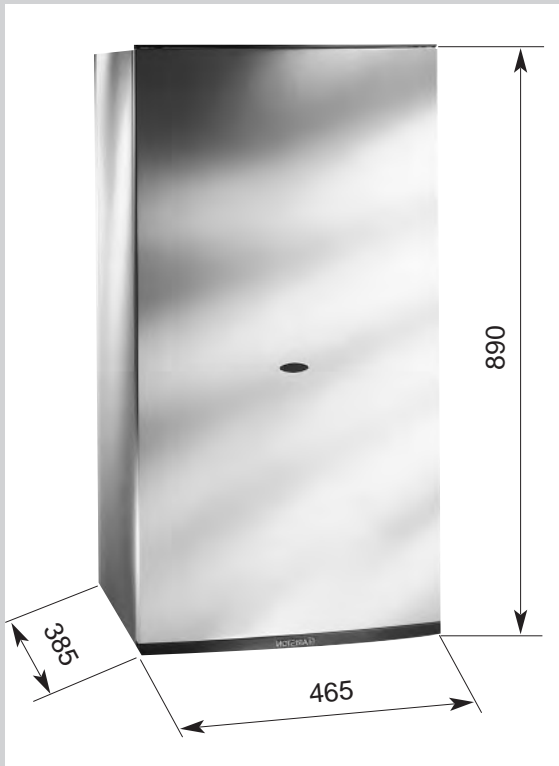
A compartment used to enclose the appliance must be designed specifically for this purpose. No specific ventilation requirements are needed for an installation within a cupboard

This appliance is not suitable for outdoor installation.

***The type C appliances (in which the combustion circuit, air vent intake and combustion chamber are air-tight with respect to the room in which the appliance is installed) can be installed in any type of room.***

There are no limitations with respect to ventilation and the volume of the room itself. The boiler must be installed on a solid, permanent wall to prevent access to the electrical parts (when live) through the aperture on the back frame.

## 2.3 Overall Dimensions

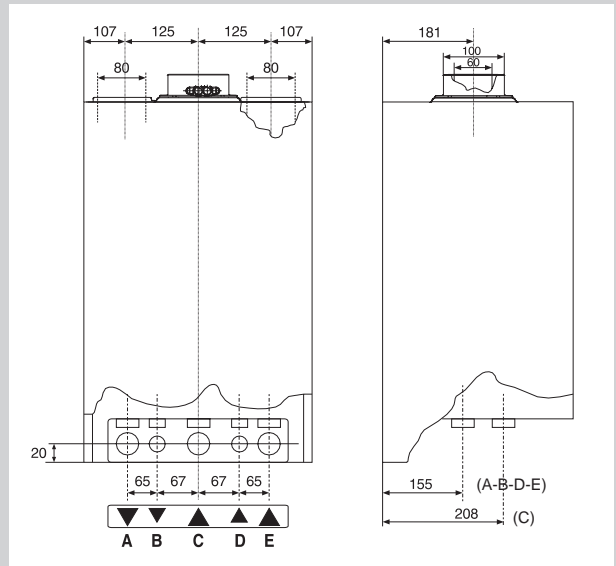


### Legend:

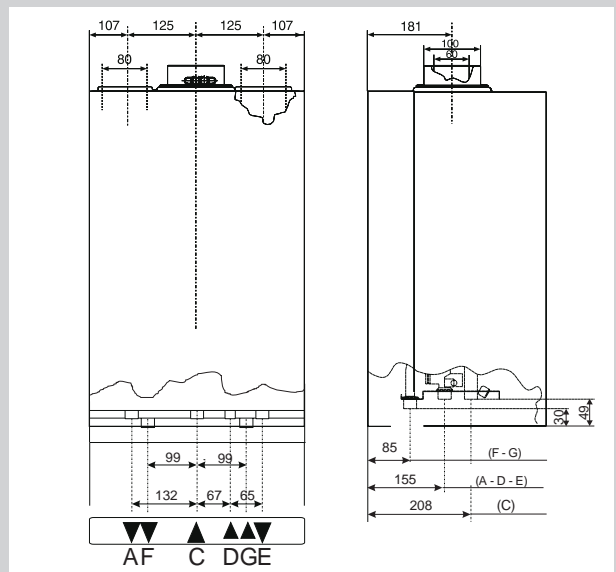
- A = Central Heating Flow (3/4")
- B = Domestic Hot Water Outlet (1/2")
- C = Gas Inlet (3/4")
- D = Domestic Cold Water Inlet (1/2")
- E = Central Heating Return (3/4")
- F = Cylinder Flow (3/4")
- G = Cylinder Return (3/4")

Fig. 2.1

### GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI



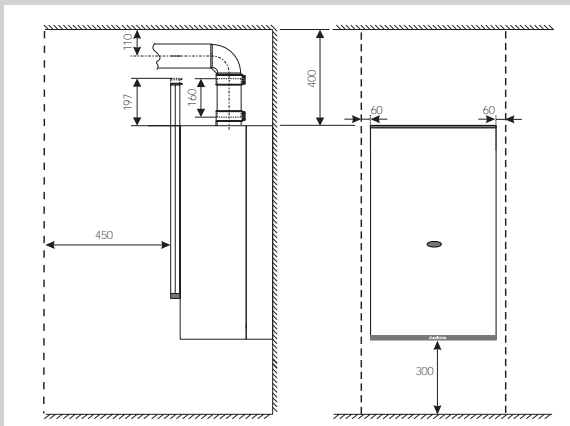
### GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM



## 2.4 Clearances

In order to allow for access to the interior of the boiler for maintenance purposes, the boiler must be installed in compliance with the clearance requirements indicated in the diagram below.

### GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI



### GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM

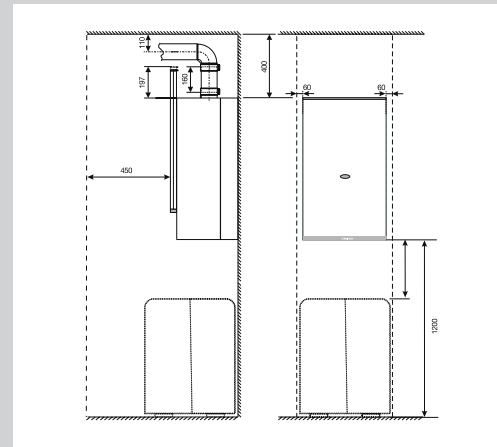
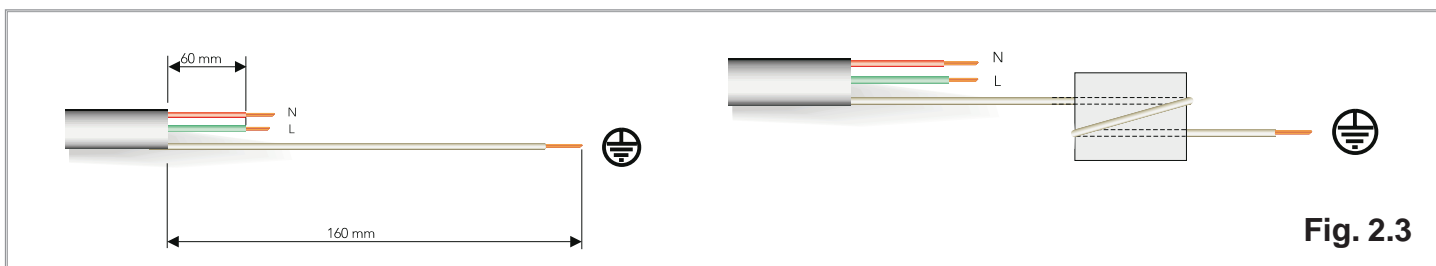


Fig. 2.2

**2.5 Mounting the Appliance** Fasten the boiler in place using the template and anchors supplied with the unit. It is highly recommended that a spirit level be used to position the boiler so that it is perfectly level.  
For additional information, please consult the instructions contained in the connection kit and the flue kit.

**2.6 Electrical Connection** For safety purposes, have a competent person carefully check the electrical system in the property, as the manufacturer will not be held liable for damage caused by the failure to earth the appliance properly or by anomalies in the supply of power. Make sure that the residential electrical system is adequate for the maximum power absorbed by the unit, which is indicated on the rating plate. In addition, check that the section of cabling is appropriate for the power absorbed by the boiler.

The boiler operates with alternating current, as indicated in the technical data table (1.2), where the maximum absorbed power is also indicated. Make sure that the connections for the neutral and live wires correspond to the indications in the diagram. The appliance electrical connections are situated on the reverse of the control panel (see the servicing manual for further information)



**Fig. 2.3**

**Important!**

In the event that the power supply cord must be changed, replace it with one with the same specifications. Make the connections to the terminal board located within the control panel, as follows:

- The yellow-green wire should be connected to the terminal marked with the earth symbol; make sure to re-use the ferrule mounted on the other supply cord;
- The blue wire should be connected to the terminal marked "N";
- The brown wire should be connected to the terminal marked "L".

Note: The diagrams for the electrical system are indicated in section 2.11.

**Warning, this appliance must be earthed.**

External wiring to the appliance must be carried out by a qualified technician and be in accordance with the current I.E.E. Regulations and applicable local regulations. The Genus range of boilers are supplied for connection to a 230 V-50 Hz supply.

**The supply must be fused at 3 A.**

The method of connection to the electricity supply must facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance, by the use of a fused double pole isolator having a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles or alternatively, by means of a 3 A fused three pin plug and unswitched shuttered socket outlet both complying with BS 1363.

The point of connection to the Electricity supply must be readily accessible and adjacent to the appliance unless the appliance is installed in a bathroom when this must be sited outside the bathroom.

**2.7 Gas Connection**

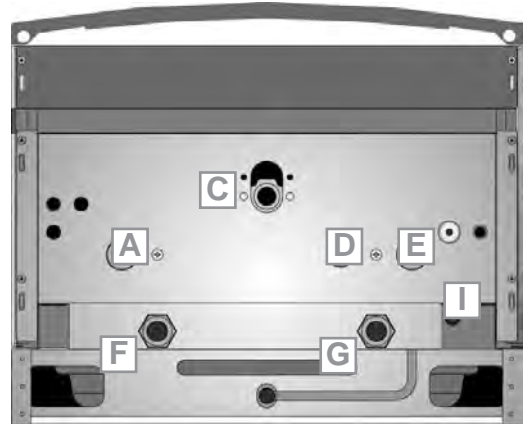
The local gas supplier contractor connects the gas meter to the service pipe. If the gas supply for the boiler serves other appliances ensure that an adequate supply is available both to the boiler and the other appliances when they are in use at the same time.

Pipe work must be of an adequate size. Pipes of a smaller size than the boiler inlet connection should not be used.



**GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI**

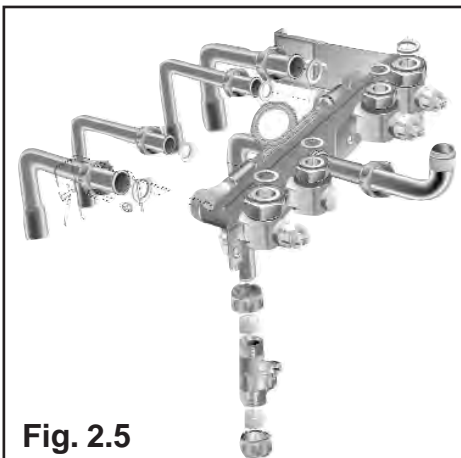
**GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM**



**Legend**

- A = Central Heating Flow
- B = Domestic Hot Water Outlet
- C = Gas Inlet
- D = Domestic Cold Water Inlet
- E = Central Heating Return
- F = Cylinder Flow
- G = Cylinder Return
- I = Safety Valve

**Fig. 2.4**



**Fig. 2.5**

**Fitting the connection kit to the Genus 27 RFFI System only.**

It will be noted that the kit has two connections not required for this boiler i.e. the domestic cold inlet "E" and the domestic hot water outlet "B" (see fig. 2.4).

Although the cold water main supply must be connected to the isolation valve for the purpose of operating the filling-loop, the isolation valve is NOT connected to the boiler and should be left in the OFF position.

The D.H.W. outlet is capped-off on the boiler, therefore not requiring the isolation valve to be used.

The Genus 27 RFFI System has 2 x 3/4" B.S.P. male threads for the cylinder flow and return. It is recommended that 2 x 22mm x 3/4" female iron fittings (not supplied) be used on these connections (using P.T.F.E. tape), before the boiler is mounted on the wall.

**Central Heating**

Detailed recommendations are given in BS 6798:1987 and BS 5449-1:1990, the following notes are given for general guidance.

**Pipe Work:**

Copper tubing to BS EN 1057:1996 is recommended for water pipes. Jointing should be either with capillary soldered or compression fittings.

Where possible pipes should have a gradient to ensure air is carried naturally to air release points and water flows naturally to drain taps.

The appliance has a built-in automatic air release valve, however it should be ensured as far as possible that the appliance heat exchanger is not a natural collecting point for air.

Except where providing useful heat, pipes should be insulated to prevent heat loss and avoid freezing.

Particular attention should be paid to pipes passing through ventilated spaces in roofs and under floors.

**By-pass:**

The appliance includes an automatic by-pass valve, which protects the main heat exchanger in case of reduced or interrupted water circulation through the heating system, due to the closing of thermostatic valves or cock-type valves within the system.

**System Design:**

This boiler is suitable only for sealed systems.

**Drain Cocks:**

These must be located in accessible positions to permit the draining of the whole system. The taps must be at least 15mm nominal size and manufactured in accordance with BS 2870:1980.

**Safety Valve Discharge:**

The discharge should terminate facing downwards on the exterior of the building in a position where discharging (possibly boiling water & steam) will not create danger or nuisance, but in an easily visible position, and not cause damage to electrical components and wiring.

The discharge must not be over an entrance or a window or any other type of public access.

#### **Air Release Points:**

These must be fitted at all high points where air naturally collects and must be sited to facilitate complete filling of the system.

The appliance has an integral sealed expansion vessel to accommodate the increase of water value when the system is heated.

It can accept up to 7 l (1.5 gal) of expansion water. If the heating circuit has an unusually high water content, calculate the total expansion and add an additional sealed expansion vessel with adequate capacity.

#### **Mains Water Feed - Central Heating:**

There must be no direct connection to the mains water supply even through a non-return valve, without the approval of the Local Water Authority.

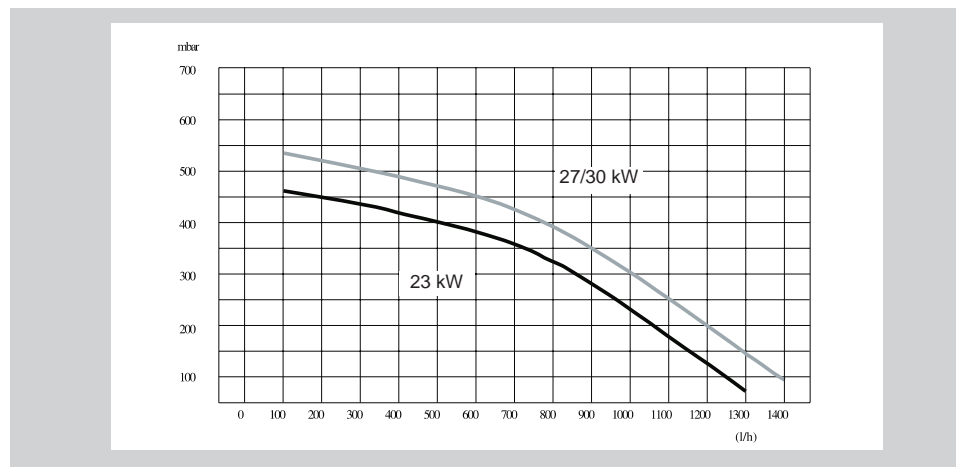
#### **Filling:**

A temporary method for initially filling the system and replacing lost water during servicing and initial filling (in accordance with Water Supply Byelaw 14), is provided as an integral part of the connection kit (see fig. 2.5). The flexible hose must be removed once the system has been filled. The D.H.W. inlet valve on the connection kit has two positions, one for winter and one for the summer. This enables the flow-rate through the appliance to be adjusted so that a sensible D.H.W. temperature may be achieved throughout the year.

#### **Domestic Water**

The domestic water must be in accordance with the relevant recommendation of BS 5546:1990. Copper tubing to BS EN 1057:1996 is recommended for water carrying pipe work and must be used for pipe work carrying drinking water.

**Residual Head of the Boiler**



## **2.9 Flue Connections**

#### **Flue System**

The provision for satisfactory flue termination must be made as described in BS 5440-1.

The appliance must be installed so that the flue terminal is exposed to outdoor air. The terminal must not discharge into another room or space such as an outhouse or lean-to.

It is important that the position of the terminal allows a free passage of air across it at all times.

The terminal should be located with due regard for the damage or discolouration that might occur on buildings in the vicinity.

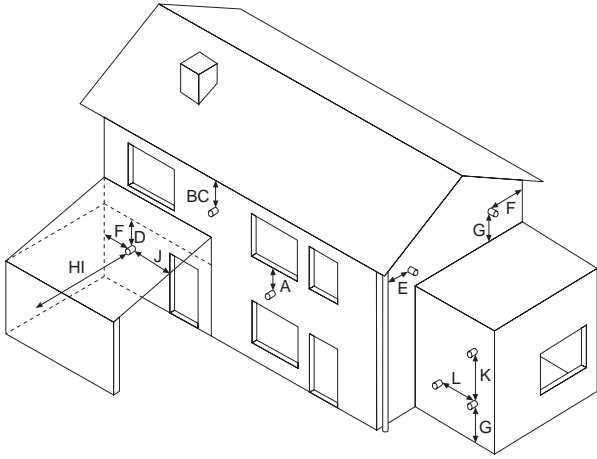
In cold or humid weather water vapour may condense on leaving the flue terminal.

The effect of such "steaming" must be considered.

If the terminal is less than 2 metres above a balcony, above ground or above a flat roof to which people have access, then a suitable terminal guard must be fitted. When ordering a terminal guard, quote the appliance model number.

A suitable terminal guard is available from:  
**TOWER FLUE COMPONENTS**  
**Morley Road**  
**Tonbridge**  
**Kent TN9 1RA**

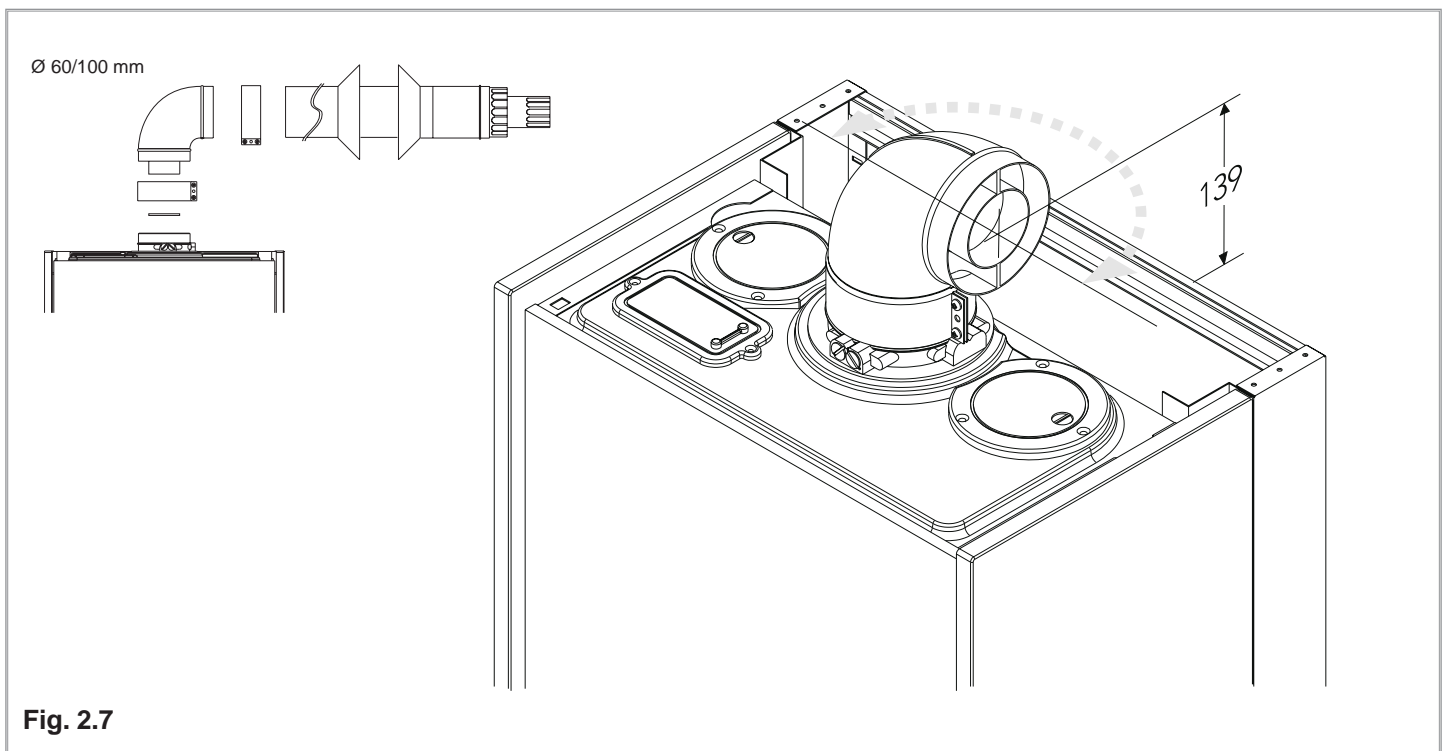
The minimum acceptable spacing from the terminal to obstructions and ventilation openings are specified in Fig. 2.6



**Fig. 2.6**

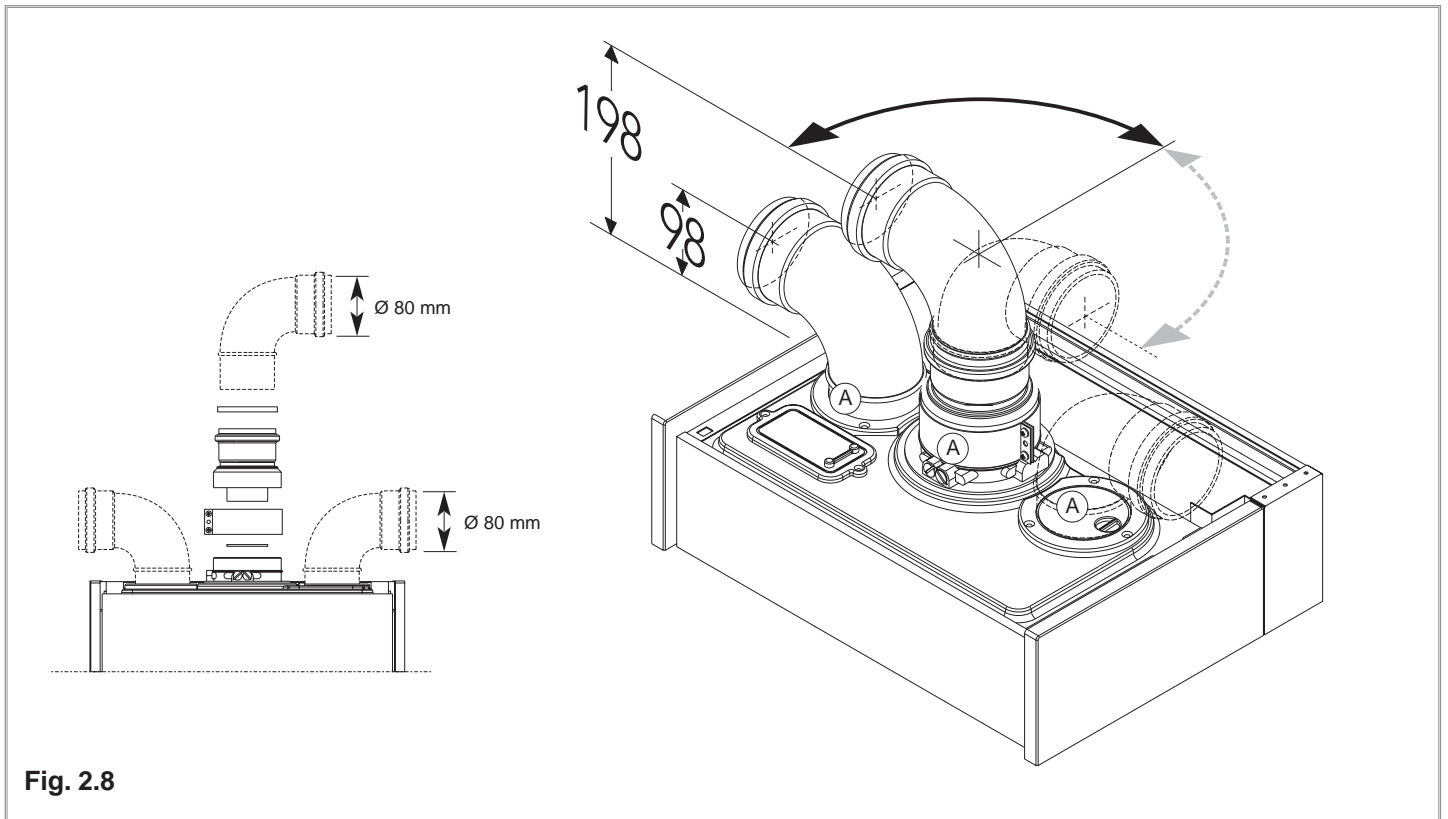
<b>TERMINAL POSITION</b>	<b>mm</b>
A - Directly below an open window or other opening	300
B - Below gutters, solid pipes or drain pipes	75
C - Below eaves	200
D - Below balconies or car-port roof	200
E - From vertical drain pipes and soil pipes	75
F - From internal or external corners	300
G - Above ground or below balcony level	300
H - From a surface facing a terminal	600
I - From a terminal facing a terminal	1200
J - From an opening in the car port (e.g. door, window) into dwelling	1200
K - Vertically from a terminal in the same wall	1500
L - Horizontally from a terminal in the same wall	300

The boiler is designed to be connected to a coaxial flue discharge system.



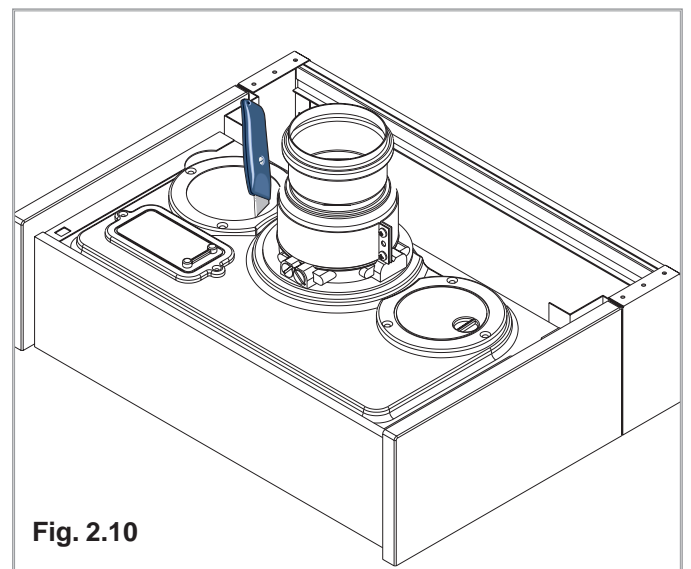
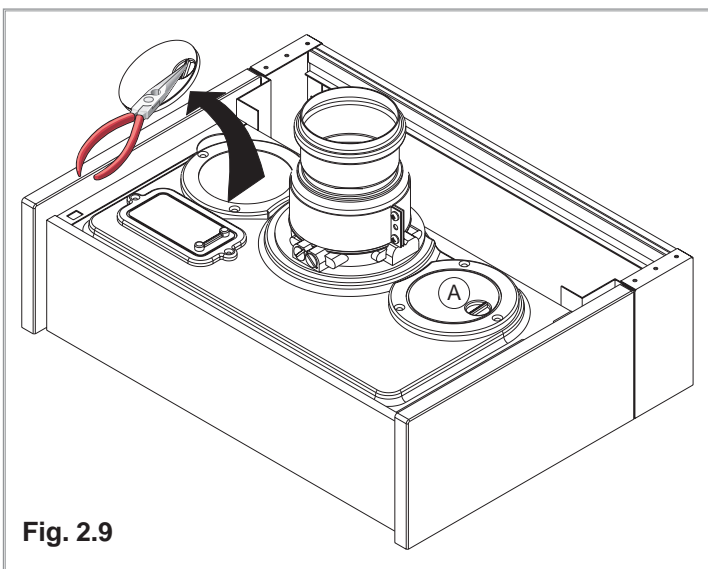
**Fig. 2.7**

In addition, it is also possible to use a split system by fitting a special adapter to the flue discharge collar and using one of the apertures for the air vent intake located on the top part of the combustion chamber (A).



This procedure must be done as follows:

- 1 - Remove the air vent intake you want to use, in the area indicated in Fig. 2.9, by breaking the perforated ring.
- 2 - Use a tool to grasp the lid and remove it completely.
- 3 - Clean any burrs or sharp edges with a knife or an appropriate tool.



In Fig. 2.11 below, several different types of flue systems are shown.  
 For additional information regarding the flue accessories, please consult the  
 Flue Pipe Accessories manual.

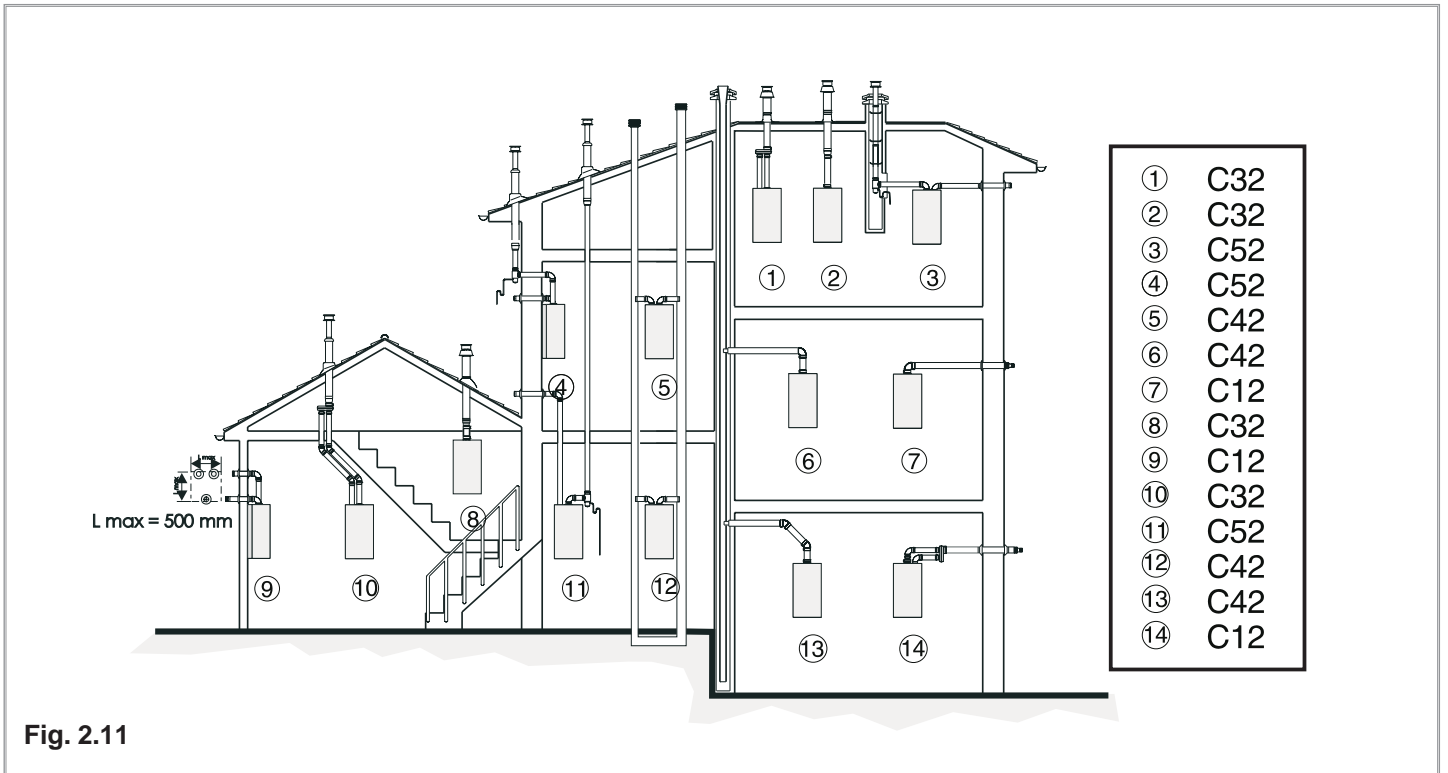


Fig. 2.11

In calculating the lengths of the pipes, the maximum length must also take into consideration the values for the exhaust/air intake end terminals, as well as 90° elbows for coaxial systems.

The C52 types must comply with the following requirements:

1. The discharge/intake vent pipes must have the same diameter of  $\varnothing$  80 mm.
2. The maximum combined flue length is 17 m for Models Genus 23/27 MFFI/RFFI and 15 m for Model Genus 30 MFFI. In this case the minimum length for the air intake pipe is 1 meter; the maximum length of vertical exhaust pipe must be a maximum of 12 m.
3. If an elbow is inserted into the discharge/ventilation system, the calculation of the overall extension must take into consideration the values for each curve, as indicated in the table.
4. The exhaust pipe must extend at least 0.5 m above the ridge of the roof if it is located on a side other than that for the air intake (this is not obligatory if the exhaust and air intake pipes are located on the same side of the building).

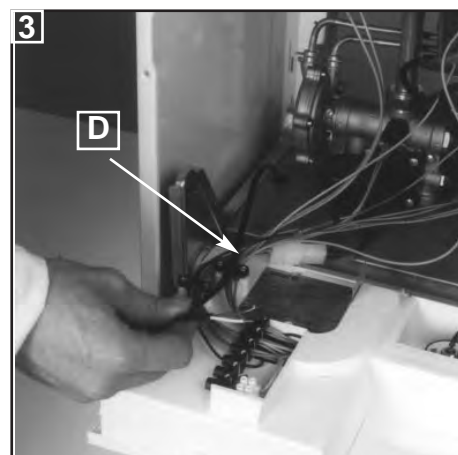
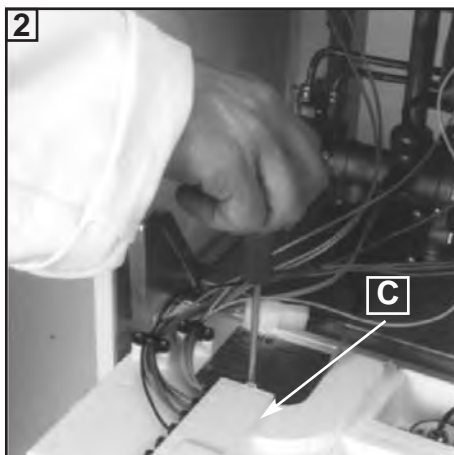
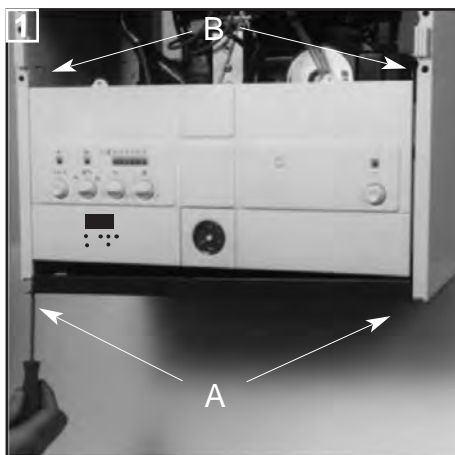
Exhaust Type	Maximum Extension Exhaust/Air			Diameter of Pipes (mm)	Use of Restrictor on Discharge Side			Risk of Condensation Forming		
	23 kW - 27 kW	30kW	30kW		42 mm 23kW	27 kW	45 mm 30 kW	23kW	27 kW	30 kW
Coaxial Systems	C12 (xx)	4 m	3 m	$\varnothing$ 60/100	L * < 0.5 m	L * < 0.5 m	L * < 0.5 m			
	C32 (xx)	4 m	3 m	$\varnothing$ 60/100	L * < 0.5 m	L * < 0.5 m	L * < 0.5 m			
	C42 (xx)	4 m	3 m	$\varnothing$ 60/100	L * < 0.5 m	L * < 0.5 m	L * < 0.5 m			
Twin Pipe Systems	C12 (xy)	54 m	46 m	$\varnothing$ 80	L < 7 m	L < 5 m	L < 7.5 m	L > 4.9 m	L > 6.5 m	L > 4.5 m
	C32 (xy)	54 m	46 m	$\varnothing$ 80	L < 7 m	L < 5 m	L < 7.5 m	L > 4.9 m	L > 6.5 m	L > 4.5 m
	C42 (xy)	54 m	46 m	$\varnothing$ 80	L < 7 m	L < 5 m	L < 7.5 m	L > 4.9 m	L > 6.5 m	L > 4.5 m
	C52 (xy)	17 m	17 m	$\varnothing$ 80	L < 7 m	L < 5 m	L < 7.5 m	L > 4.9 m	L < 5.3 m	L > 4.5 m
		23 kW	27 kW	30 kW						

(\*) L = Length of Piping

## 2.10 Room Thermostat Connection

In order to perform this procedure, remove the boiler casing as indicated in section 3.2. Then proceed as follows:

- 1 Remove the two screws "A" in order to remove the cover, release the two clips "B" and lift and rotate down the control panel box.
- 2 Open the cover "C" on the left hand side of the compartment.
- 3 Insert the wire for the connection of the room thermostat into the cable clamp "D", as indicated in photo 3.

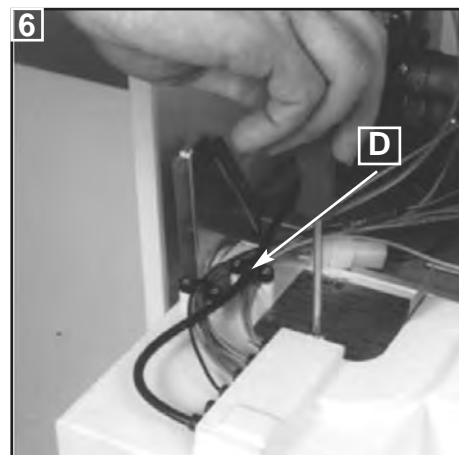
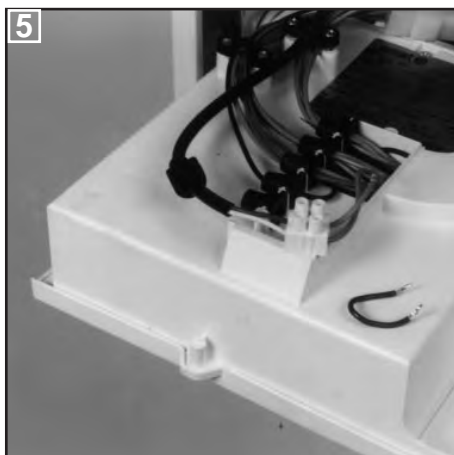
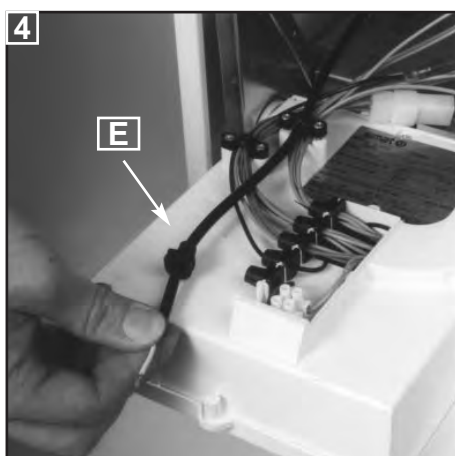


- 4 Remove the grommet "E" shown in the photo 4, make a hole in it and pass the room thermostat wire through.
- 5 Remove the link located in the terminal block and connect the wire.
- 6 Replace the grommet and the terminal block to their original positions, close the cover on the grommet compartment and fasten the wire-clamp "D" in place.
- 7 If a remote time clock is to be fitted, disconnect the integral time clock plug from the P.C.B.
- 8 Using a volt-free switching time clock, connect the switching wires from the time clock following points 1-6 above.
- 9 If using a time clock and room thermostat, these must be connected in series as per points 1-8 above.

**Note:** Only a two-wire type room thermostat can be used.

**For details on fitting the D.H.W. probe (Genus 27 RFFI only), please consult the separate instruction sheet supplied with the probe.**

**An anti-frost device is built-in to the appliance's electronic regulation system.**



## 2.11 Electrical Diagram

### Legend:

AT = High Voltage P.C.B.  
BT = Low Voltage P.C.B.  
A = Remote Connector Kit  
B = Flame Failure L.E.D.  
C = Insufficient Water Pressure L.E.D.  
D = Water Temperature Indicator L.E.D.s  
E = Overheat Thermostat Warning L.E.D.  
F = System Reset Button  
G = Selector Knob for Operating Mode  
H = Domestic Hot Water Temp. Adjustment  
I = Central Heating Temp. Adjustment  
J = Wire Connector for Room Thermostat  
K = Connector for Total Check System  
L = Selector for Local/Remote Control  
M = Anti-cycling Device Adjustment for Heating  
N = Soft-light Adjustment  
O = Max Heating Temperature Adjustment  
P = Time Clock Connection  
Q = On/Off L.E.D.  
R = On/Off Switch  
S = Interface Wire for P.C.B.s  
T = Relay Motorised Valve  
U = Ignitor Relay  
V = Gas Valve Relay  
W = Fan Relay  
X = Circulation Pump Relay  
Y = Selector TCS2  
Z = Link for Continuous Pump Run  
Aa = Adaptor (British Gas use only)

A01 = Air Pressure Switch  
A02 = Fan  
A03 = Gas Valve  
A04 = Ignitor  
A05 = Motorised Valve  
A06 = Circulation Pump  
A07 = Flame Detector  
A08 = Earth Terminal  
A09 = Flame Detection Circuit  
A10 = Flame Indicator L.E.D.  
A11 = Transformer  
A12 = Filter

B01 = Over Heat Thermostat  
B02 = External Thermostat  
B03 = Gas Valve Modulator  
B04 = D.H.W. Probe Sensor Cylinder (RFFI SYSTEM models only)

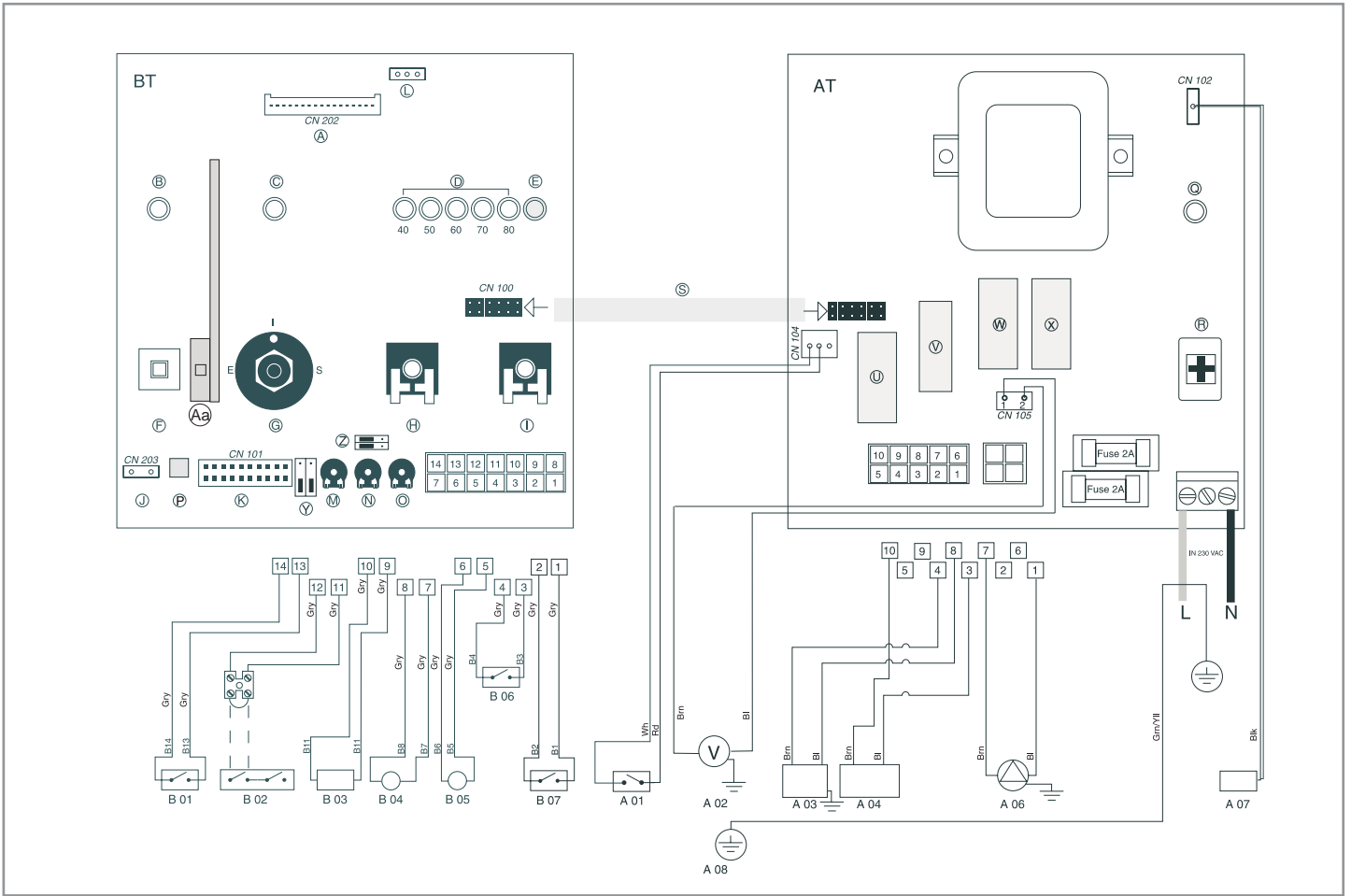
B05 = Heating Sensor  
B06 = Pressure Switch for Heating Circuit  
B07 = Microswitch for Diverter Valve (MFFI models only)

### Colours

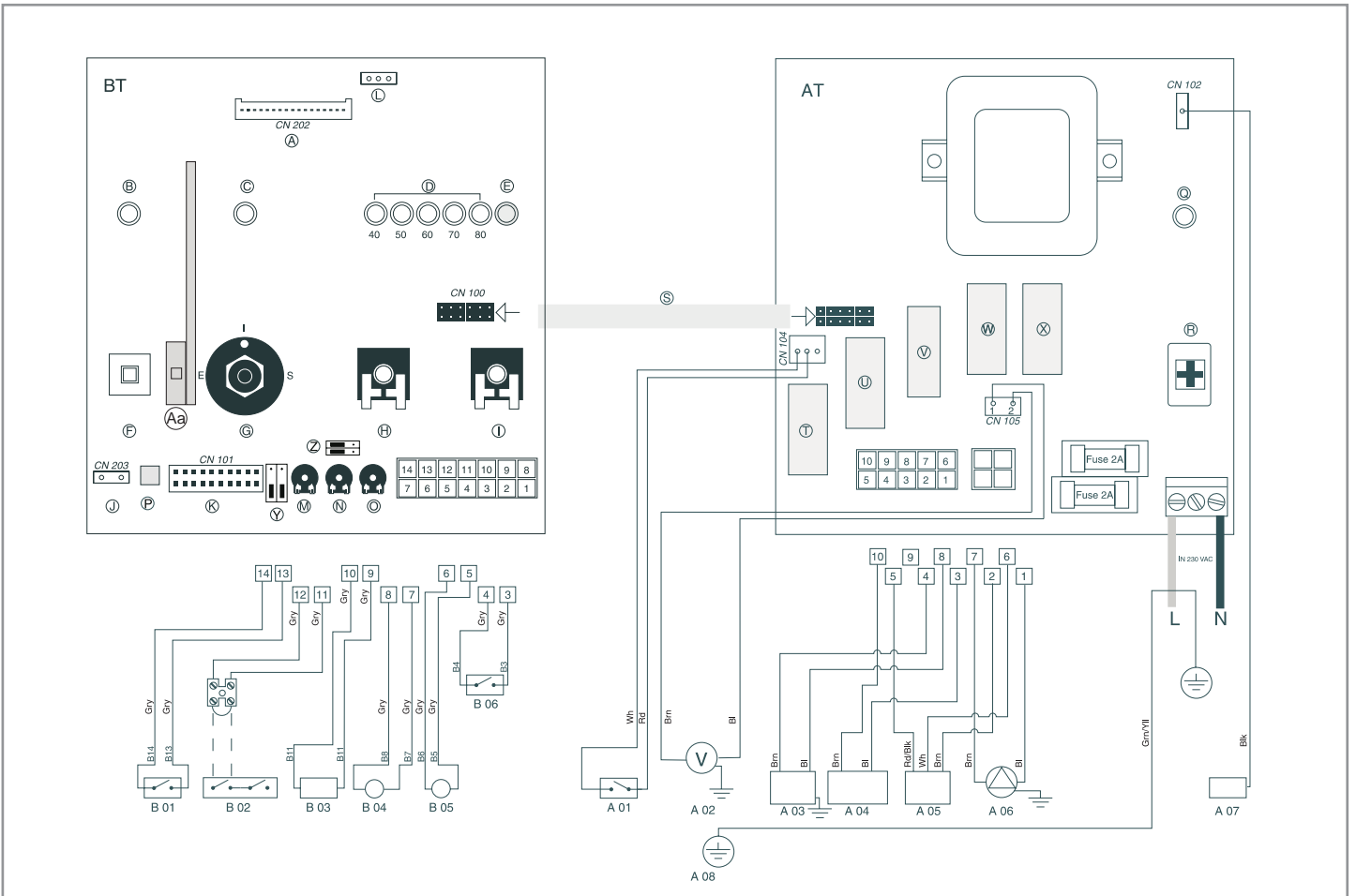
Gry = Grey  
Rd = Red  
Bl = Blue  
Grn/Yll = Yellow/Green  
Wh = White  
Brn = Brown  
Blk = Black  
Wh/Rd = White/Red



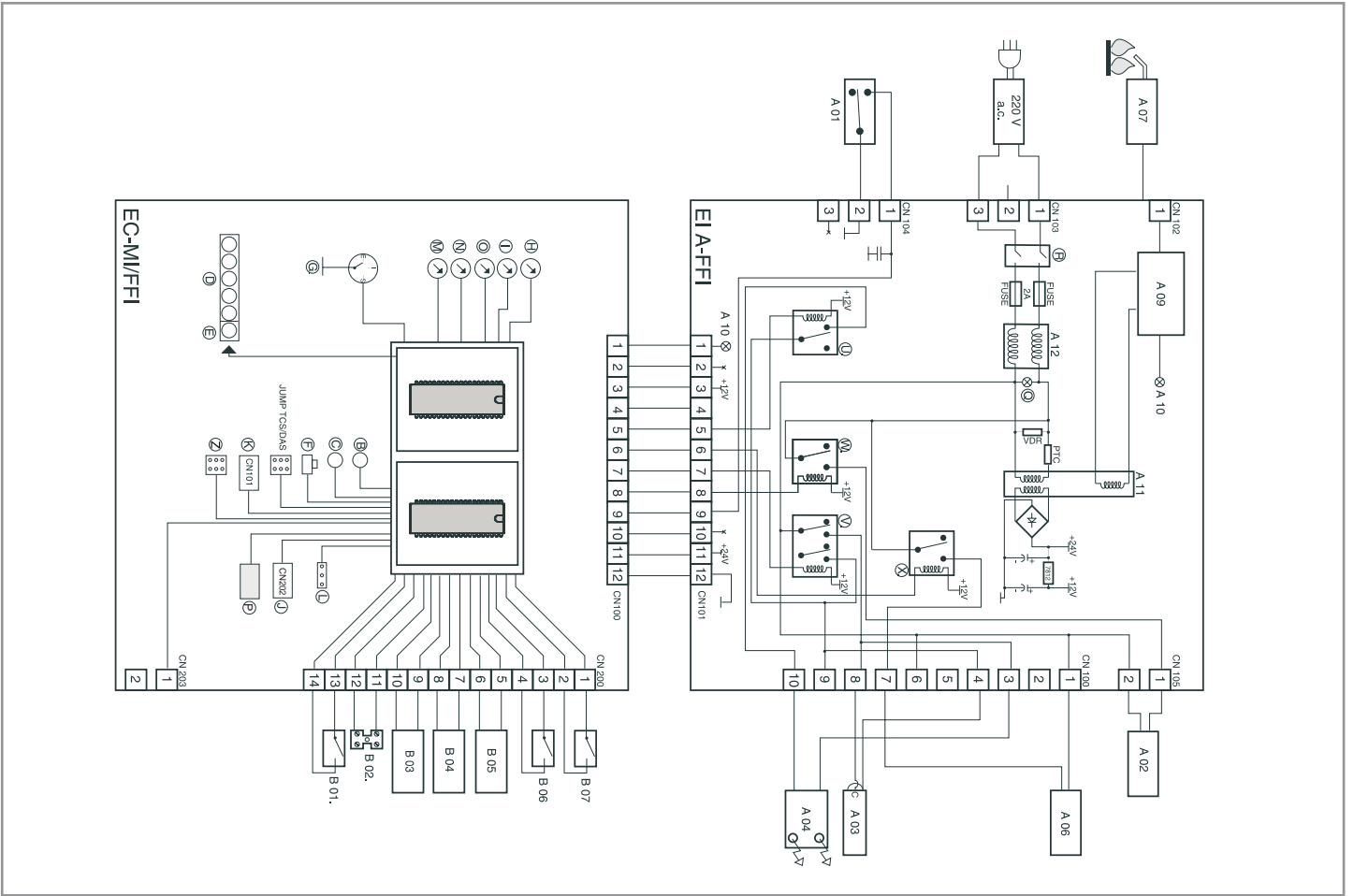
# GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI



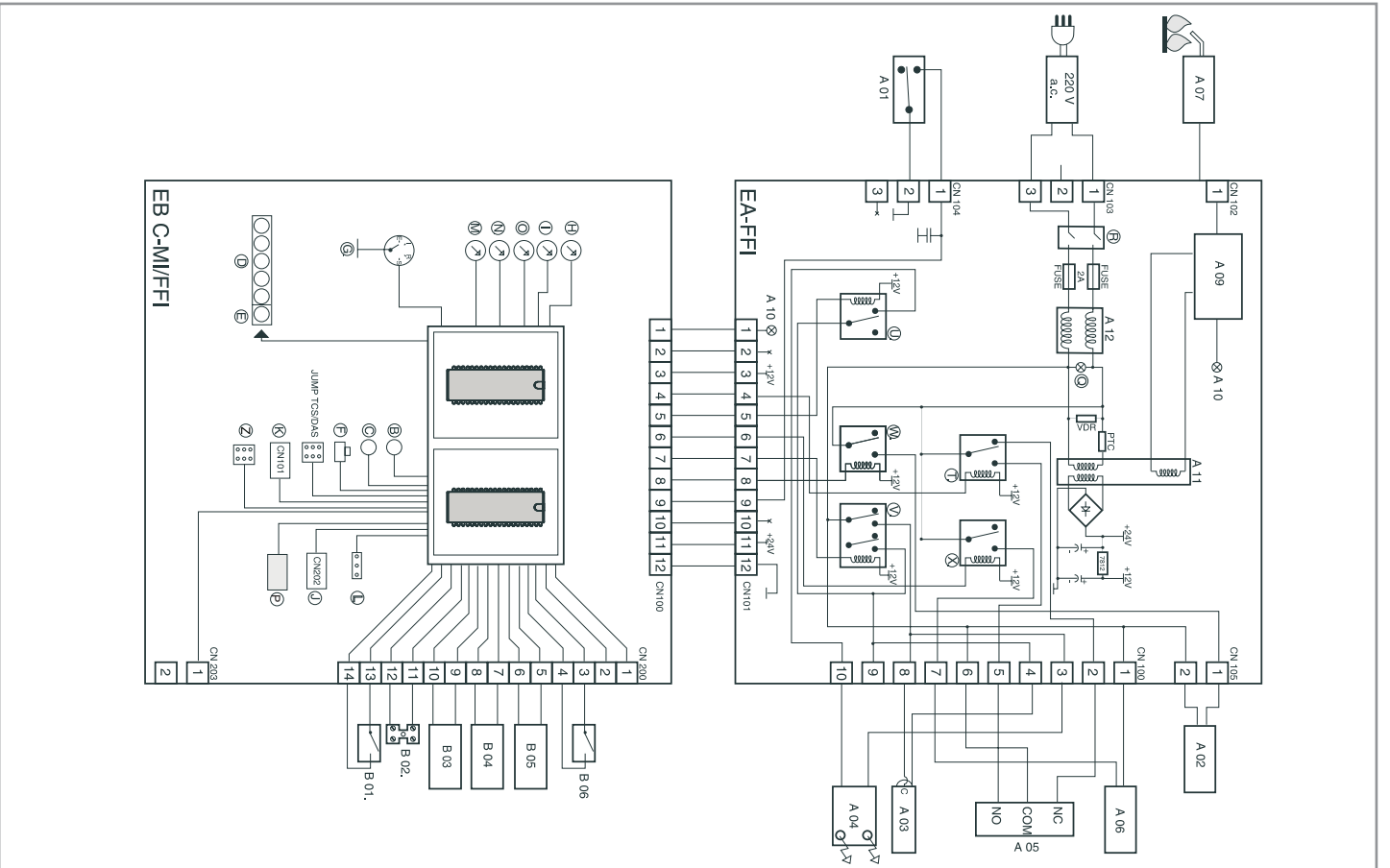
# GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM



# GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI

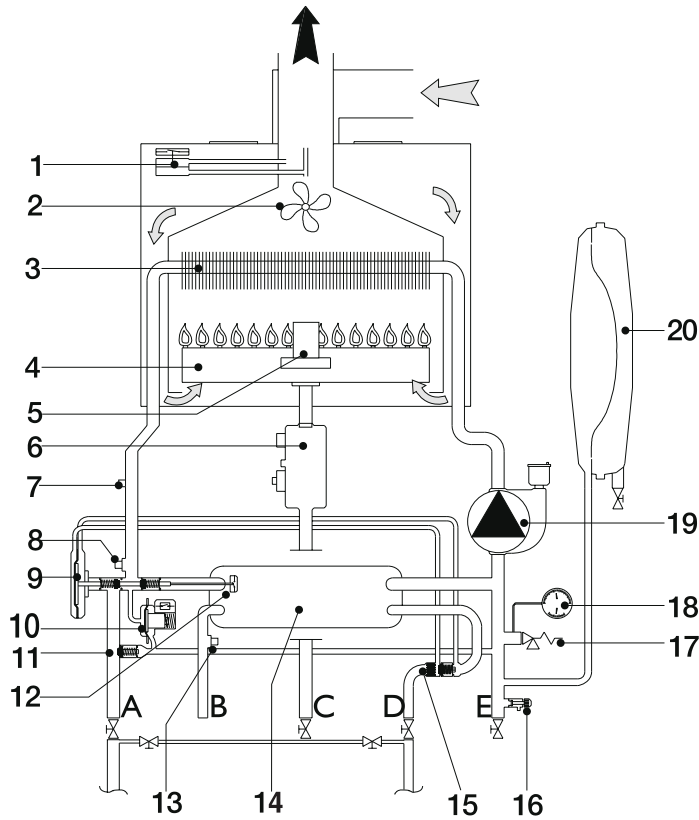


# GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM

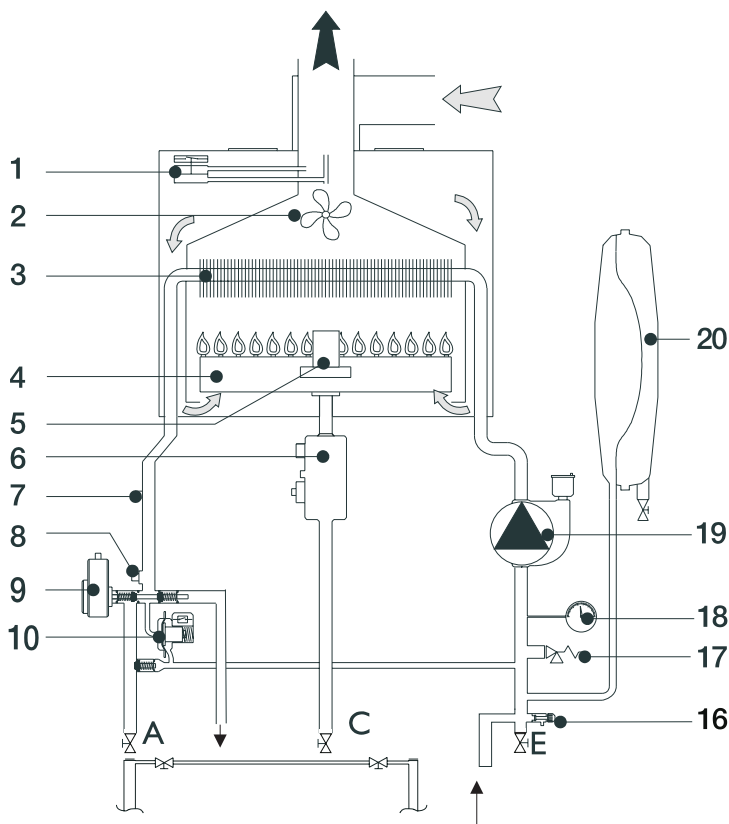


## 2.12 Water Circuit Diagram

### GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI



### GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM



### Legend

1. Air Pressure Switch
2. Fan
3. Main Heat Exchanger
4. Burner
5. Electronic Ignitor and Electronic Flame Detector
6. Gas Valve
7. Overheat Thermostat
8. Heating Sensor
9. Diverter Valve (MFFI) Motorised Valve (RFFI)
10. Main Flow Switch Including Safety Pressure Switch for Primary Circuit
11. Automatic By-pass
12. Microswitch for Diverter Valve
13. Sensor for Domestic Hot Water
14. Secondary Heat Exchanger
15. Domestic Water Inlet Filter
16. Drain Valve
17. Safety Valve
18. Water Pressure Gauge
19. Circulation Pump with Automatic Air Valve
20. Expansion Vessel

- A. Central Heating Flow
- B. Domestic Hot Water Outlet
- C. Gas Inlet
- D. Domestic Cold Water Inlet
- E. Central Heating Return
- F. Cylinder Flow
- G. Cylinder Return

### 3. COMMISSIONING

#### 3.1 Initial Preparation

Preliminary electrical system checks to ensure electrical safety must be carried out by a competent person i.e. polarity, earth continuity, resistance to earth and short circuit.

##### *Filling the Heating System:*

Remove the panels of the case and lower the control panel (see point 3.2. for further information).

Open the central heating flow and return cocks supplied with the connection kit.

Unscrew the cap on the automatic air release valve one full turn and leave open permanently.

Close all air release valves on the central heating system.

Gradually open valve(s) at the filling point (filling-loop) connection to the central heating system until water is heard to flow, do not open fully.

Open each air release tap starting with the lower point and close it only when clear water, free of air, is visible.

Purge the air from the pump by unscrewing anticlockwise the pump plug and also manually rotate the pump shaft in the direction indicated by the pump label to ensure the pump is free.

Close the pump plug.

Continue filling the system until at least 1 bar registers on the pressure gauge.

Inspect the system for water soundness and remedy any leaks discovered.

##### *Filling of the D.H.W. System:*

Close all hot water draw-off taps.

Open the cold water inlet cock supplied with the connection kit.

Open slowly each draw-off tap and close it only when clear water, free of bubbles, is visible

##### *Gas Supply:*

Inspect the entire installation including the gas meter, test for soundness and purge, all as described in BS 6891:1988.

Open the gas cock (supplied with the connection kit) to the appliance and check the gas connector on the appliance for leaks.

When the installation and filling are completed turn on the central heating system (sect. 3.4) and run it until the temperature has reached the boiler operating temperature. The system must then be immediately flushed through. The flushing procedure must be in line with BS 7593:1992 Code of practice for treatment of water in domestic hot water central heating systems.

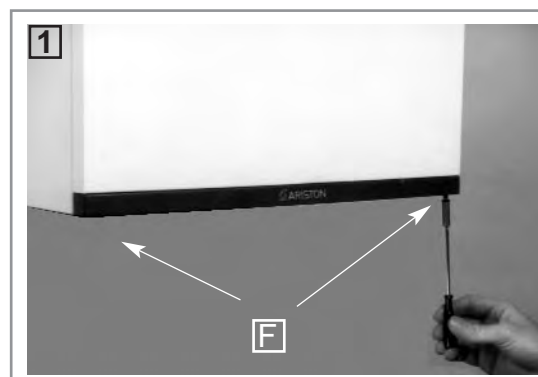
During this operation, we highly recommend the use of a central heating flushing detergent (Fernox Superfloc or equivalent), whose function is to dissolve any foreign matter that may be in the system.

**Substances different from these could create serious problems to the pump or other components.**

The use of an inhibitor in system such as Fernox MB-1 or equivalent is strongly recommended to prevent corrosion (sludge) damaging the boiler and system.

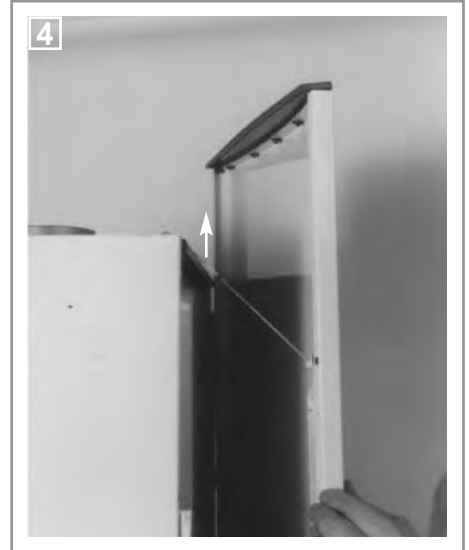
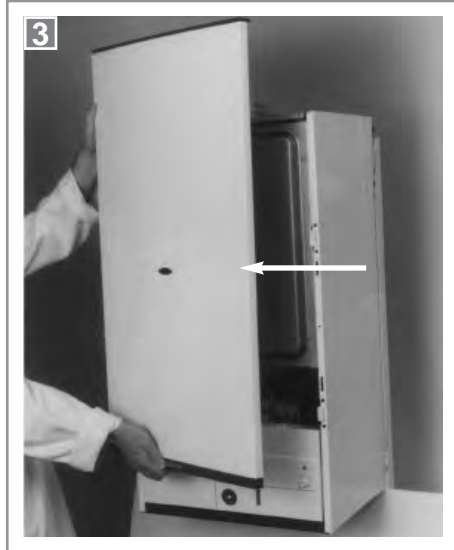
**Failure to carry out this procedure may invalidate the appliance warranty.**

#### 3.2 Removing the Casing



To dismantle the front part of the casing, proceed as follows:

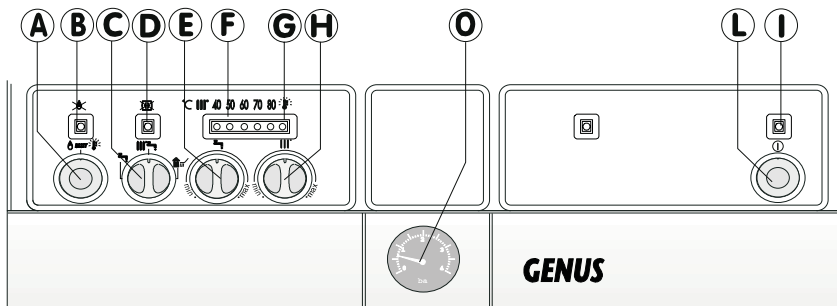
1. Loosen the two screws "F" located on the bottom part of the boiler until the first thread on the screws appears;



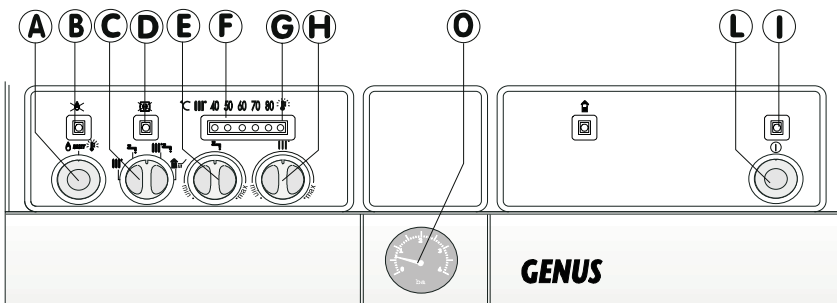
2. Lift the front panel up until it stops after the click;
3. Remove the front panel from the rest of boiler casing;
4. Unhook the two cords from the location slots.

### 3.3 Control Panel

#### GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI



#### GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM



- A - Ignition Lockout Reset Button/Safety (Overheat)Thermostat Reset
- B - Ignition Lockout L.E.D.
- C - Selector Knob for Summer/Winter/Flue Analysis Modes\*
- D - Low System Water Level L.E.D.
- E - Temperature Adjustment Knob for Domestic Hot Water
- F - Heating System Thermometer
- G - Safety (Overheat)Thermostat Intervention L.E.D.
- H - Adjustment Knob for Heating Temperature
- I - On/Off L.E.D.
- L - On/Off Switch
- O - System Pressure Gauge

\* Warning the flue analysis mode must only be selected by a qualified service engineer.

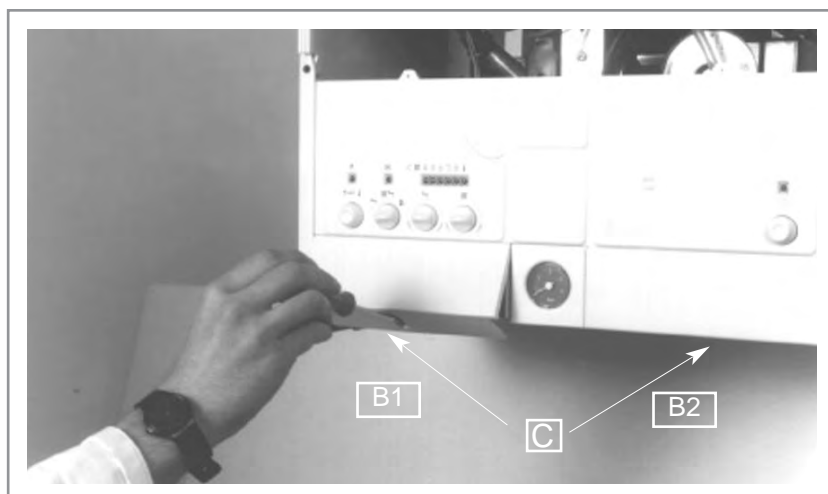
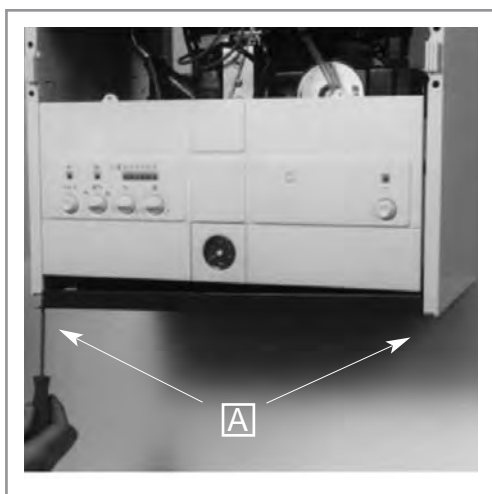
### 3.4 Initial Start-up

**The checks to be run before initial start-up are as follows:**

1. Make sure that:
  - the screw on the automatic air valve has been loosened when the system is full;
  - If the water pressure in the system is below 1 bar, bring it up to the appropriate level;
  - Check to see whether the gas cock is closed;
  - Make sure that the electrical connection has been made properly and that the earth wire is connected to an efficient earthing system;
  - Supply power to the boiler by pressing the On/Off switch <L> - the L.E.D. "I" will turn on - turn the selector knob "C" to the <winter> setting. This will start the circulation pump. After 7 seconds, the boiler will signal a shut-down due to failure ignition. Leave the boiler as it is until all of the air has been bled from the lines.
  - Loosen the cap on the head of the pump to eliminate any air pockets;
  - Repeat the procedure for bleeding the radiators of air;
  - Open the taps for a brief period;
  - Check the system pressure and, if it has dropped, open the filling loop again to bring the pressure back up to 1 bar.
2. Check the exhaust flue for the fumes produced by combustion.
3. Make sure that all gate valves are open;
4. Turn on the gas cock and check the seals on the connections, including the one for the burner, making sure that the meter does not signal the passage of gas. Check the connections with a soap solution and eliminate any leaks.
5. Press the reset button "A" for the lighting system; the spark will light the main burner. If the burner does not light the first time, repeat the procedure.
6. Check the minimum and maximum pressure values for the gas going to the burner; adjust it if needed using the values indicated in the table in section 4.  
(See sect of the servicing manual).

### 3.5 Operational Adjustments

The boiler was designed to make regulation easy. To access the adjustment and control area, simply remove the cover by unscrewing the screws "A" and "C" and lift up the small service panels "B1" and "B2" respectively. The first provides access to the control (low voltage) P.C.B., while the second makes it possible to work on the power supply P.C.B.



The service panel "B2" also provides access to:

- the power supply cord connector;
- the fuses;
- the selector knob for continuous operation of the circulation pump.

The service panel "B1" also provides access to:

- the potentiometer for regulating the ignition delay (anti-cycling) feature, which can be set from 0 to 2 minutes (factory set at 1 minute);

- the potentiometer for regulating the soft-light feature, the setting for which can range from the minimum thermal power to the maximum:

G20	5 mbar
G25	18 mbar
G30-31	19 mbar

- the potentiometer for the maximum thermal power for the heating system, maximum thermal power setting (factory set at the maximum value, unless indicated otherwise on the adhesive sticker located in proximity to the potentiometer);
- The connection to the diagnosis device (TCS-TCS2).

### 3.6 **Combustion Analysis**

The boiler is designed to make it easy to analyse the combustion by-products.



Using the especially designed apertures, readings can be taken on the temperature of the combustion by-products and of the combustion air, as well as of the concentrations of O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub>, etc.

The best maximum-power test conditions for the heating system are when the selector "C" is turned to the flue analysis setting.

### 3.7 **Fume Discharge Monitoring**

The discharge/ventilation of the exhaust fumes can be monitored to check for losses in general pressure in the system. This is done to eliminate the cause of lighting failure with the main burner not indicated by a shutdown status.

With a differential manometer connected to the test socket on the combustion chamber, the DP value for the air pressure switch can be taken. The measured value should not be less than 10 mbar under maximum thermal power conditions (with the knob "C" on the flue test setting) in order for the unit to function properly and without interruption.



### **3.8 Boiler Safety Systems**

The boiler is equipped with the following safety systems (see section 3.3 for references):

#### *1. - Ignition Failure*

This control signals an ignition failure on the burner 7 seconds after a lighting failure. The L.E.D. "B" will turn on to signal the shutdown status.

The system can be reset by pressing and releasing the button "A" after checking to make sure that the gas valve is open. Repeat this process until the burner lights.

#### *2. - Circulation Failure*

This control signals that the safety pressure switch on the primary circuit has not sensed a pressure of at least 1 bar within 40 seconds of the activation of the circulation pump, it shuts off the boiler and lights the L.E.D. "D". The system can be reset (after the pressure has been brought up to the proper level) by using the On/Off switch "L".

#### *3. - Overheating*

This control shuts off the boiler in the case where the primary circuit reaches a temperature in excess of 110°C. The L.E.D. "G" will come on to signal this shut-off status. After the system has been allowed to cool, the system can be reset by pressing the button "A".

#### *4. - Limescale Build-up*

This is an indirect control (actuated through the regulation of the temperature in the primary heat exchanger) on the formation of limescale in the secondary heat exchanger. Regardless of the flow rate and the temperature in the circuit for the domestic hot water, the temperature is limited to 62°C.

#### *5. - Anti-frost Device*

The boiler is equipped with a device that automatically lights the main burner when the temperature in the delivery line to the system drops below 5°C. The boiler will continue to operate until the temperature in question reaches about 58°C.

This device is activated on a properly operating boiler if:

- the system pressure is between the acceptable values;
- the power supply to the unit is on;
- the unit is supplied with gas.

This feature is enabled also when the boiler is in summer operating mode.

#### *6. - Safety Shut-off*

At the start of every lighting phase, the P.C.B. performs a series of internal controls. If a malfunction occurs, the boiler will shutdown until the problem has been resolved.

### **3.9 Draining the System**

#### *Draining the heating system.*

The heating system must be emptied as follows:

- Turn off the boiler;
- Open the drain valve for the system and place a container below to catch the water that comes out;
- Empty the system at the lowest points (where present). If you plan on not using the heating system for an extended period of time, it is recommended that you add antifreeze with an ethylene glycol base to the water in the heating lines and radiators if the ambient temperature drops below 0°C during the winter.

This makes repeated draining of the entire system unnecessary.

#### *Draining the domestic hot water system.*

Whenever there is the danger of the temperature dropping below the freezing point, the domestic hot water system must be drained as follows:

- Turn off the general water valve for the household plumbing system;
- Turn on all the hot and cold water taps;
- Empty the remaining water from the lowest points in the system (where present).



## 4. GAS ADJUSTMENTS

CATEGORY II2H3+		Methane Gas G20	Liquid Butane Gas G30	Liquid Propane Gas G31
Lower Wobbe Index (15°C;1013mbar)	MJ/m <sup>3</sup> h	45.67	80.58	70.69
Nominal Delivery Pressure	mbar	20	30	37
Minimum Delivery Pressure	mbar	17	20	25
<b>23 MFFI</b>				
Main Burner: n. 13 jets (∅)	mm	1.25	0.72	0.72
Consumption (15°C; 1013mbar)	mc/h	2.72	----	----
Consumption (15°C; 1013mbar)	Kg/h	----	2.02	2.02
Gas Cock Outlet Pressure max - min	mbar	11.4- 2.0	27.5 (*) - 5.0	35.0 (*) - 7.0
<b>27 MFFI - 27 RFFI System</b>				
Main Burner: n. 15 jets (∅)		1.25	0.72	0.72
Consumption (15°C; 1013mbar)	mc/h	3.16	----	----
Consumption (15°C; 1013mbar)	Kg/h	----	2.35	2.32
Gas Cock Outlet Pressure: max - min	mbar	11.4-2.0	(*) - 5.0	(*) - 7.0
<b>30 MFFI</b>				
Main Burner: n. 15 jets (∅)		1.30	0.77	0.77
Consumption (15°C; 1013mbar)	mc/h	3.49	----	----
Consumption (15°C; 1013mbar)	Kg/h	----	2.60	2.57
Gas Cock Outlet Pressure: max - min	mbar	11.4-1.4	(*) - 4.1	(*) - 5.6

(1mbar = 10,197column of water)

The outlet pressure of the gas cock is obtained by completely loosening the screw on the solenoid. The maximum pressure of the gas to the burner will be equal to the nominal delivery pressure minus the head loss within the gas valve.

### 4.1 Changing the Type of Gas

**The boiler can be converted to use either methane (natural) gas (G20) or LPG (G30 - G31) by an Authorised Service Centre.**

The operations that must be performed are the following:

1. Replace the jets on the main burner (see table in section 4);
2. Adjust the maximum and minimum thermal capacity values for the boiler (see table in section 4);
3. Replace the gas rating plate;
4. Adjust the maximum thermal power setting;

CATEGORY II2H3+	Methane Gas	Liquid Butane Gas	Liquid Propane Gas
	G20	G30	G31
Recommended Soft-light Pressure (mbar)	5-5.5	17 - 18	18 - 19

5. Adjust the soft-light feature;
6. Adjust the delayed lighting feature for the heating system (can be set from 0 to 2 mins.).

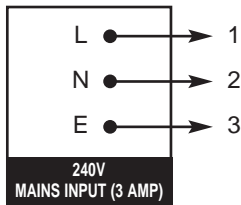
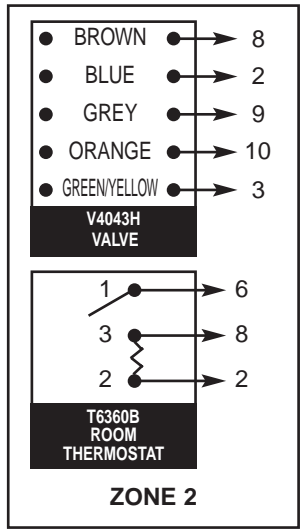
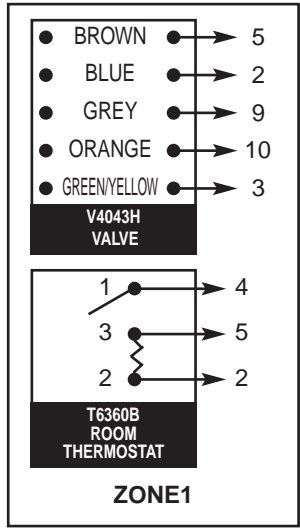
## **5. MAINTENANCE**

***It is recommended that the following checks be made on the boiler at least once a year:***

- 1 - Check the seals for the water connections; replacement of any faulty seals.
- 2 - Check the gas seals; replacement of any faulty gas seals.
- 3 - Visual check of the entire unit.
- 4 - Visual check of the combustion process or analysis of flue gas (see ref 3.6) and cleaning of the burners if needed.
- 5 - If called for by check no. 3, dismantling and cleaning of the combustion chamber.
- 6 - If called for by check no. 4, dismantling and cleaning of the injectors.
- 7 - Visual check of the primary heat exchanger:
  - check for overheating in the blade assembly;
  - clean the exhaust fan if needed.
- 8 - Adjustment of the flow rate of the gas: flow rate for lighting, partial load and full load.
- 9 - Check of the heating safety systems:
  - safety device for maximum temperature;
  - safety device for maximum pressure.
- 10 - Check of the gas safety systems:
  - safety device for lack of gas or flame ionisation (detection electrode);
  - safety device for gas cock.
- 11 - Check of the electrical connection (make sure it complies with the instructions in the manual).
- 12 - Check of domestic hot water production efficiency (delivery rate and temperature)
- 13 - Check of the general performance of the unit.
- 14 - General check of the discharge/ventilation of the combustion by-products.

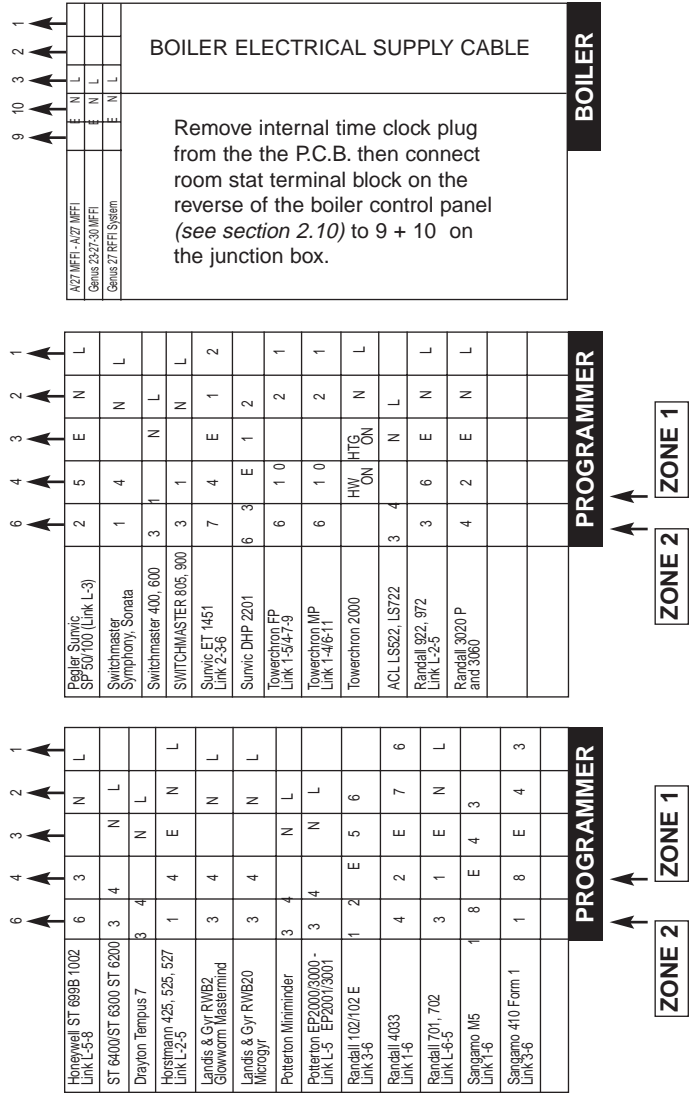
# 6. MISCELLANEOUS

## 6.1 Wiring Diagram for Two Heating Zones



TYPICAL JUNCTION BOX

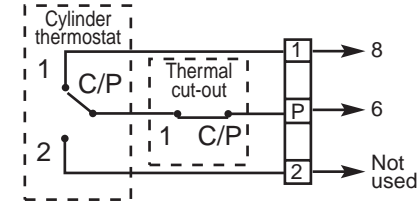
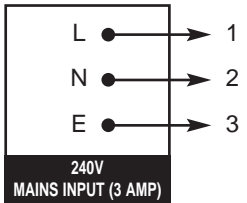
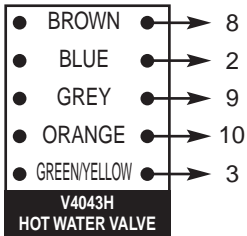
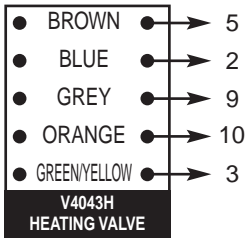
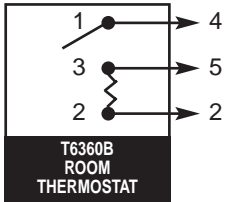
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10



If a room thermostat is not required on Zone 1, insert a link between 4 + 5 on the junction box.

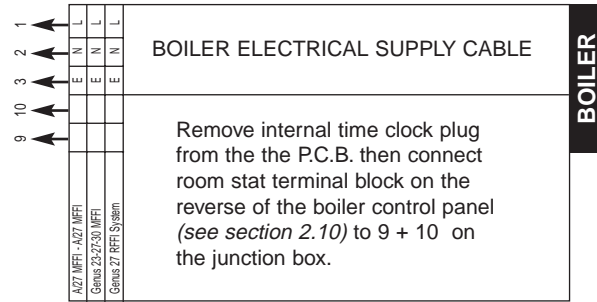
If a room thermostat is not required on Zone 2, insert a link between 6 + 8 on the junction box.

## 6.2 Wiring Diagram for Connection to Ariston Unvented Cylinder



TYPICAL JUNCTION BOX

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10



Pepler Survic SP50/100 (Link L-3)	2	5	E	N	L	1
Switchmaster Symphony, Sonata	1	4		N	L	2
Switchmaster 400, 600	3	1		N	L	3
SWITCHMASTER 805, 900	3	1		N	L	4
Survic ET 1451 Link 2-3-6	7	4	E	1	2	5
Survic DHP 2201	6	3	E	1	2	6
Towerchtron EP Link 1-3/4-7-9	6	10		2	1	7
Towerchtron MP Link 1-4/6-11	6	10		2	1	8
Towerchtron 2000			HW ON	HTG ON	N	9
ACL LS522, LS722	3	4		N	L	10
Randall 922, 972 Link L2-5	3	6	E	N	L	
Randall 3020 P and 3080	4	2	E	N	L	

Honeywell ST 698B 1002 Link L-5-8	6	3		N	L	1
ST 6400/ST 6300 ST 6200	3	4		N	L	2
Drayton Tempus 7	3	4		N	L	3
Hoisington 425, 525, 527 Link L-2-5	1	4	E	N	L	4
Landis & Gyr RWB2 Glowworm Mastermind	3	4		N	L	5
Landis & Gyr RWB20 Microgyr	3	4		N	L	6
Peteron Miniminder	3	4		N	L	7
Peteron EP2000/3000 - Link L-5 EP2001/3001	3	4		N	L	8
Randall 102/102 E Link 3-6	1	2	E	5	6	9
Randall 4033 Link 1-6	4	2	E	7	6	10
Randall 701, 702 Link L-6-5	3	1	E	N	L	
Sancamo M5 Link 1-6	1	8	E	4	3	
Sancamo 410 Form 1 Link 3-6	1	8	E	4	3	

Based on Honeywell controls



# **NOTES**

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Manufacturer: **Merloni TermoSanitari SpA - Italy**

Commercial subsidiary: **MTS (GB) LIMITED**

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# GENUS



## Servicing Instructions Type C Boilers

G.C.N:     **41-116-01**  
              **47-116-08**  
              **47-116-09**  
              **47-116-13**

**LEAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS  
ADJACENT TO THE GAS METER**



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# 1. **SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS**

To ensure efficient safe operation, it is recommended that the boiler is serviced annually by a competent person.

**Before starting any servicing work, ensure both the gas and electrical supplies to the boiler are isolated and the boiler is cool.**

Before and after servicing, a combustion analysis should be made via the flue sampling point (please refer to the Installation Manual for further details).

After servicing, preliminary electrical system checks must be carried out to ensure electrical safety (i.e. polarity, earth continuity, resistance to earth and short circuit).

## 1.1 **Replacement of Parts**

The life of individual components vary and they will need servicing or replacing as and when faults develop.

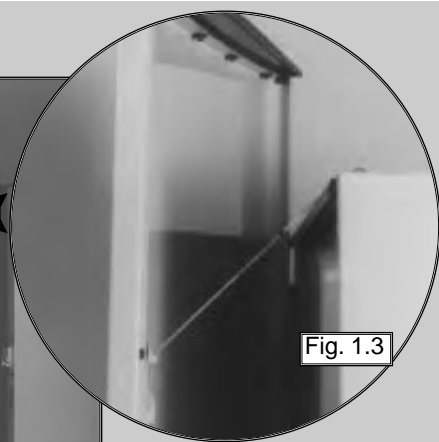
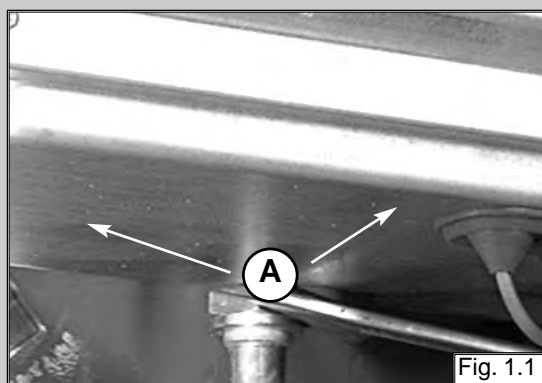
The fault finding sequence chart in chapter 2 will help to locate which component is the cause of any malfunction, and instructions for removal, inspection and replacement of the individual parts are given in the following pages.

## 1.2 **To Gain General Access**

All testing and maintenance operations on the boiler require the control panel to be lowered. This will also require the removal of the casing.

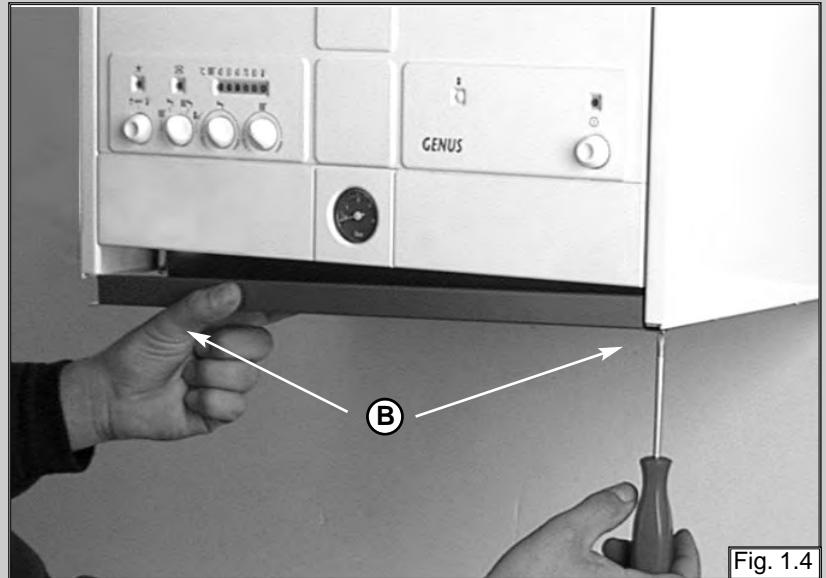
**To dismantle the front part of the casing, proceed as follows:**

1. Loosen the two screws "A" located on the bottom part of the boiler until the first thread on the screws appears (*Fig. 1.1*);
2. Lift the front panel up until it stops with a click and remove the front panel from the rest of the casing (*Fig. 1.2*);
4. Unhook the two cords from the locating slots (*Fig. 1.3*).



### Removing the bottom cover

1. Remove the screws "B"



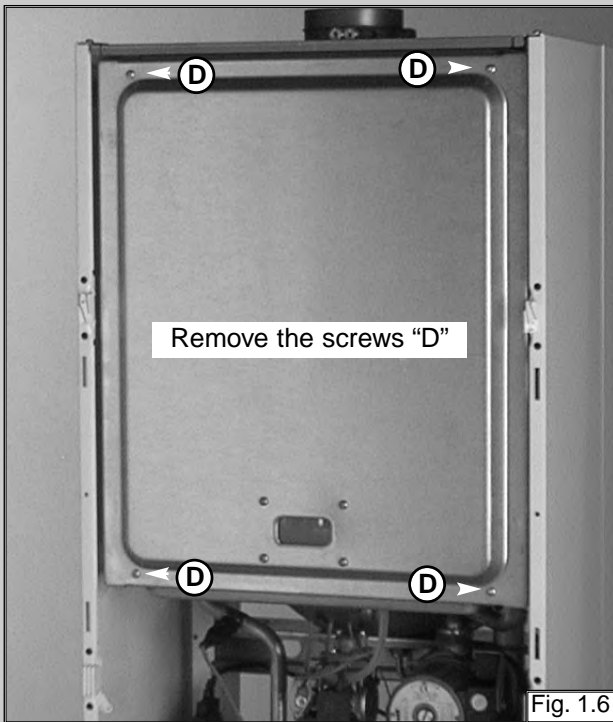
### Removing the side panels

1. Remove the screws "C";
2. Pull the panel away from the boiler, then lift the panel up and away from the boiler.

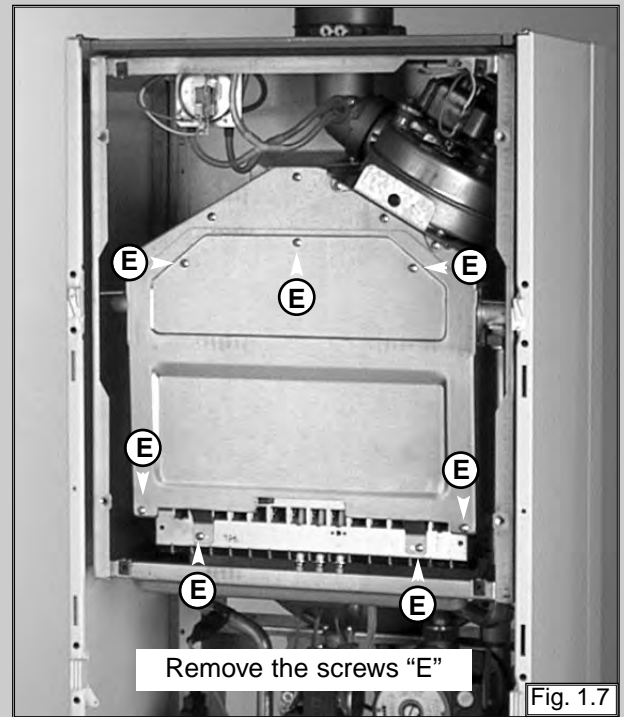


### 1.3 Access to the Combustion Chamber

Removing the sealed chamber frontal cover

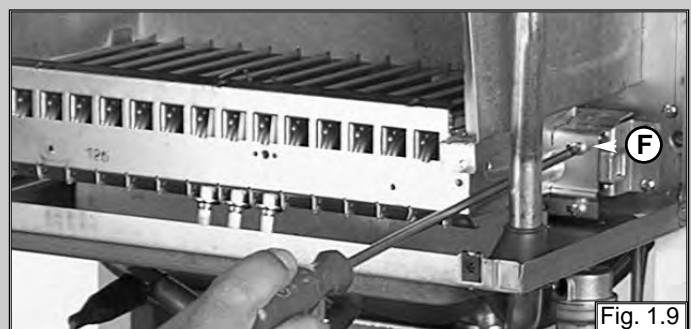
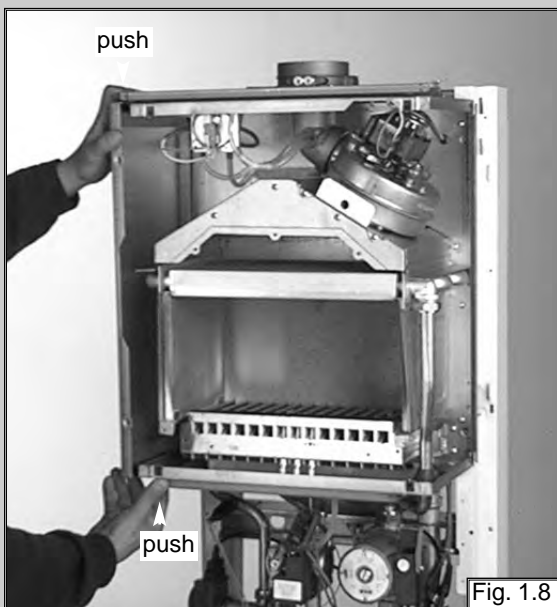


Removing the combustion cover



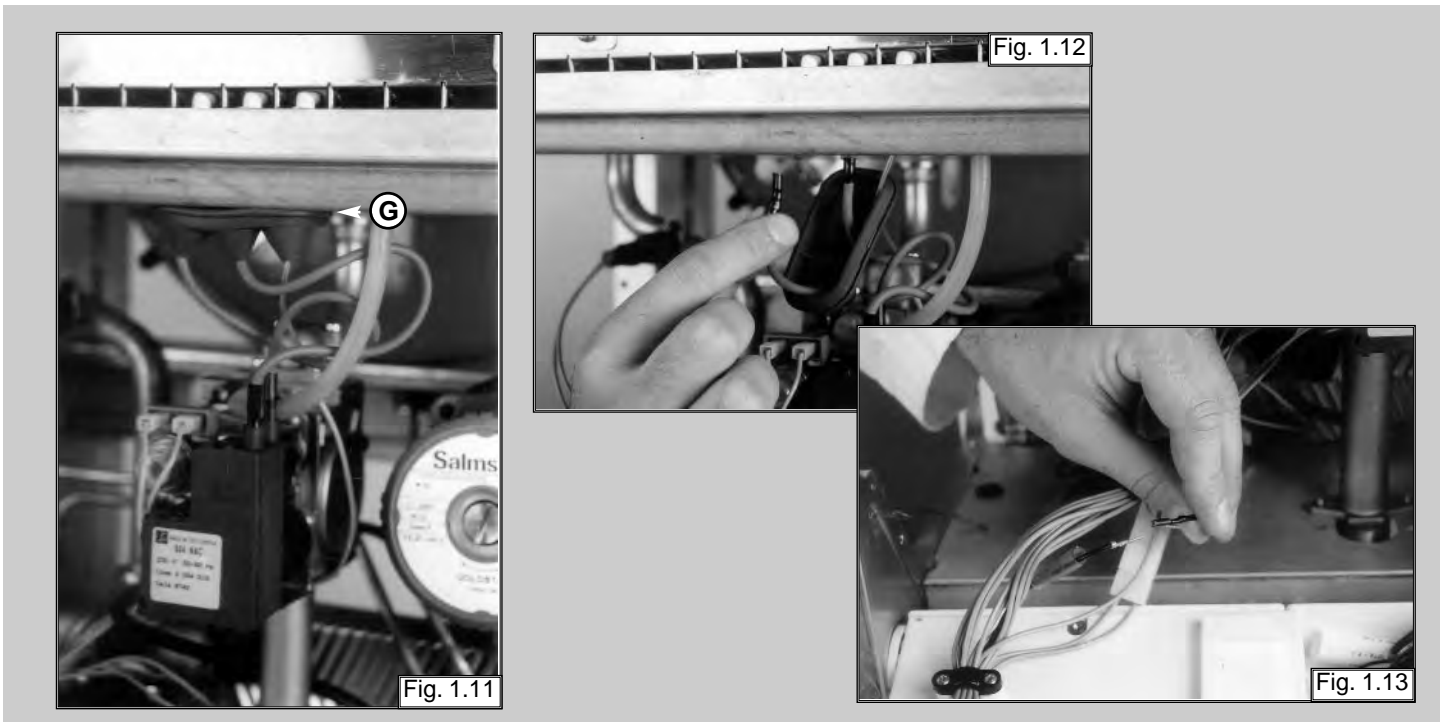
#### Removing the burner and the injectors

1. Remove the side panels of sealed chamber (fig. 1.8);
2. Remove the screws "F" of the burner (see fig. 1.9);
3. Remove the burner (see fig. 1.10);
4. Remove the injectors using a No. 7 socket spanner;
5. Replace in reverse order.

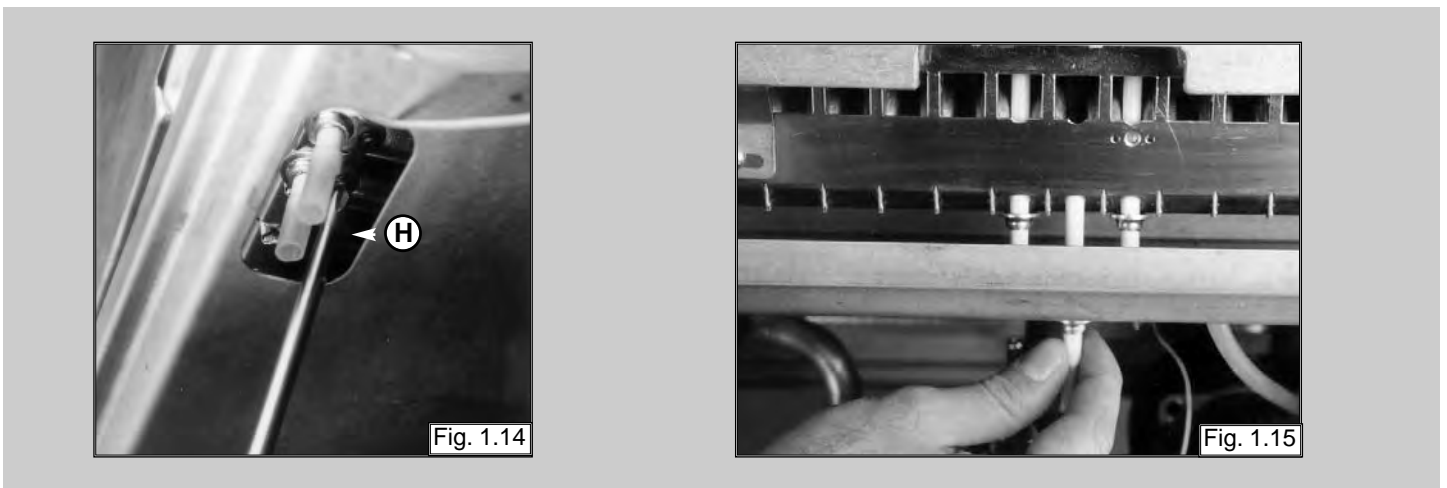


## Removing the electrodes

1. Remove rubber gasket "G" (see fig. 1.11);
2. Disconnect ignition leads by pulling downward (see fig. 1.12);
3. To remove the flame sensor disconnect the cable at its only connection point close to the P.C.B. (see fig. 1.13);



5. Remove screw "H" using a Philips No. 2 star tip screwdriver (see fig. 1.14);
6. Slide the electrode gently downward (see fig. 1.15).

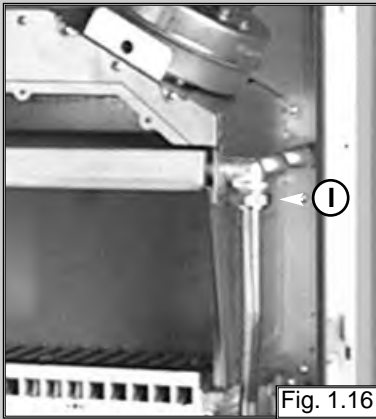


To replace, repeat the steps in reverse order, paying particular attention to the following:

- a - Centre the electrode in the positioning hole carefully, otherwise the electrode may break;
- b - Check that the cables have been connected correctly;
- c - Check that the rubber gasket covers the cable/electrode connection point completely.

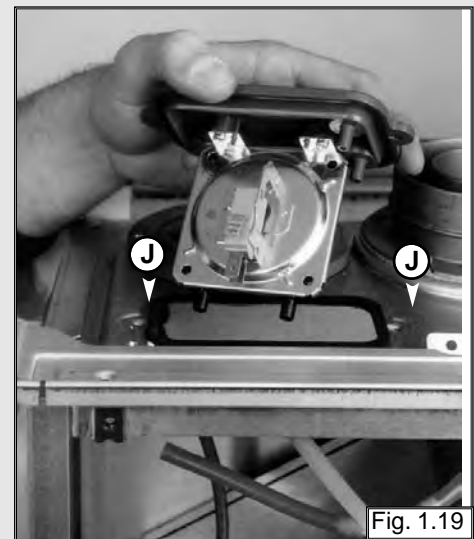
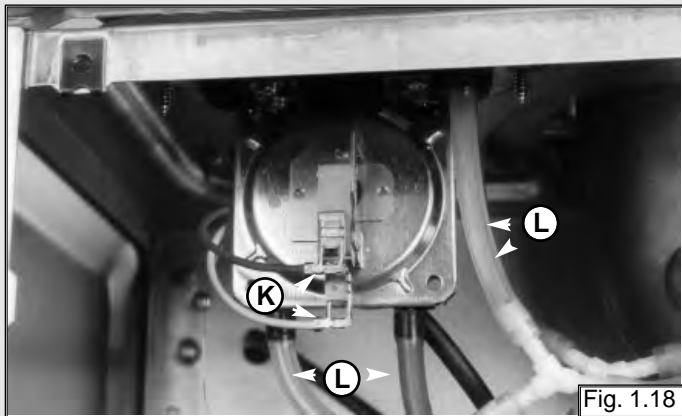
### Removing the main heat exchanger

1. Drain the boiler of water;
2. Release the two connection nuts "I" connecting the exchanger to the flow and return pipes (see fig. 1.16);
3. Pull it straight out (see fig. 1.17).



### Removing the air pressure switch

1. Disconnect the electrical connections "K" and silicone pipes "L" from their connection points (see fig. 1.18);
2. Remove screws "J" on the top of the sealed chamber (see fig. 1.19); Use a No. 2 star tip screwdriver to remove the switch from the plate.



### Removing the venturi device

1. Disconnect the silicone pipes "M" and remove the screw "N" (see fig. 1.20);
2. Extract the venturi (see fig. 1.21).

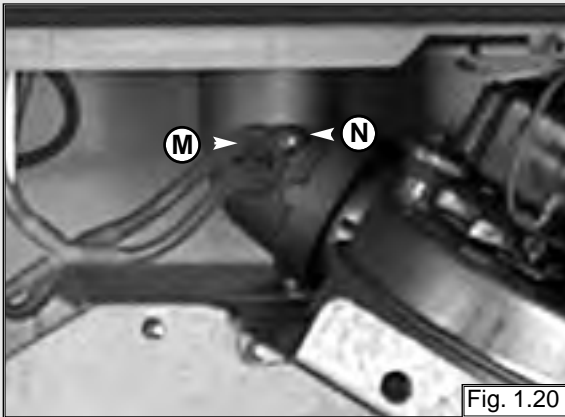


Fig. 1.20

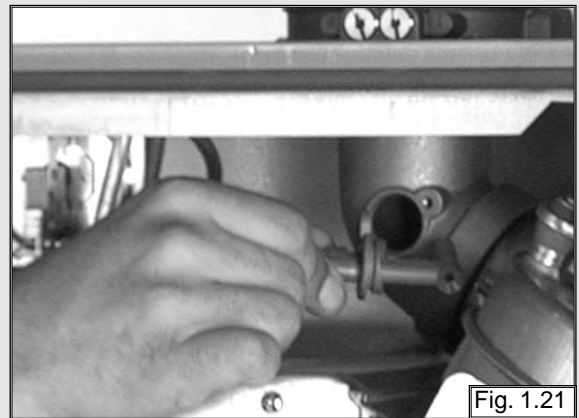


Fig. 1.21

### Removing the fan

1. Disconnect electrical connections and remove screws "O" using a No. 2 star tipped screwdriver (see fig. 1.22);
2. Pull fan to the right and forward and remove (see fig. 1.23);
3. Remove fan from mounting plate;
4. Remove screws "P" (see fig. 1.24).

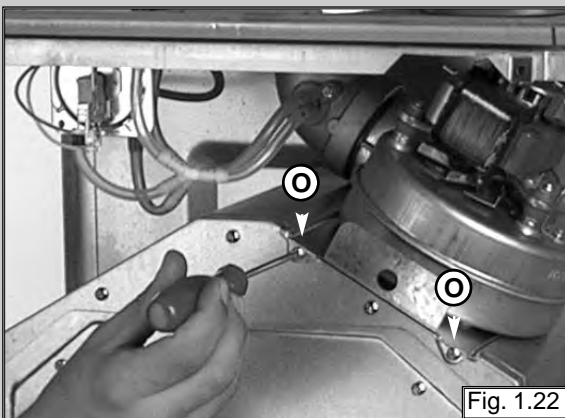


Fig. 1.22



Fig. 1.23

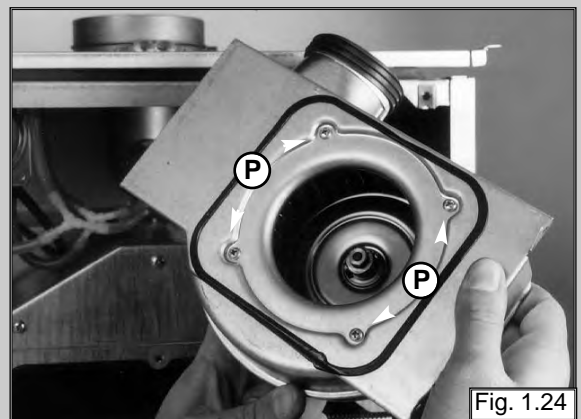
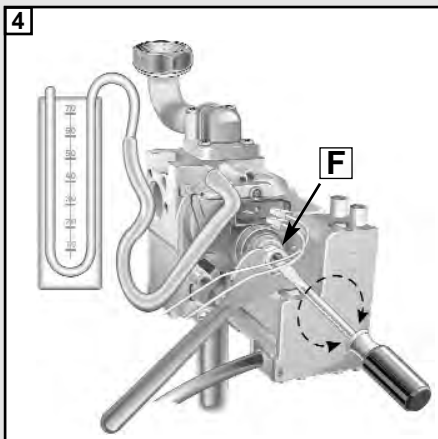
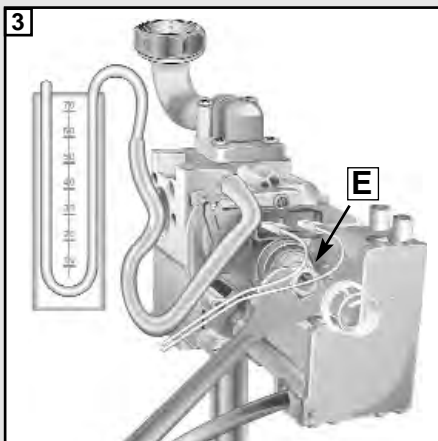
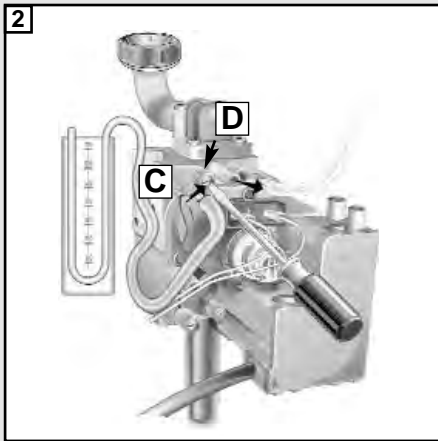
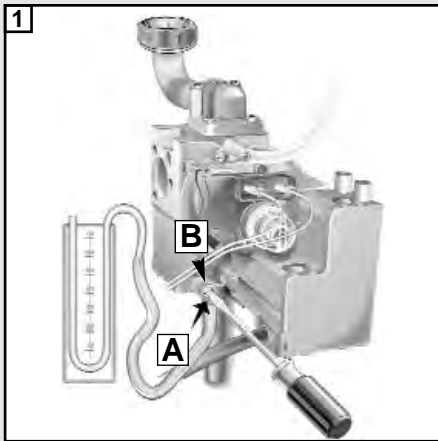


Fig. 1.24

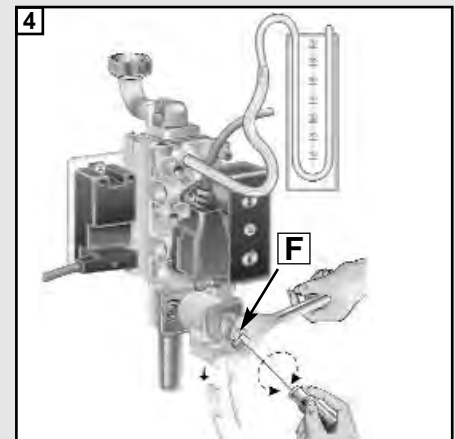
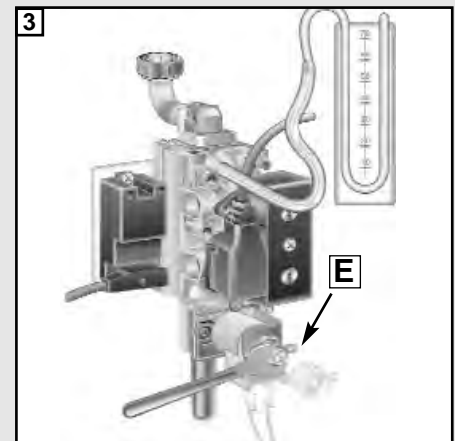
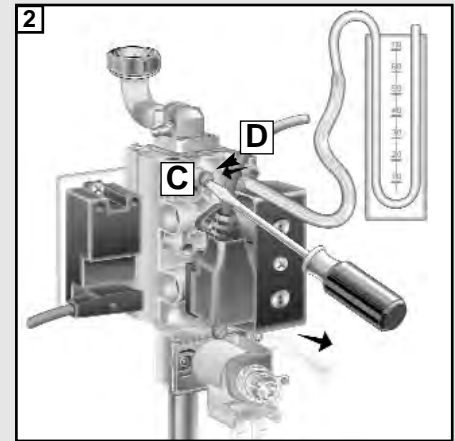
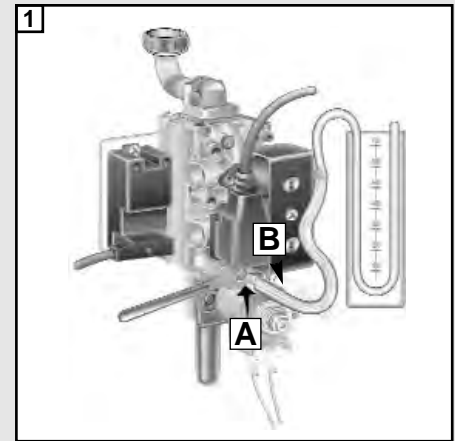


## 1.4 Servicing and Removal of the Gas Valve

### SIT SIGMA



### SIT TANDEM



## Setting gas pressures

### Setting the minimum and the maximum power of the boiler

1. Check that the supply pressure to the gas valve is a minimum of 20 mbar for natural gas.
2. To do this, remove the screw "A".  
Fit the pipe of the pressure gauge to the pressure connection of the gas valve "B".  
When you have completed this operation, replace the screw "A" securely into its housing to seal off the gas.
3. To check the pressure supplied by the gas valve to the burner, remove the screw "C". Fit the pipe of the pressure gauge to the pressure outlet of the gas valve "D".  
Disconnect the compensation pipe either from the gas valve or from the sealed chamber.
4. Set the On/Off button to position < ① > and the "summer/winter" switch to the winter position.  
To set the maximum power, turn on the hot water tap and allow the hot water tap to run at a rate of about 8 litres/minute so that the main burner lights.  
Adjust nut "E" on the modureg to set the gas pressure (displayed on the pressure gauge) corresponding to the maximum power (see table "A" page 11).
5. To set the minimum power, disconnect a supply terminal from the modureg and adjust screw "F".  
Turn the screw clockwise to increase the pressure and counter-clockwise to decrease the pressure (displayed on the pressure gauge) corresponding to the minimum power (see table "A" page 11).
6. When you have completed the above operations, turn off the hot water tap, re-connect the supply terminal to the modureg on the gas valve and replace the cap on the screw of the modureg.

### Setting the maximum heating circuit power

7. To set the maximum heating circuit power, place the On/Off button to position < ① > and the "summer/winter" switch to winter position.  
Turn the knob of the heating thermostat clockwise to maximum;
8. Remove the left hand inspection panel of the P.C.B. and fit a small cross-head screwdriver in to the right hand potentiometer. Turn clockwise to increase the pressure or counter-clockwise to reduce the pressure.  
Adjust the setting to the required heating pressure value (displayed on the pressure gauge), as indicated in the diagrams shown in page 11.
9. Turn off the boiler by placing the main switch to the "Off" position.

### Setting pressure for soft ignition.

Disconnect the detection electrode connection from the P.C.B. (see fig. 1.13).

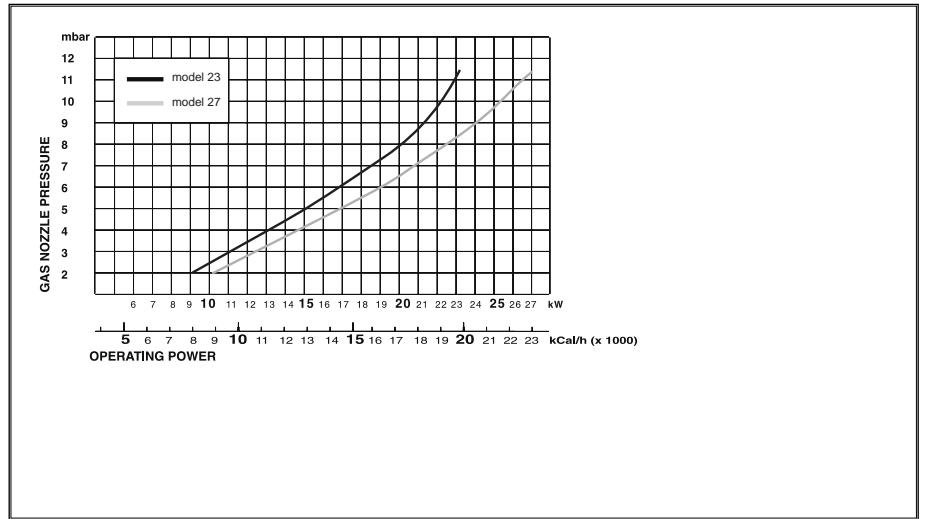
Start the boiler and during the ignition sequence adjust the centre potentiometer until the gas pressure reads the required gas pressure as per the table below.

Once the gas pressure is set turn off the boiler and reconnect the connection to the P.C.B.

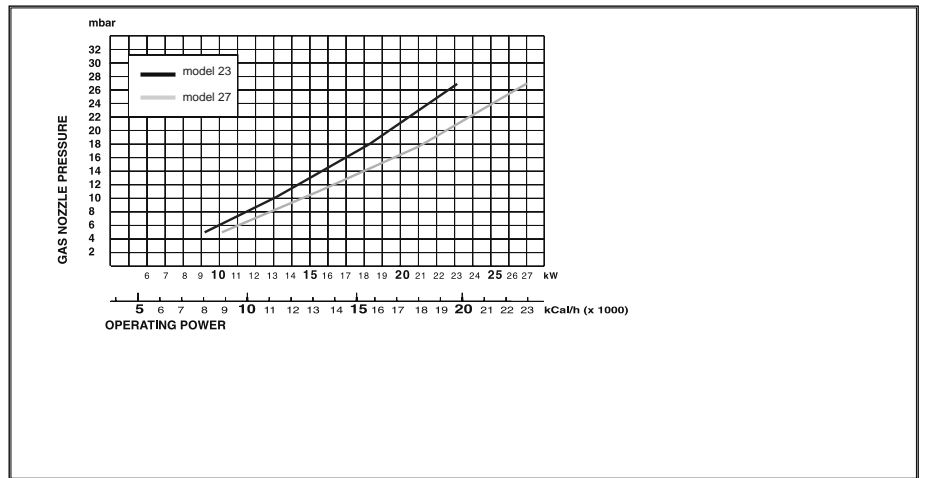
NB.: It may be necessary to reset the flame failure reset a number of times during this operation.

	NATURAL GAS (G20)	BUTANE GAS (G30)	PROPANE GAS (G31)
Recommended pressure for slow ignition	5 mbar - 1.95 in w.g.	18 mbar - 7.0 in w.g.	19 mbar - 7.4 in w.g.

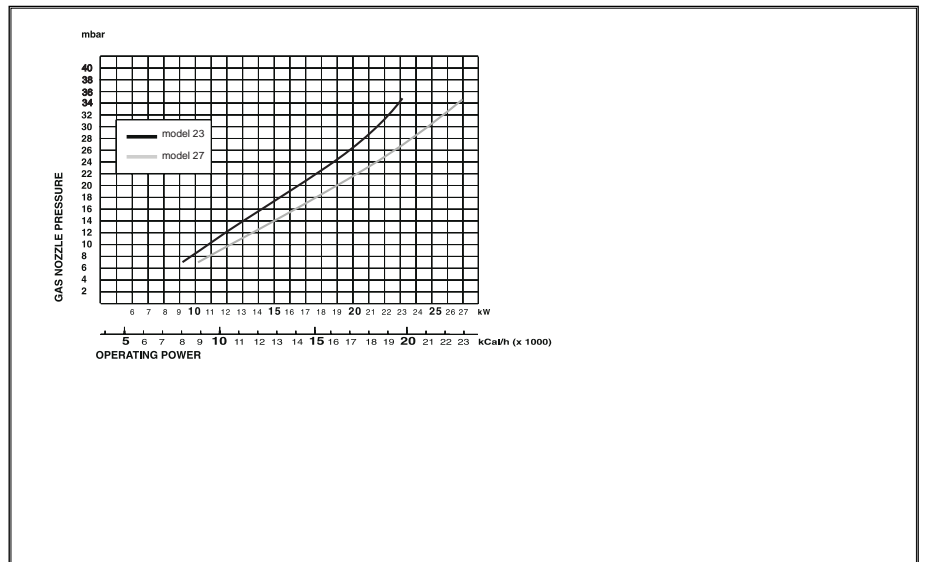
**Regulating the heating power for natural gas (G20)**



**Regulating the heating power for butane gas (G30)**

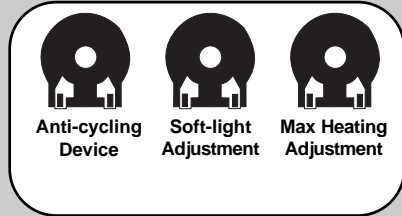
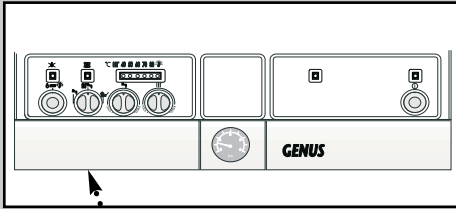


**Regulating the heating power for propane gas (G31)**



**TABLE "A"**

GAS REQUIREMENTS		NATURAL GAS (G20)		BUTANE GAS (G30)		PROPANE GAS (G31)	
Gas rate	max	3.0 m <sup>3</sup> /h	106.0 ft <sup>3</sup> /h	0.88 m <sup>3</sup> /h	31.1 ft <sup>3</sup> /h	1.15 m <sup>3</sup> /h	40.6 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
Gas rate	min	1.2 m <sup>3</sup> /h	42.3 ft <sup>3</sup> /h	0.35 m <sup>3</sup> /h	12.3 ft <sup>3</sup> /h	0.46 m <sup>3</sup> /h	16.2 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
Inlet pressure		20 mbar	7.8 in w.g.	28 mbar	10.9 in w.g.	37 mbar	14.4 in w.g.
Burner pressure	max	12.3 mbar	4.8 in w.g.	28 mbar	10.9 in w.g.	37 mbar	14.4 in w.g.
Burner pressure	min	2.0 mbar	0.8 in w.g.	5.1 mbar	2.0 in w.g.	7.0 mbar	2.7 in w.g.
Burner injectors	<b>GENUS 23 MFFI</b>	13 x 1.25		13 x 0.72		13 x 0.72	
	<b>GENUS 27 MFFI - 27 RFFI SYSTEM</b>	15 x 1.25		15 x 0.72		15 x 0.72	
	<b>GENUS 30 MFFI</b>	15 x 1.30		15 x 0.77		15 x 0.77	



10. Remove the pipe from the pressure gauge and connect screw “C” to the pressure outlet in order to seal off the gas.

11. Carefully check the pressure outlets for gas leaks (valve inlet and outlet).

**IMPORTANT!**

Whenever you disassemble and reassemble the gas connections, always check for leaks using a soap and water solution.

**Setting the anti-cycling device**

This appliance is equipped with a potentiometer which delays the ignition of the heating control and is situated on the P.C.B. (see the electrical diagrams). By adjusting the potentiometer, it is possible to change the time interval between the burner shutting down and its next ignition.

It is preset at 1 minute and can be adjusted from 0 to 2 minutes.

Use this control in particular situations where continuous shutting down and ignition of the main burner occurs.

**Removing the spark generator (SIT Sigma gas valve)**

1. Disconnect ignition leads “Q” by pulling upwards (see fig. 1.25);
2. Remove the screws “R” (see fig. 1.26) with a Pozidrive No. 2 star tip screwdriver;
3. Remove the spark generator.

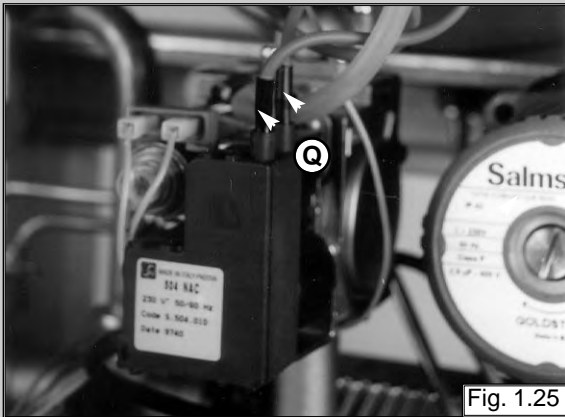


Fig. 1.25

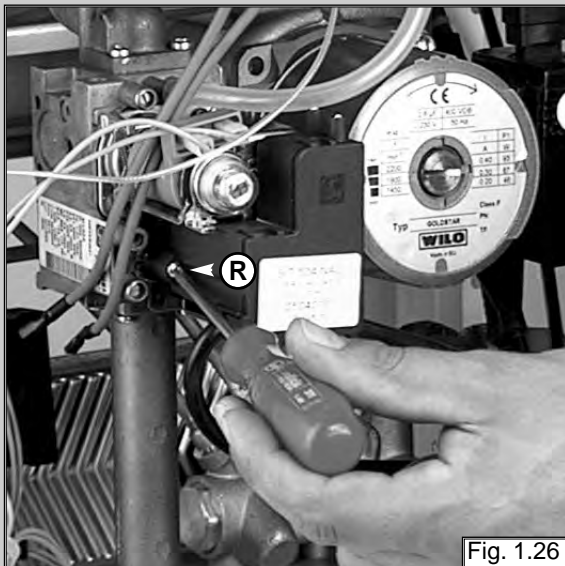


Fig. 1.26

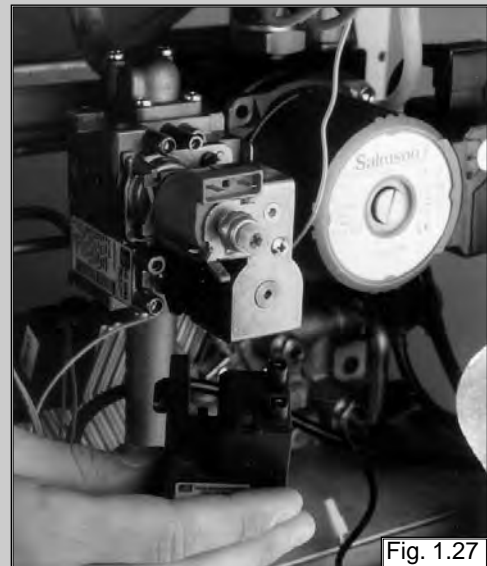


Fig. 1.27

### Removing the spark generator (SIT Tandem gas valve)

1. Disconnect ignition leads "Q1" by pulling upwards (see fig. 1.28);
2. Remove the screws "R1" (see fig. 1.29) with a Pozidrive No. 2 star tip screwdriver;
3. Remove the spark generator.

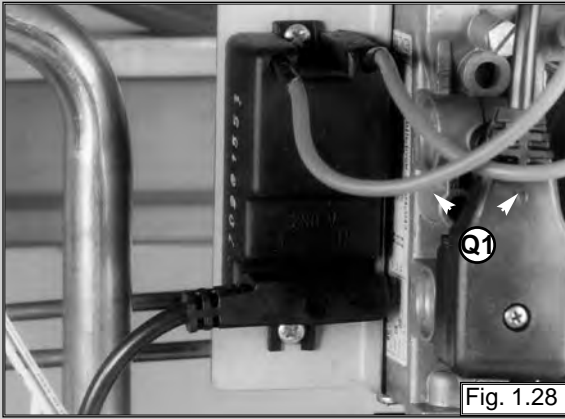


Fig. 1.28

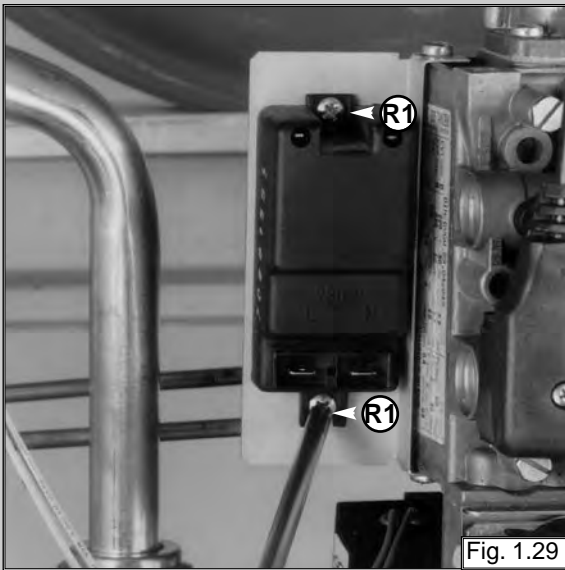


Fig. 1.29

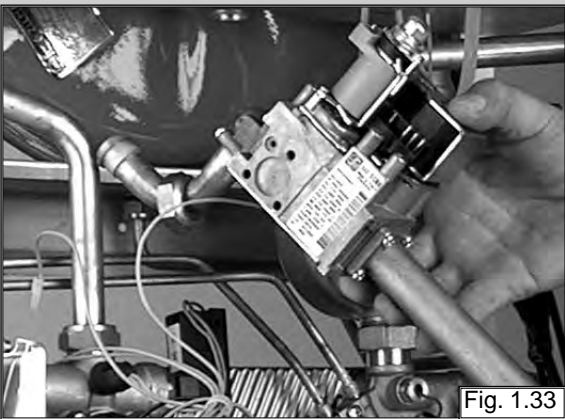
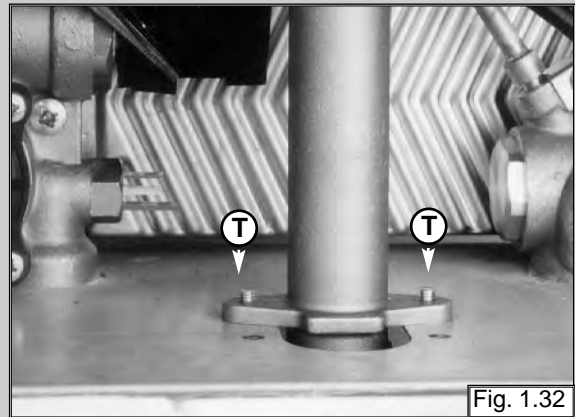
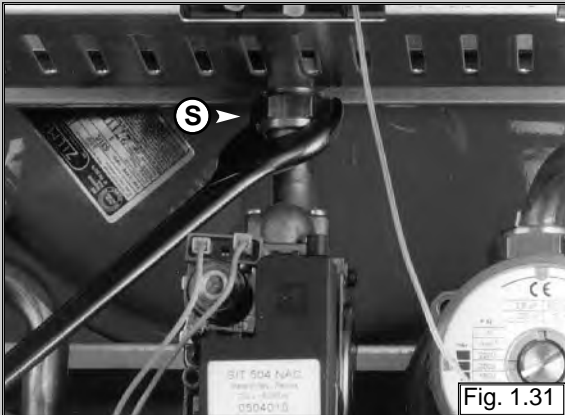


Fig. 1.30

### Removing the gas valve

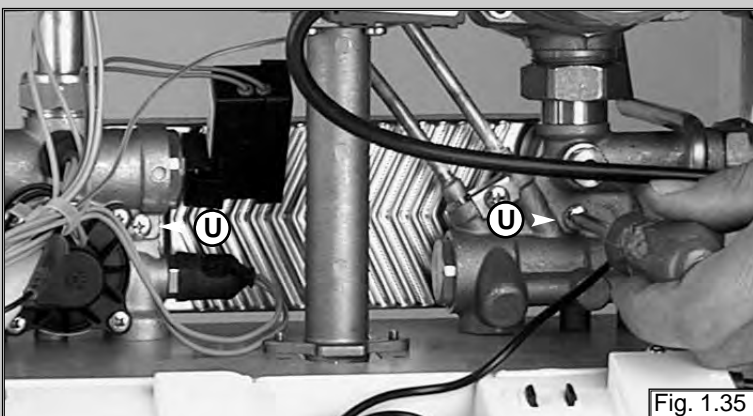
1. Disconnect all the cables from the solenoid and modureg;
2. Remove the spark generator;
3. Release the top nut "S" using a 30 mm open ended spanner (see fig. 1.31);
4. Remove the screws "T" from the bottom of the gas valve pipe (see fig. 1.32).

**Attention!!** The gas valve is connected with the two pipes (as shown) with an O-ring connection.



## 1.5 Access to Hydraulic Circuits

**Important!** Before any component is removed, the boiler must be drained of all water.



### Removing the D.H.W. (secondary) exchanger

1. Remove the screw "U" (see fig. 1.35);
2. Push the exchanger towards the rear of the boiler, lift upwards and remove out of the front of the boiler;
3. Before replacing the exchanger ensure that the O-rings are in good condition and replace if necessary.

### **Removing the safety valve**

1. Loosen nut "V" (see fig. 1.36);
2. Remove the valve.



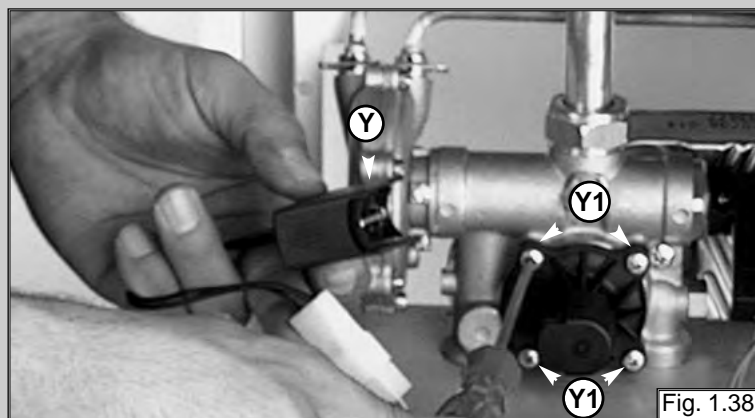
### **Removing the automatic air vent**

1. Unscrew valve "W" (see fig. 1.37).



### **Removing the main circuit flow switch**

1. Remove the cable of the main circuit flow switch "Y";
2. Remove the screws "Y1" (see fig. 1.38);
3. Remove the main circuit flow switch.



### Removing the pump

1. Unscrew "Z" and remove the electrical connection (see fig. 1.39);
2. Release the nuts "A1" and remove the pump (see fig. 1.40).

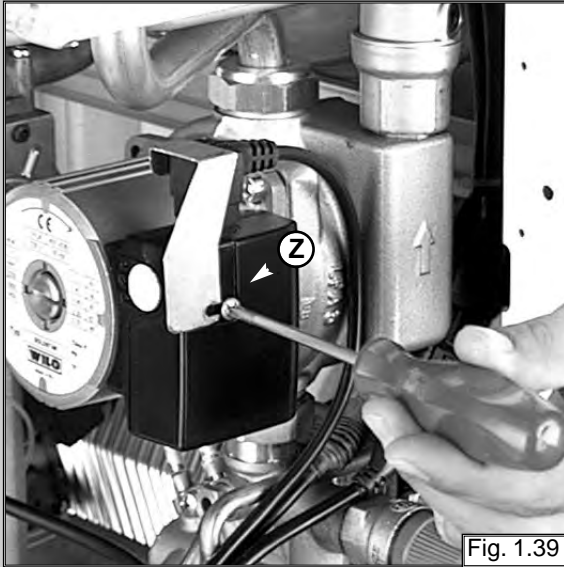


Fig. 1.39

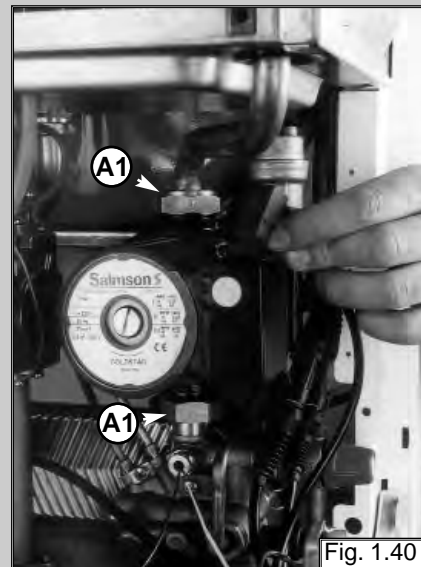


Fig. 1.40

### Removing the pressure gauge

1. Remove the pressure gauge cover by pulling (see fig. 1.41);
2. Release coupling "A2" using a 14 mm open ended spanner (see fig. 1.42);
3. Push the pressure gauge through the control panel from the rear (see fig. 1.43).



Fig. 1.41

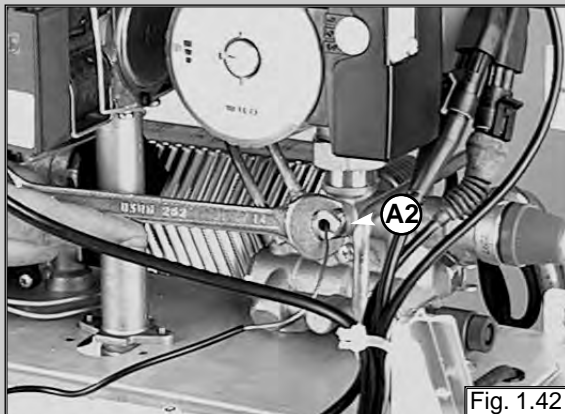


Fig. 1.42

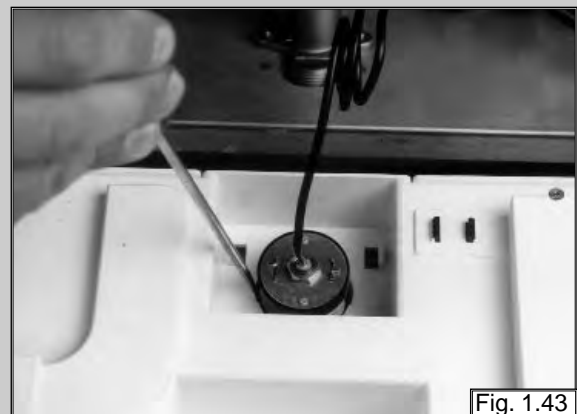


Fig. 1.43



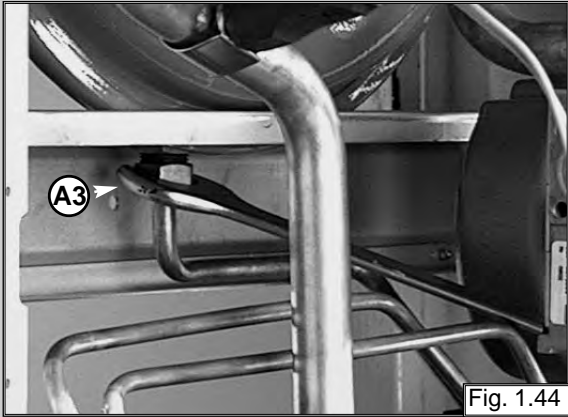


Fig. 1.44

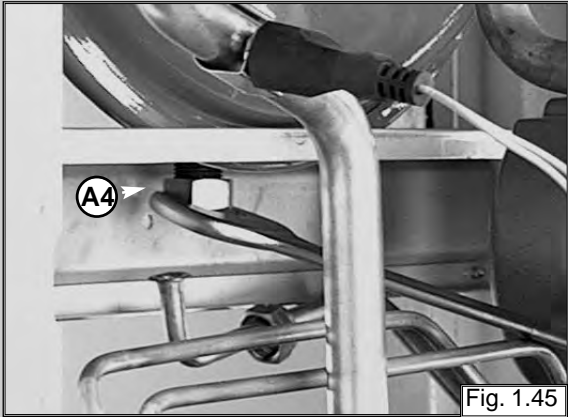


Fig. 1.45

### **Removing the expansion vessel**

1. Remove nut "A3" away from the expansion vessel (see fig. 1.44);
2. Remove nut "A4" (see fig. 1.45);
3. Remove expansion vessel (see fig. 1.46).



Fig. 1.46



Fig. 1.47

### **Removing the overheat thermostat**

1. Remove the electrical connector by the overheat thermostat (see fig. 1.47);
2. Pull off the thermostat connections. Then remove the thermostat from the pipe by releasing its securing clip.

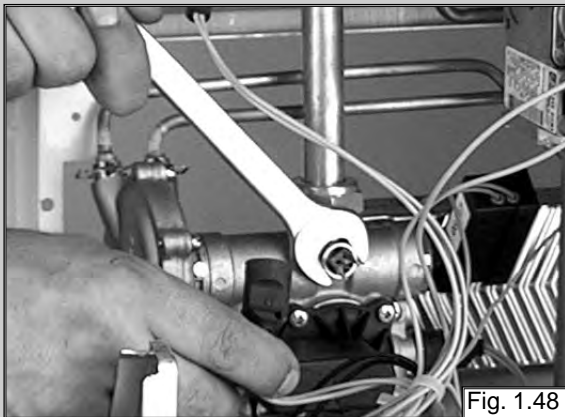


Fig. 1.48

### **Removing the heating temperature sensor (N.T.C.)**

1. Remove the electrical connector by pulling off the thermostat connections and unscrewing the sensor probe with a 14 mm open ended spanner (see fig. 1.48).



Fig. 1.49

- Removing the D.H.W. temperature sensor (N.T.C.)**  
1. Remove the electrical connector by pulling off the thermostat connection and unscrew the sensor probe with a 14 mm open ended spanner (see fig. 1.49).

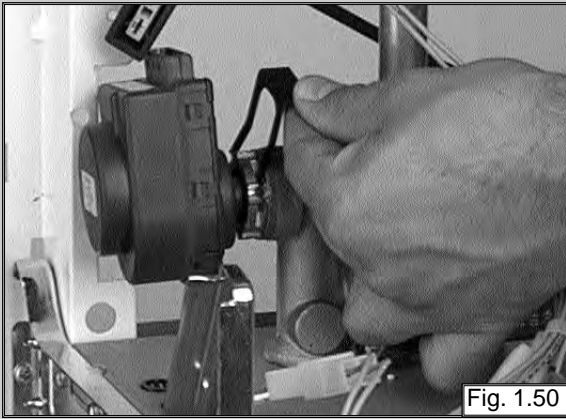


Fig. 1.50

- Removing the diverter valve (Genus 27 RFFI only)**  
1. Remove the circlip and pull the diverter valve to the left.

## 1.6 Access to the Control System

### Checking fuse

1. Remove the right hand inspection cover (see fig. 1.51);
2. Remove fuse (see fig. 1.52).

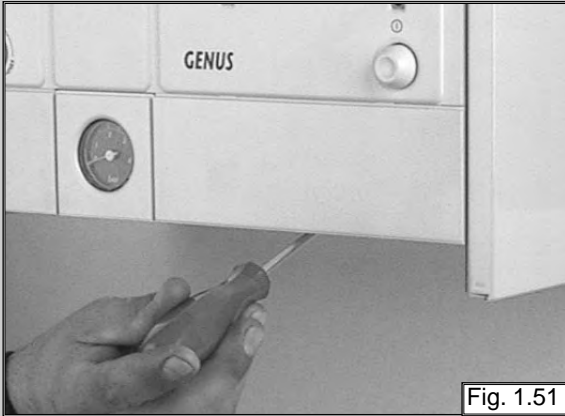


Fig. 1.51

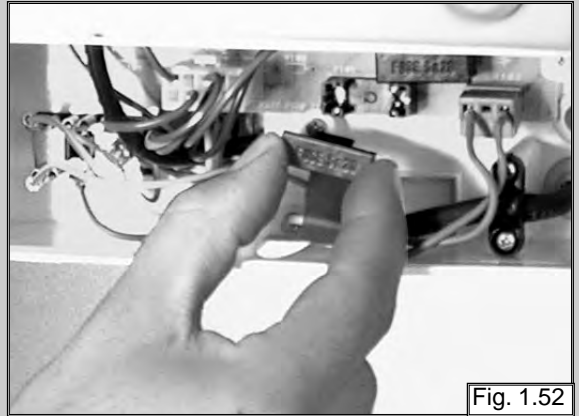


Fig. 1.52



Fig. 1.53

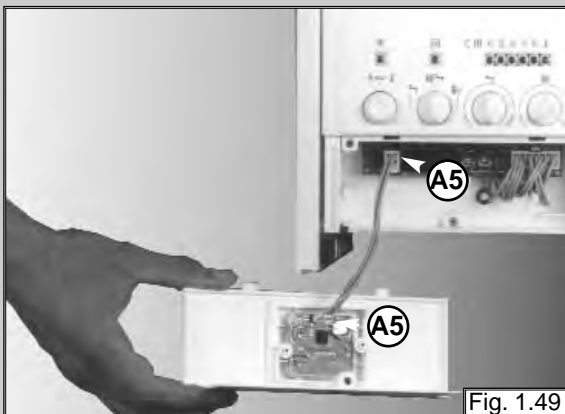


Fig. 1.49

### Removing the time clock

1. Remove left hand inspection cover (see fig. 1.53);
2. Remove electrical connection "A5" of the clock (see fig. 1.54);
3. Unscrew "A6" and remove (see fig. 1.55).

N.B.

It is possible to by-pass the time clock in the event of failure by simply unplugging the electrical connection from the P.C.B. (see fig. 1.54). This will revert control of the central heating to the room stat connection on the reverse of the control panel.

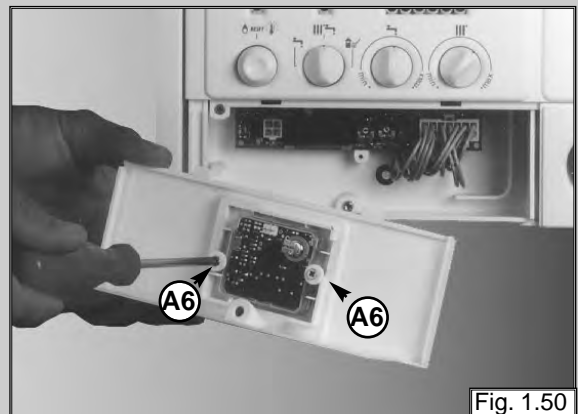


Fig. 1.50

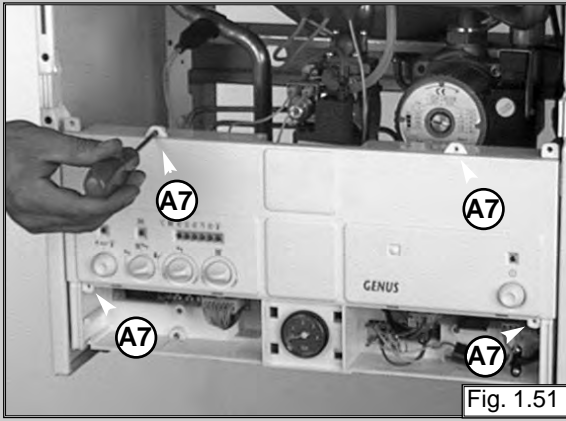


Fig. 1.51

### Removing the P.C.B.s

1. Isolate electricity;
2. Remove the front cover of the boiler;
3. Remove both left and right inspection panels;
4. Remove the pressure gauge cover;
5. Remove the mounting screws "A7" (see fig. 1.51);
6. Disconnect the connection cable "A8" (see fig. 1.52);
7. To remove the 24V P.C.B.: remove the electrical plug connectors and screws "A9" (see fig. 1.53);
8. To remove the 240V P.C.B.: remove the electrical plug connectors and screws "A10" (see fig. 1.54);
9. Replace either P.C.B. in reverse order.

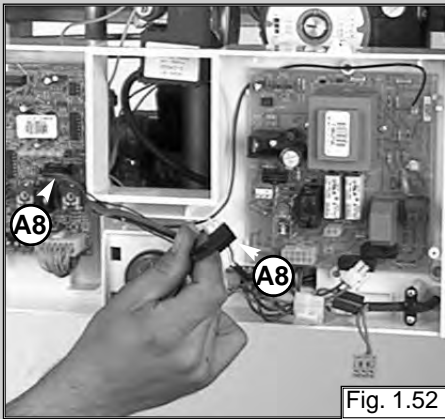


Fig. 1.52

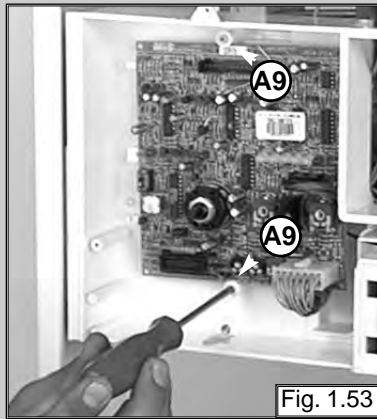


Fig. 1.53

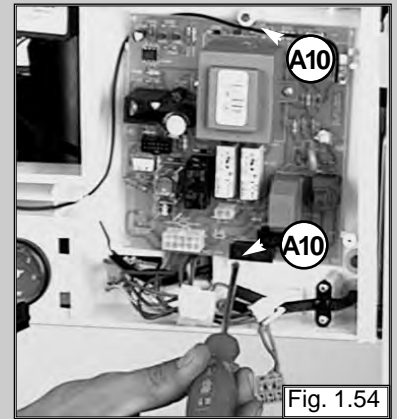
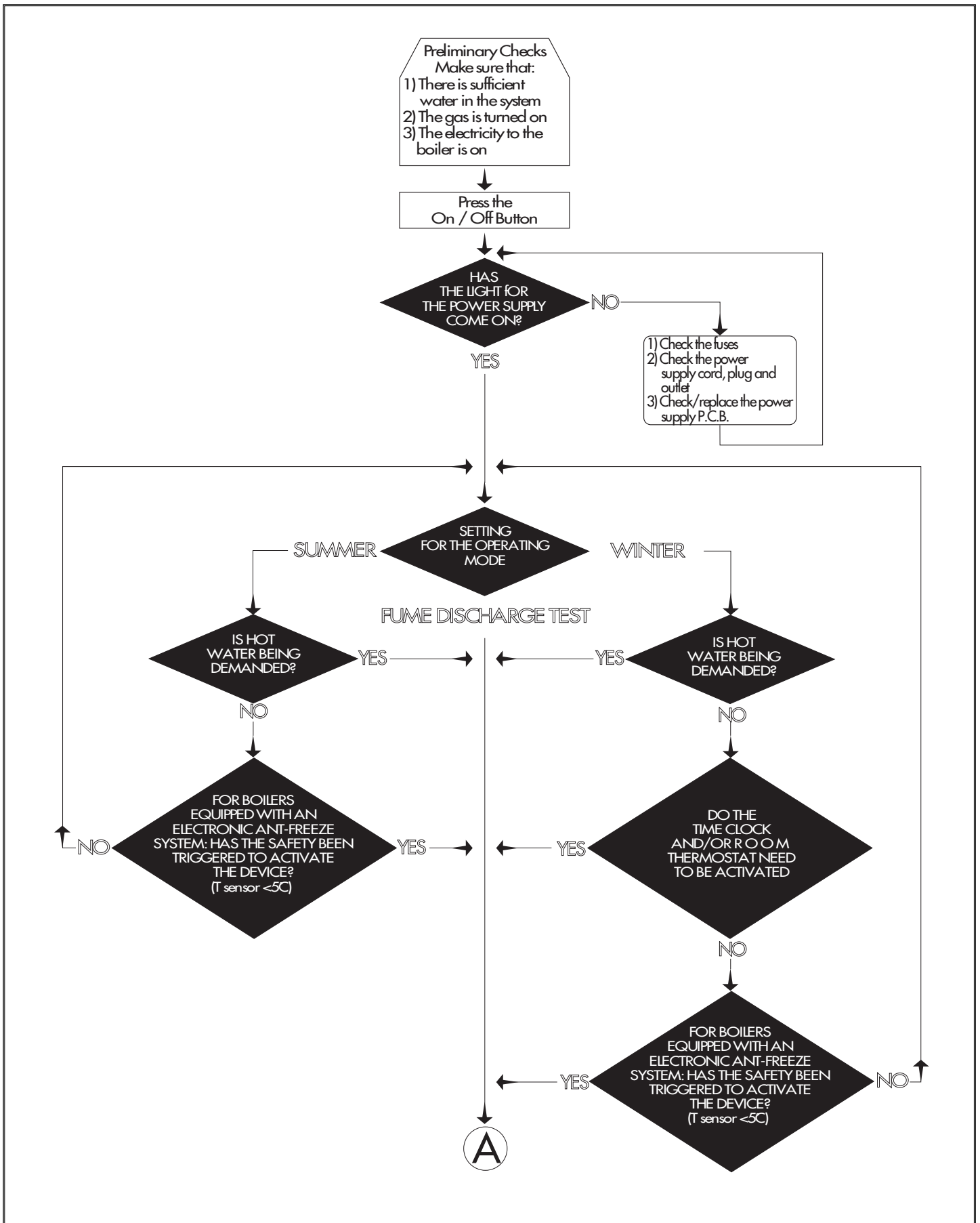


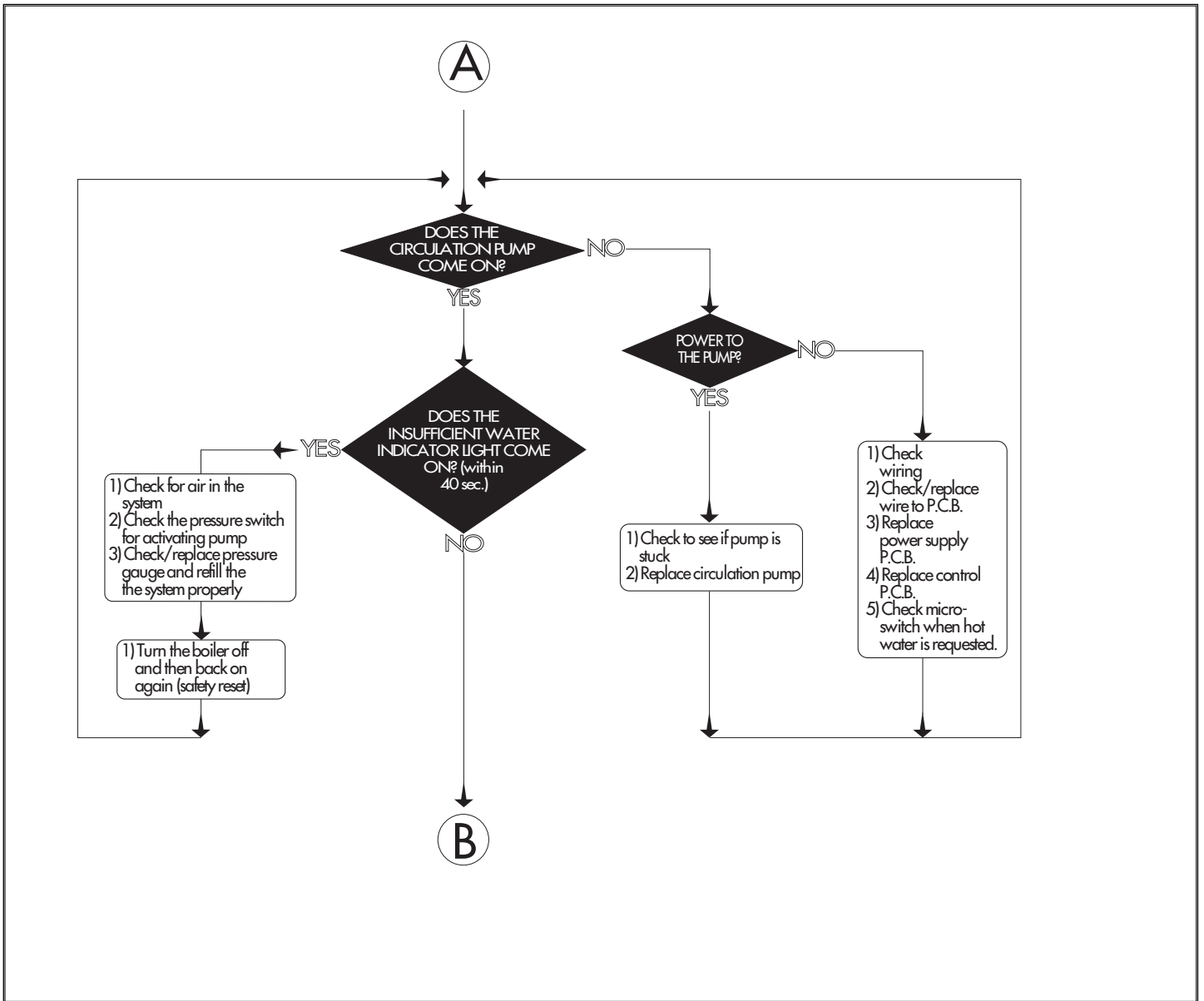
Fig. 1.54

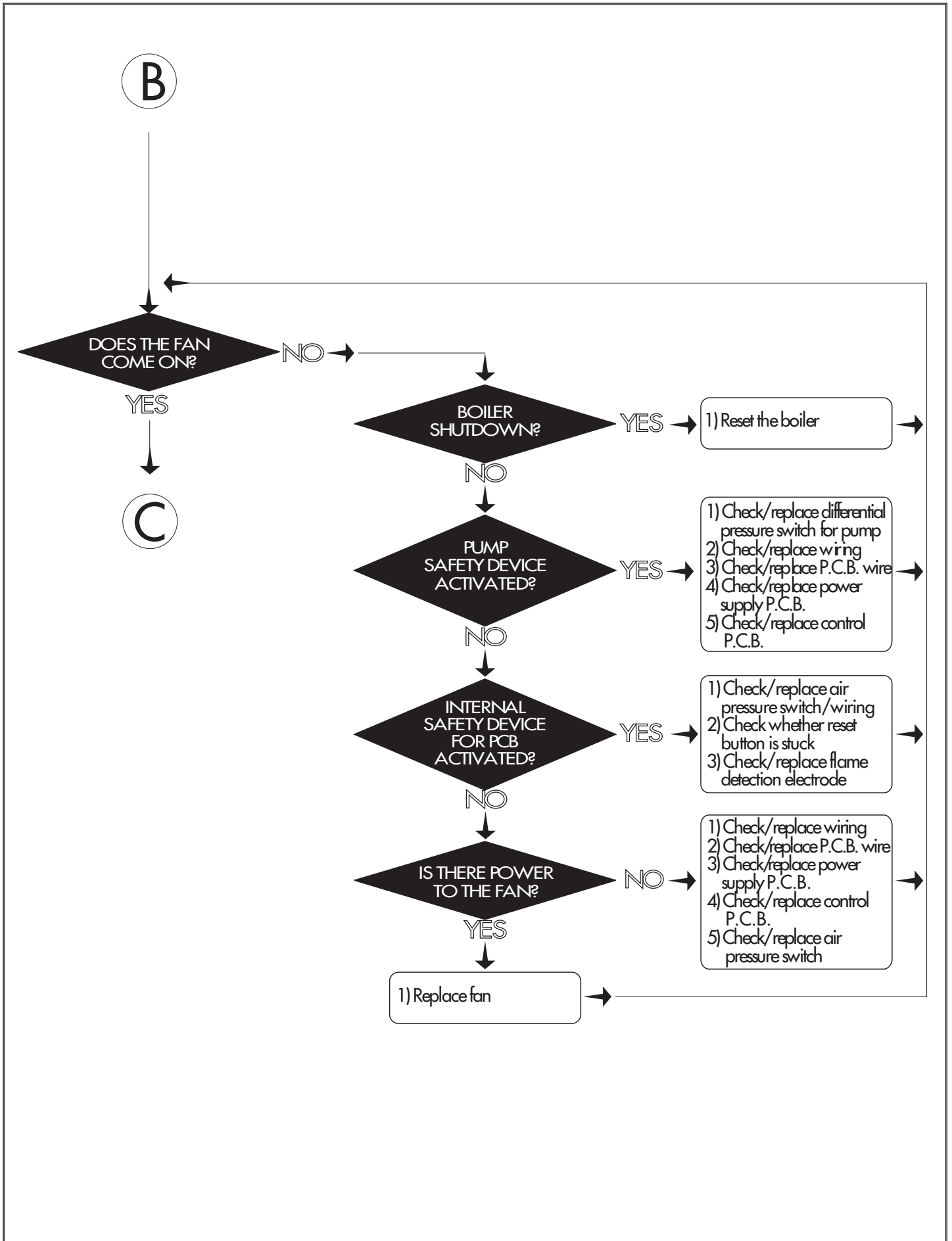
## 2. FAULT FINDING

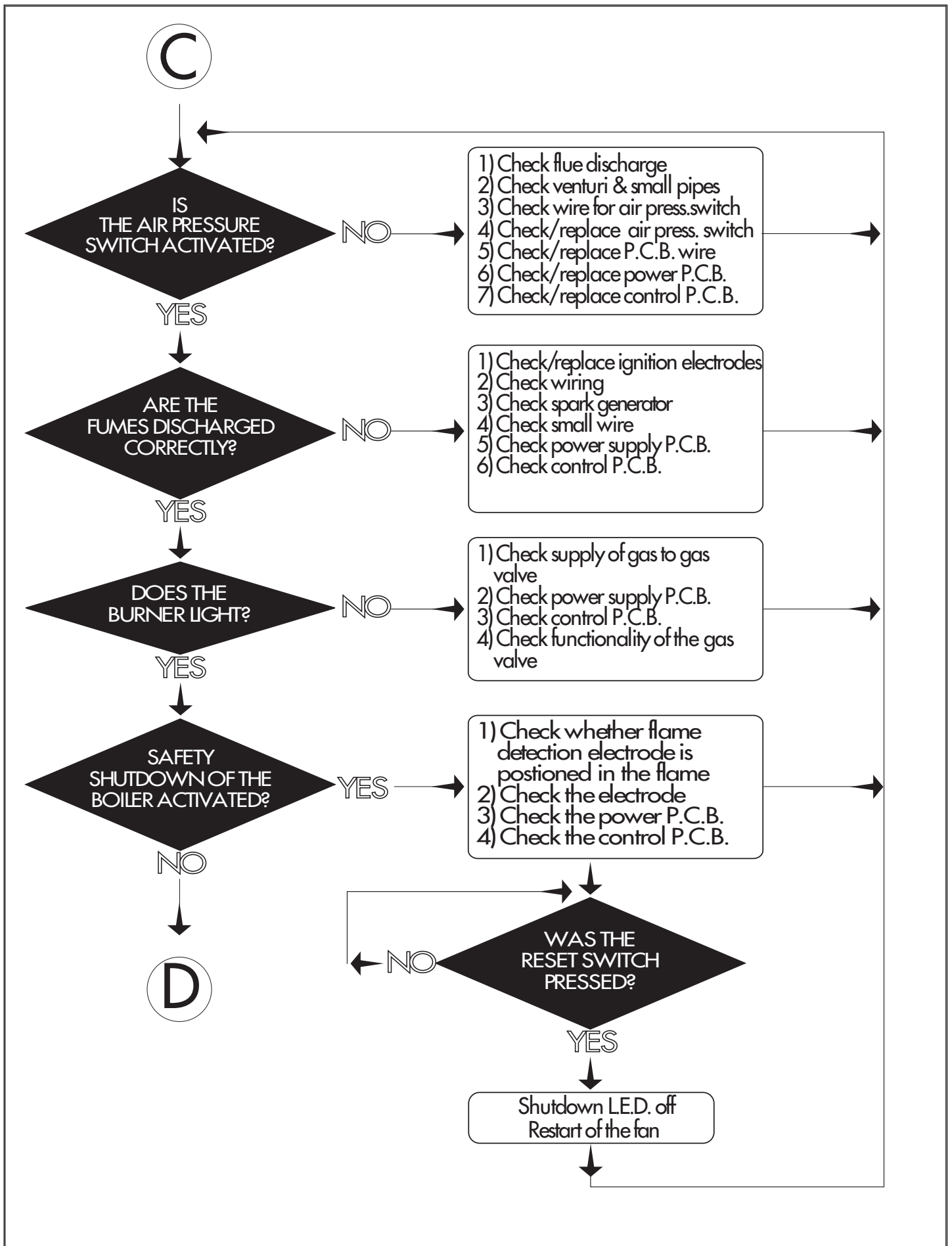
### 2.1 Fault Finding Guide (Flow-chart)

It is possible to detect and correct any defect by using the standard fault finding diagrams described in this chapter.



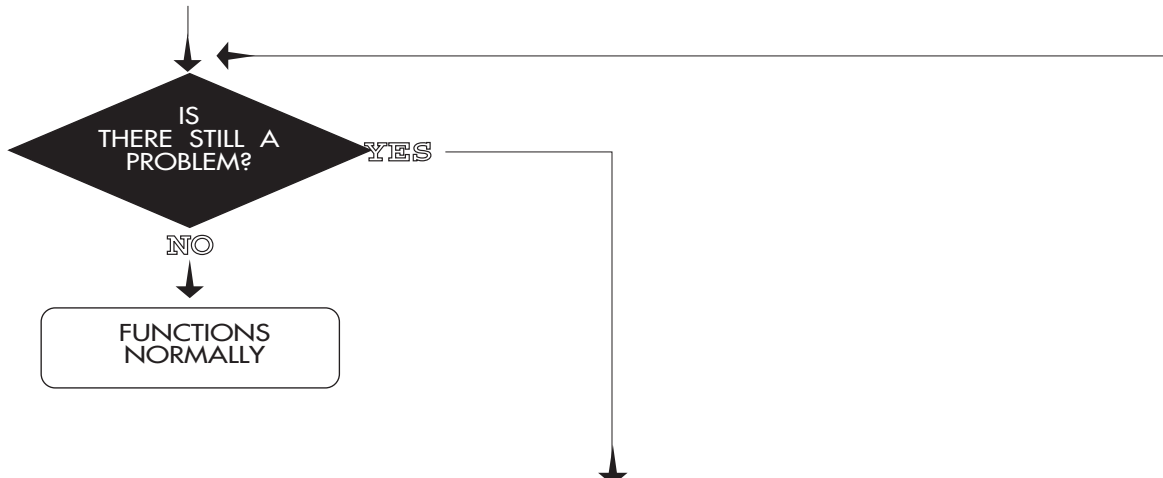








**D**

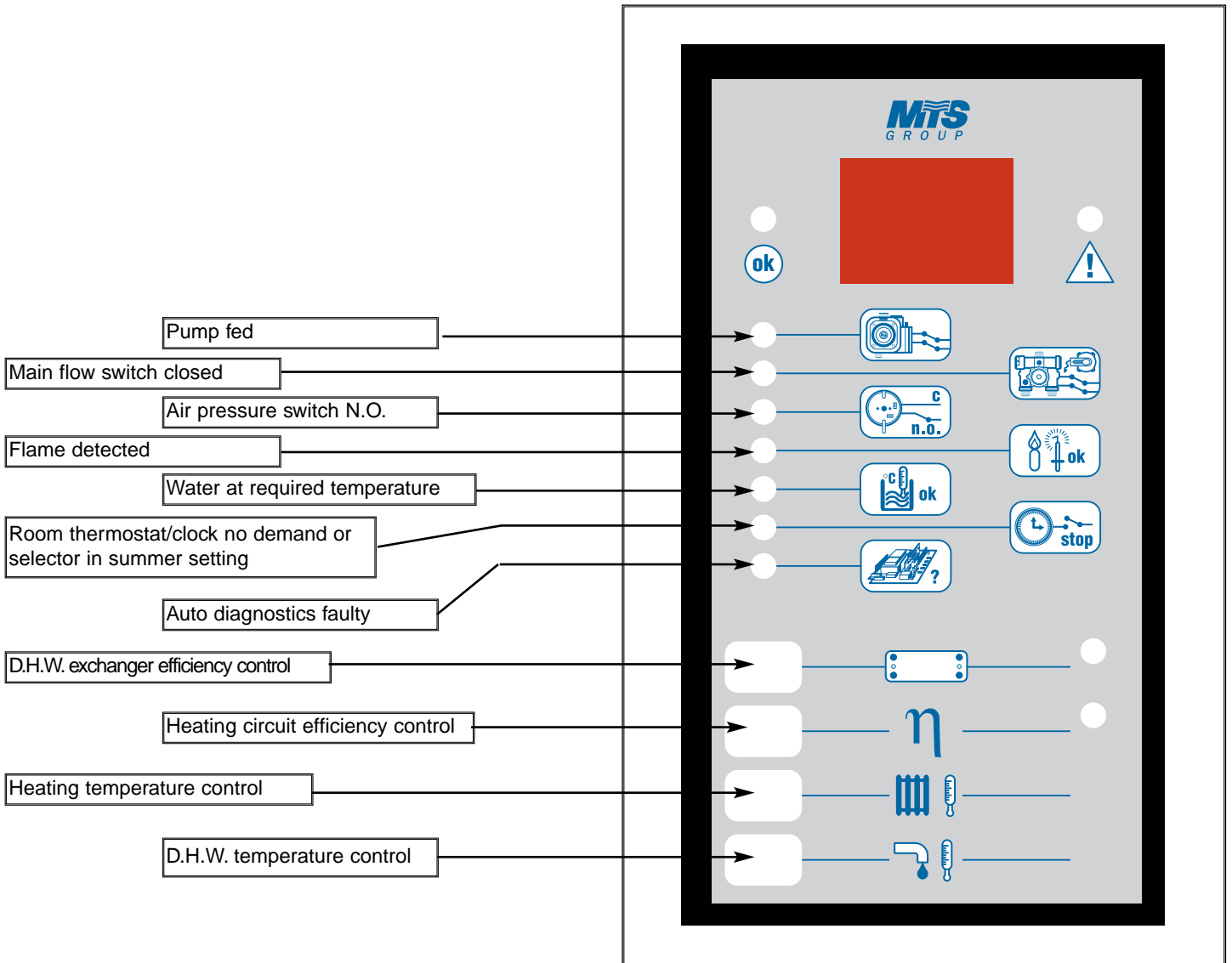


	<i>LIST OF MALFUNCTIONS</i>	<i>POSSIBLE CAUSES</i>
1	Delivery of hot water for domestic use: when the tap is turned on, the burner goes out.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Air in the secondary exchanger</li> <li>- Hot water pressure switch is defective</li> <li>- 3-way valve is defective</li> </ul>
2	Delivery of hot water for domestic use: the radiators are heated in summer mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 3-way valve is defective</li> </ul>
3	Delivery of hot water for domestic use: water temperature is not satisfactory.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Check sensors for domestic and heating water</li> <li>- Check gas settings and regulation</li> <li>- Check water flow rate</li> <li>- Check secondary exchanger</li> </ul>
4	Delivery of hot water for domestic use: noisy operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Primary exchanger is defective</li> <li>- Low water pressure in heating system</li> <li>- Check gas settings and regulation</li> <li>- Check ntc sensor for domestic hot water</li> </ul>
5	Drop/increase in pressure in primary circuit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Check for leaks in heating circuit</li> <li>- Defective water supply inlet valve</li> <li>- Secondary exchanger is defective</li> <li>- Expansion vessel is empty</li> </ul>
6	Repeated shutdowns.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Detection electrodes are defective</li> <li>- Check gas settings and regulation</li> <li>- Check electrical circuit for flame detection</li> </ul>
7	Safety thermostat is triggered repeatedly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Faulty (contacts) N.T.C. sensors-heating/hot water</li> <li>- Defective (poorly calibrated) safety thermostat</li> <li>- Presence of air in the primary water circuit</li> </ul>
8	When the cold water tap is turned off, the boiler comes on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Drop in pressure in the water mains, resulting in water hammering</li> </ul>
9	Temperature of radiators not satisfactory.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Check N.T.C. sensor for heating</li> <li>- Check by-pass</li> <li>- Check gas settings and regulation</li> </ul>

## 2.2 Fault Finding Using the Total Check System

Signalling	
	Boiler Off
1	Auto diagnostic state
2	Spark ignition state
3	Boiler functioning normally
4	Lockout
5	Boiler thermostat satisfied
6	Room thermostat/clock no demand or selector in summer setting

Malfunction	
A	Faulty ventilation system
b	Air pressure switch stuck in N.O. position
C	Faulty reset switch
d	Faulty main circuit flow switch
E	Faulty flame detection
F	Faulty overheat thermostat
G	Faulty exhaust fumes sensor
l	Faulty heating sensor (N.T.C.)
m	Faulty D.H.W. sensor (N.T.C.)



### 3. **ELECTRIC DIAGRAMS**

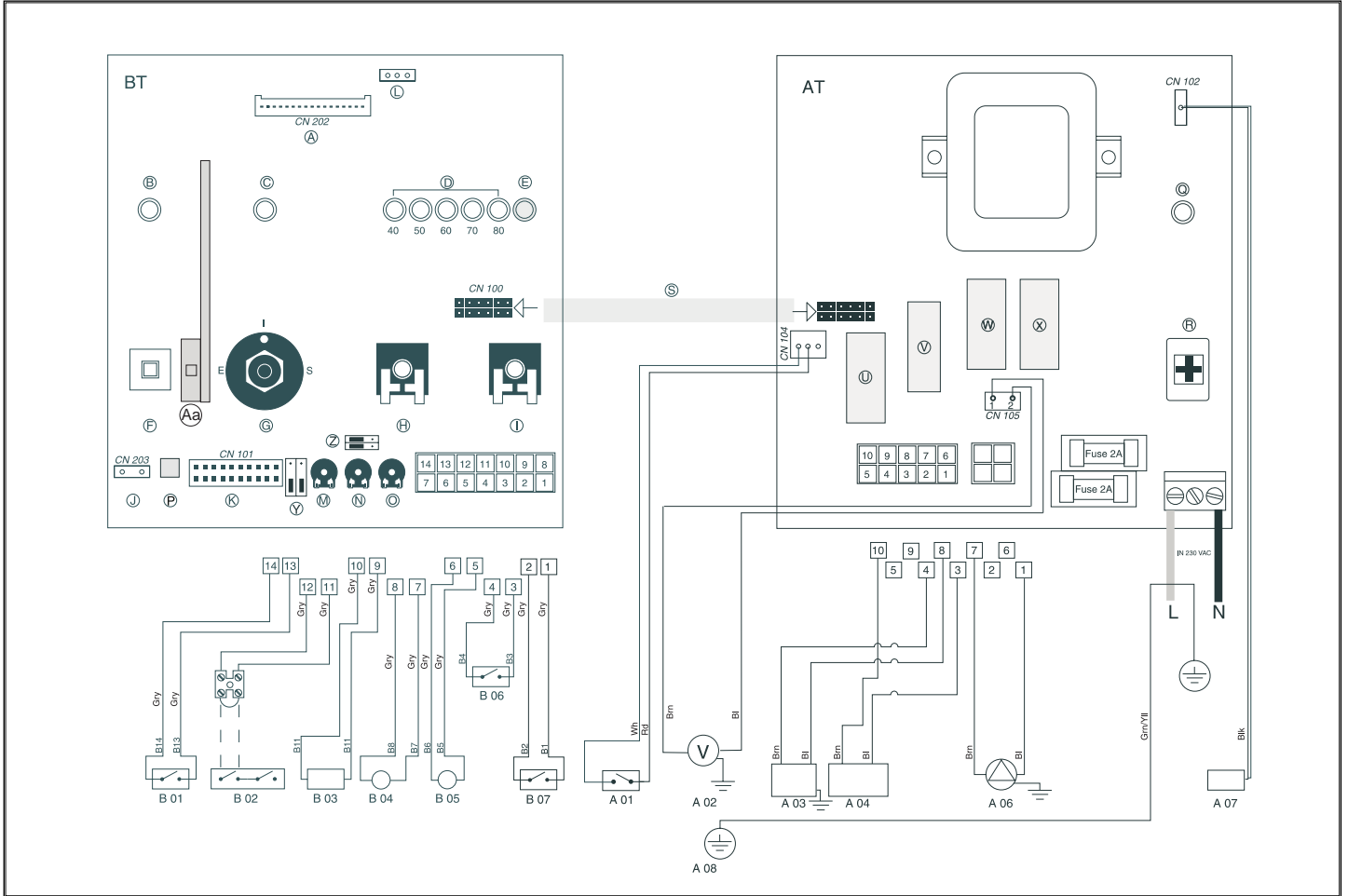
#### **Legend:**

- AT = High Voltage P.C.B.
  - BT = Low Voltage P.C.B.
  - A = Remote Connector Kit
  - B = Flame Failure L.E.D.
  - C = Insufficient Water Pressure L.E.D.
  - D = Water Temperature Indicator L.E.D.s
  - E = Overheat Thermostat Warning L.E.D.
  - F = System Reset Button
  - G = Selector Knob for Operating Mode
  - H = Domestic Hot Water Temp. Adjustment
  - I = Central Heating Temp. Adjustment
  - J = Wire Connector for Room Thermostat
  - K = Connector for Total Check System
  - L = Selector for Local/Remote Control
  - M = Anti-cycling Device Adjustment for Heating
  - N = Soft-light Adjustment
  - O = Max Heating Temperature Adjustment
  - P = Time Clock Connection
  - Q = On/Off L.E.D.
  - R = On/Off Switch
  - S = Interface Wire for P.C.B.s
  - T = Relay Motorised Valve
  - U = Ignitor Relay
  - V = Gas Valve Relay
  - W = Fan Relay
  - X = Circulation Pump Relay
  - Y = Selector TCS2
  - Z = Link for Continuous Pump Run
  - Aa = Adaptor (British Gas use only)
- 
- A01 = Air Pressure Switch
  - A02 = Fan
  - A03 = Gas Valve
  - A04 = Ignitor
  - A05 = Motorised Valve
  - A06 = Circulation Pump
  - A07 = Flame Detector
  - A08 = Earth Terminal
  - A09 = Flame Detection Circuit
  - A10 = Flame Indicator L.E.D.
  - A11 = Transformer
  - A12 = Filter
- 
- B01 = Over Heat Thermostat
  - B02 = External Thermostat
  - B03 = Gas Valve Modulator
  - B04 = D.H.W. Probe Sensor Cylinder (RFFI SYSTEM models only)
- 
- B05 = Heating Sensor
  - B06 = Pressure Switch for Heating Circuit
  - B07 = Microswitch for Diverter Valve (MFFI models only)

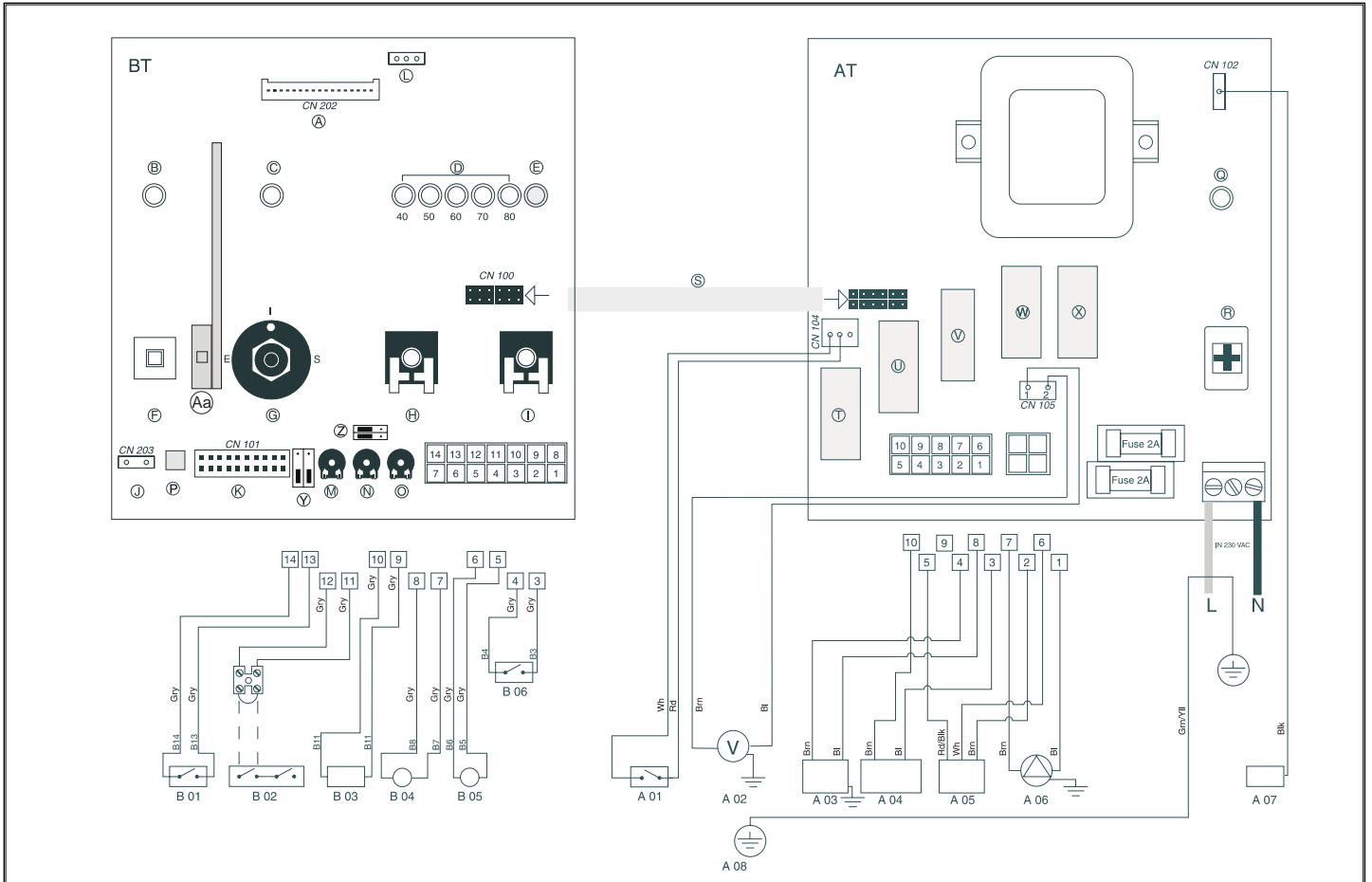
#### **Colours**

- Gry = Grey
- Rd = Red
- Bl = Blue
- Grn/Yll = Yellow/Green
- Wh = White
- Brn = Brown
- Blk = Black
- Wh/Rd = White/Red

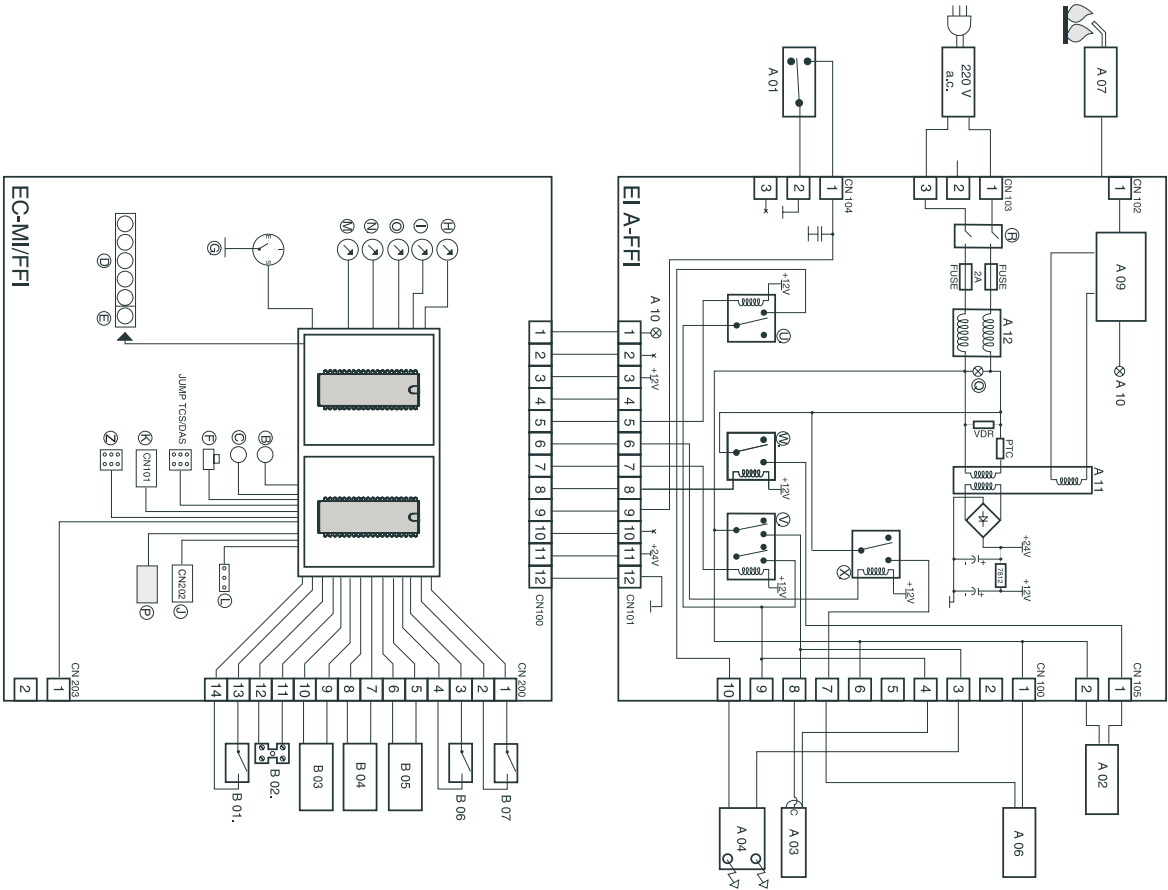
# GENUS 23/27/30 MFFI



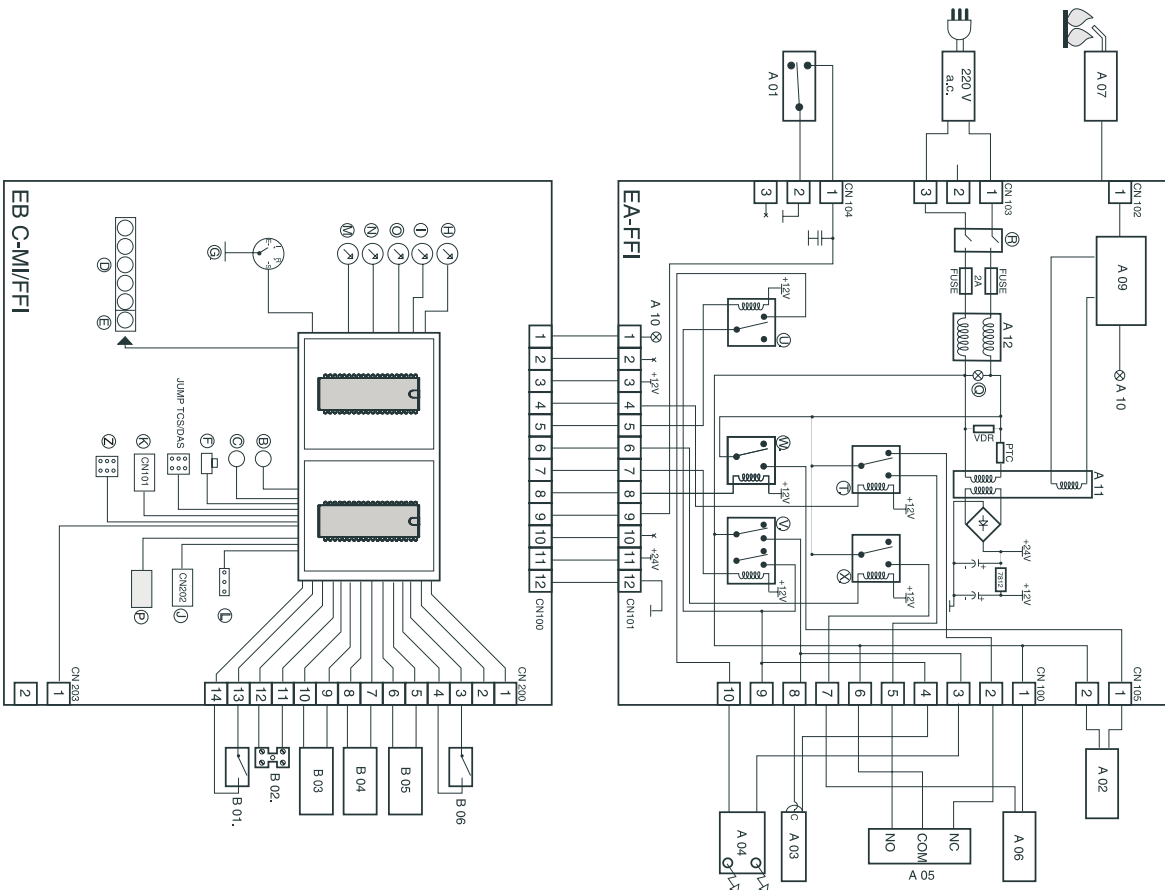
# GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM



# GENUS 23/27 MFFI

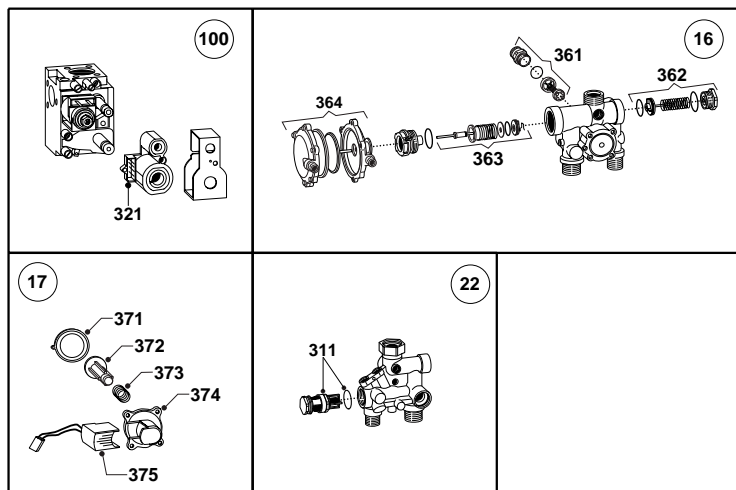
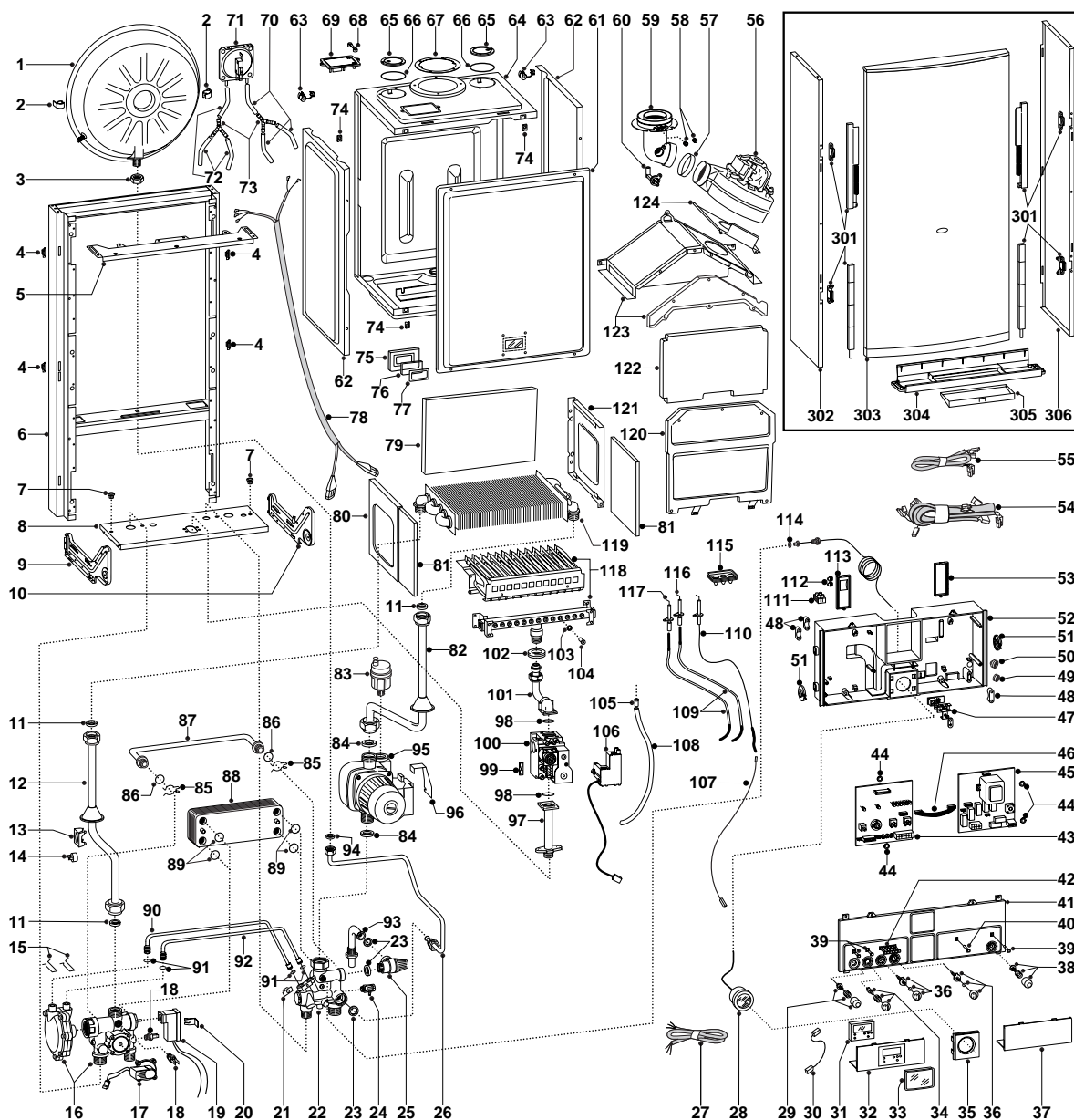


# GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM



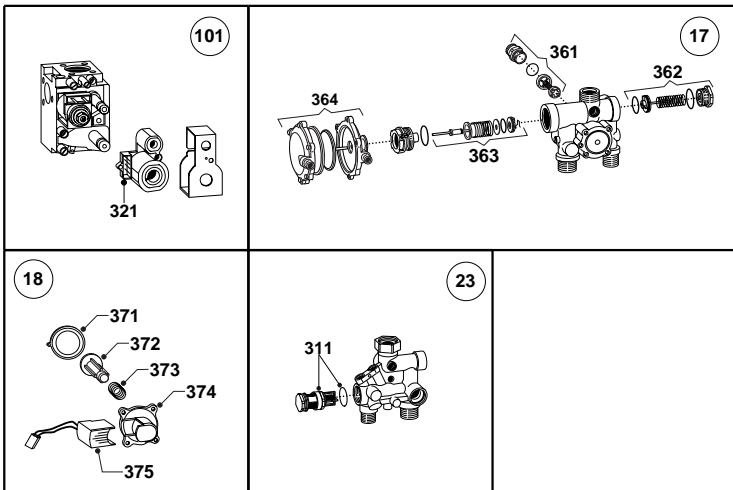
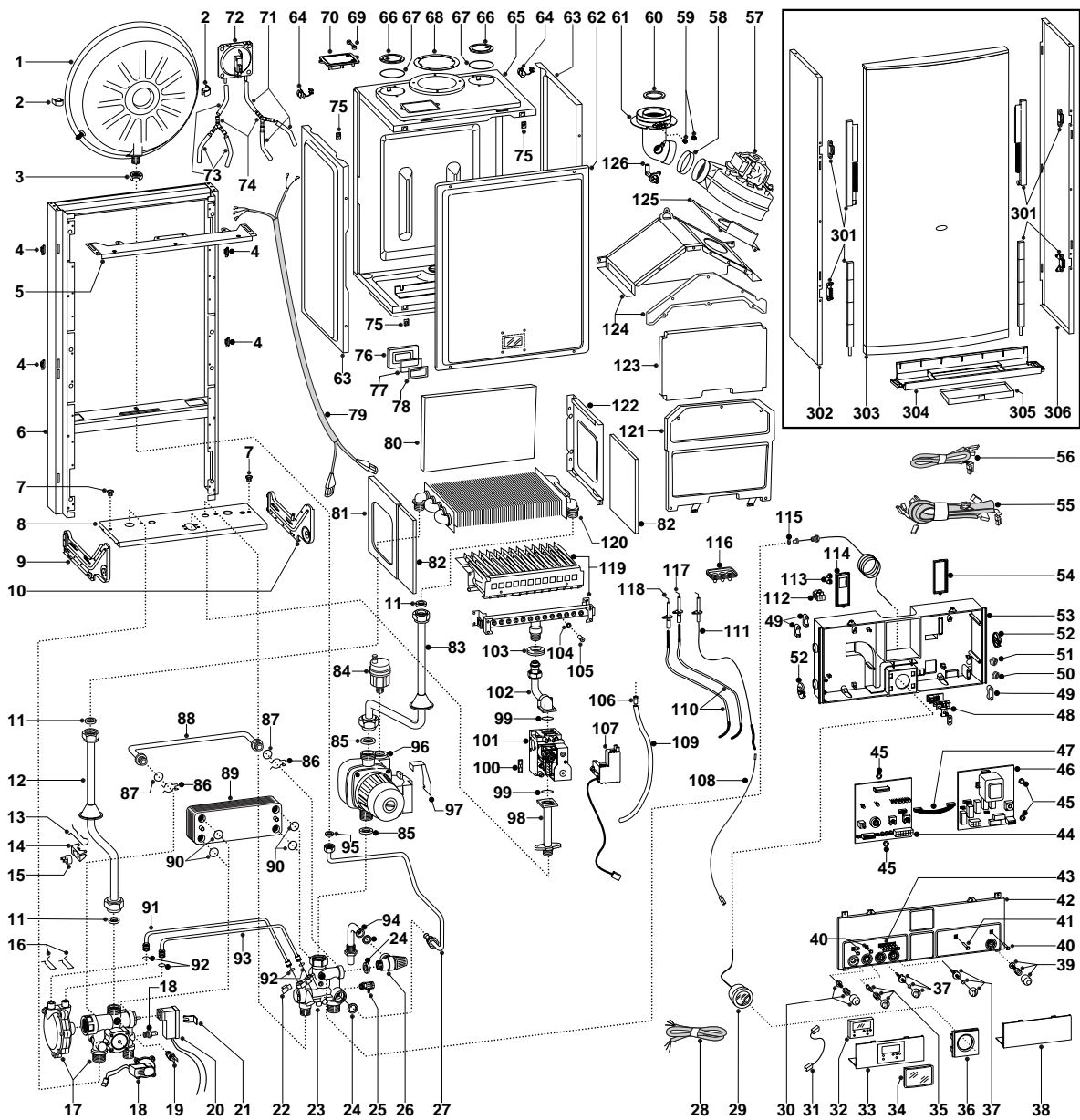
# 4. SHORT SPARE PARTS LIST

## GENUS 23/27 MFFI (SIT Sigma Gas Valve)



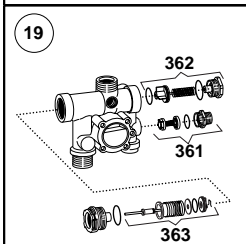
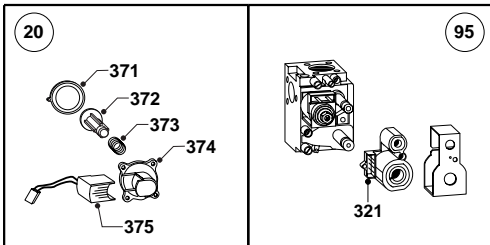
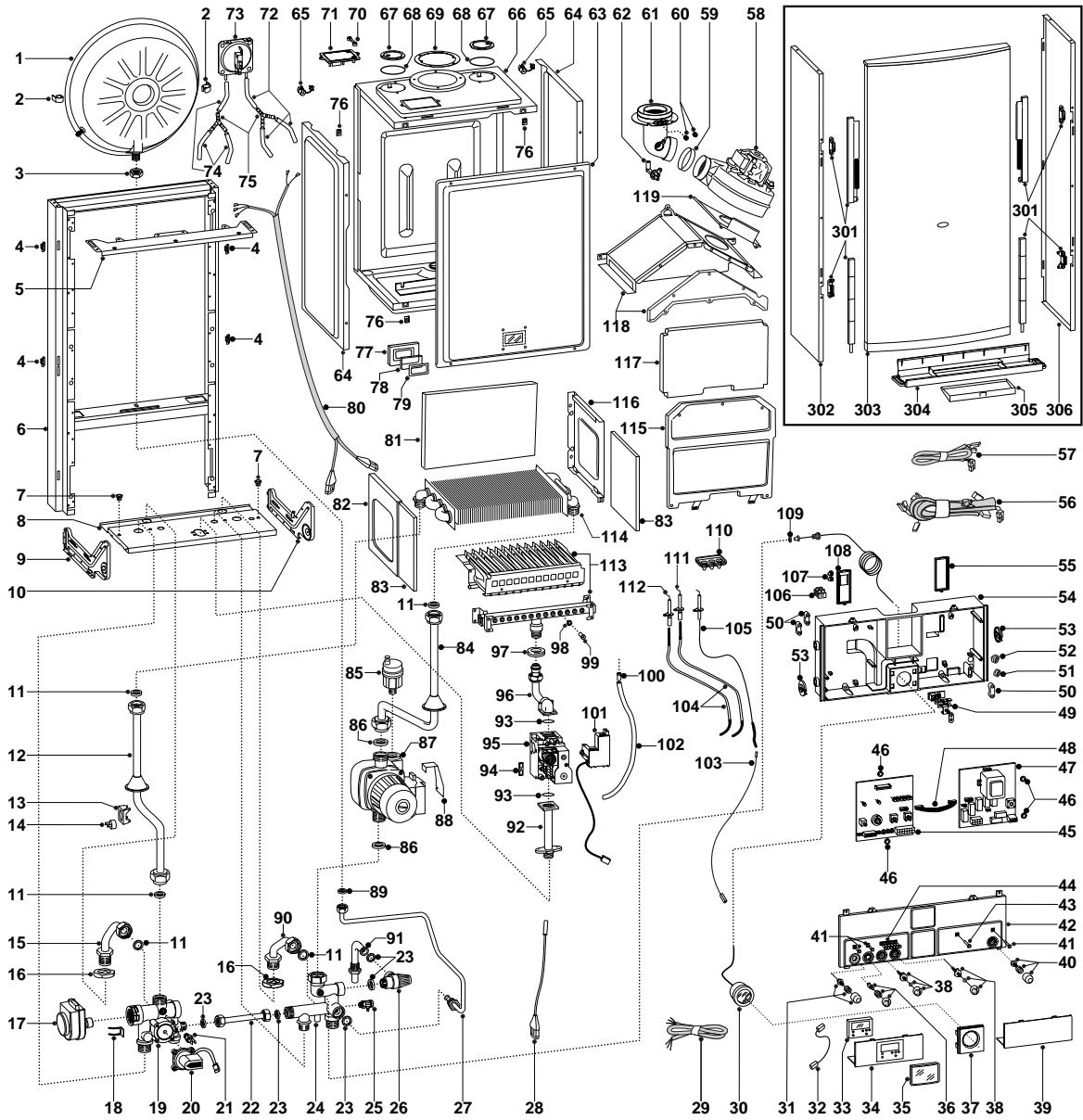
**ARISTON**  
GENUS 23/27 MFFI

# GENUS 30 MFFI (SIT Sigma Gas Valve)



**ARISTON**  
GENUS 30 MFFI

# GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM (SIT Sigma Gas Valve)



**ARISTON**  
GENUS 27 MFFI SYSTEM



## GENUS 23/27 MFFI (SIT Sigma Gas Valve)

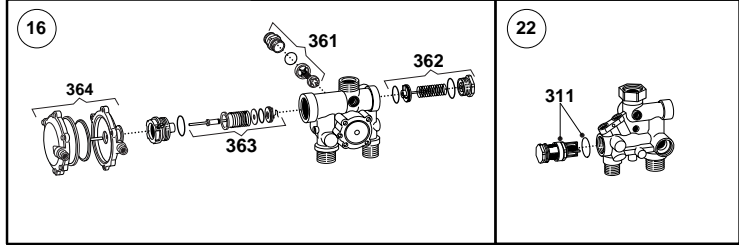
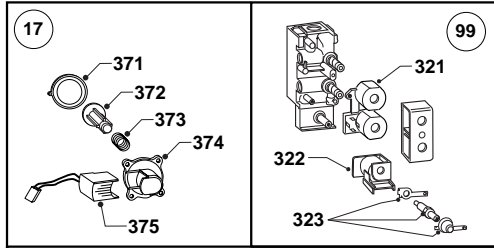
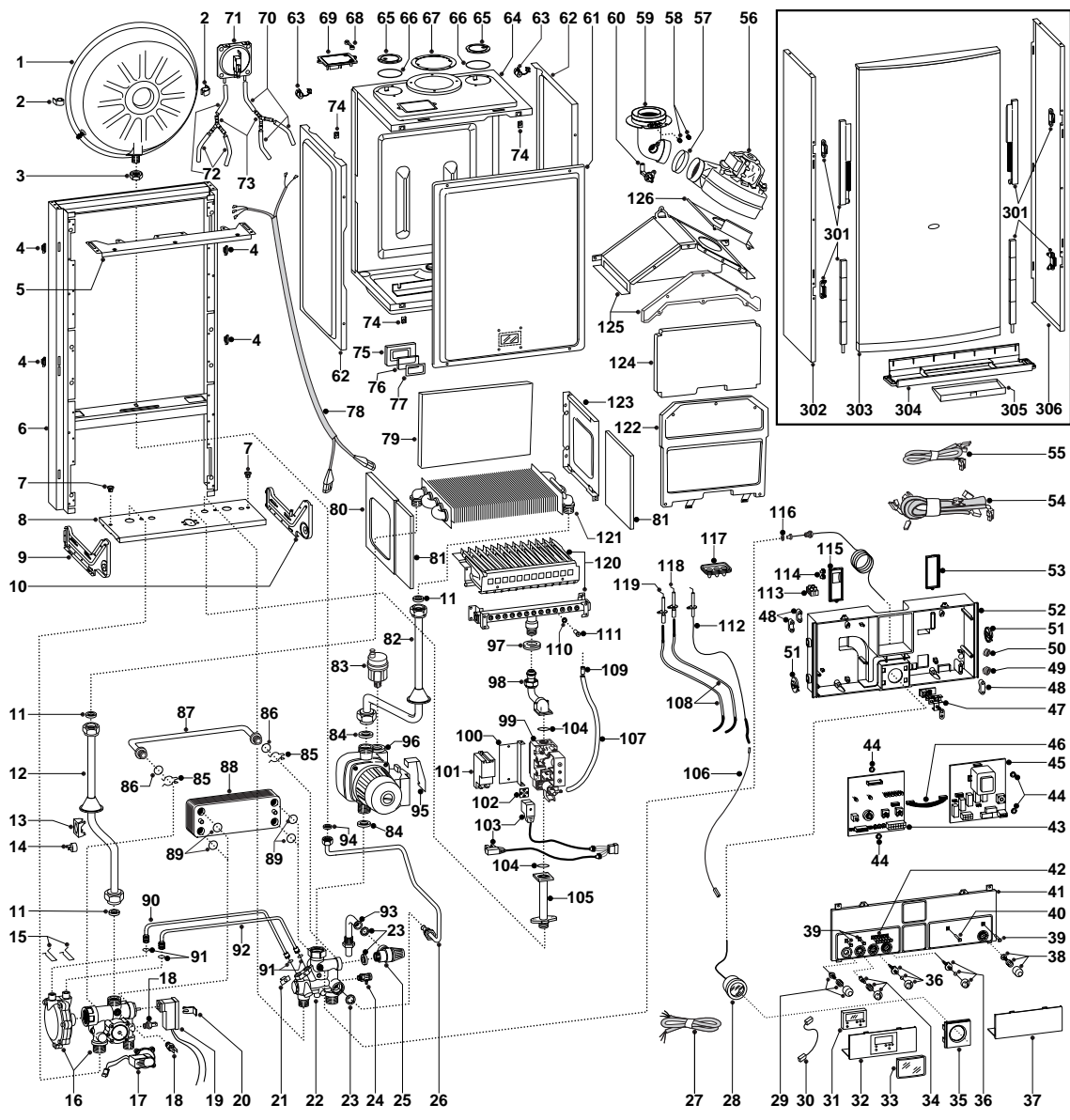
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1		Expansion vessel	573294
11	164 225	Gasket 3/4"	573520
14		Overheat thermostat	997206
17		Main flow Switch	573224
18	164 338	Temp probe (C.H.W.)	569236
19		Microswitch for 3-way/main flow group	573340
23	164 229	Gasket 1/2"	573528
24	378 814	Manual vent cock	573727
25		Safety valve 3 bar 1/2"	573172
28		Pressure gauge	571649
31		Time clock	997208
43		P.C.B. E C-MI/FFI	953045
45		P.C.B. EI A-MFFI	952981
46		P.C.B. cable	952610
56AB		Fan	572989
56CD		Fan	572990
57		Fan inlet gasket	573343
60		Venturi (exhaust manifold/header)	573314
71AB	E03 818	Air pressure switch	571651
71CD	E02 071	Air pressure switch	571652
74		Fastening spring	570717
83	379 079	Automatic air release valve	564254
84	164 230	Gasket 1"	569387
86		O-ring	571449
88AB		Secondary exchanger (plate-type) exchanger 23kW	571646
88CD		Secondary exchanger (plate-type) exchanger 27kW	573295
89		O-ring (secondary exchanger)	573825
91		20-18 O-ring	571807
94	164 282	Gasket 3/8"	573521
95AB		Pump	997150
95CD		Pump	997151
98		O-ring (13)	571965
99		Gasket	574279
100		Gas valve (SIT Sigma)	574232
106		Spark generator	574233
110	379 981	Detection electrode	573441
114	164 261	Gasket 1/4"	569390
116	379 979	Ignition electrode (R.H.)	569560
117	379 980	Ignition electrode (L.H.)	569561
118A	E02 026	Main burner	572271
118B		Main burner	572277
118C	E02 078	Main burner	572343
118D		Main burner	572372
119AB		Main exchanger	572749
119CD		Main exchanger	572835
301		Front panel runner kit	571993
311		D.H.W. actuator kit	571444
321		SIT Sigma gas valve operator coils	997029
361		Heating by-pass kit	571443
362		D.H.W. pressure switch kit	571442
363		3-way spring kit	571447
364		D.H.W. diaphragm valve	571446
371		Main flow switch diaphragm	571547
372		Main flow switch magnet	571772
373		Main flow switch spring	571771
374		Main flow switch top cap	571770
375		Main flow switch reed system	573138
381	164 311	Burner jet 1.25 full kit (Natural gas)	569281
382		Burner jet 0.72 full kit (LPG)	569282

## GENUS 30 MFFI (SIT Sigma Gas Valve)

Key no.	G.C. part no.	Description	ARISTON Part No.
1		Expansion vessel	573294
11	164 225	Gasket 3/4"	573520
15		Overheat thermostat	997206
16		Main flow Switch	573224
19	164 338	Temp probe (C.H.W.)	569236
20		Microswitch for 3-way/main flow group	573340
24	164 229	Gasket 1/2"	573528
25	378 814	Manual vent cock	573727
26		Safety valve 3 bar 1/2"	573172
29		Pressure gauge	571649
32		Time clock	997208
44		P.C.B. E C-MI/FFI	953045
46		P.C.B. EI A-MFFI	952981
47		P.C.B. cable	952610
57		Fan	572990
58		Fan inlet gasket	573343
72	E02 071	Air pressure switch	571652
75		Fastening spring	570717
84	379 079	Automatic air release valve	564254
85	164 230	Gasket 1"	569387
87		O-ring	571449
89		Secondary exchanger (plate-type) exchanger 27kW	573295
90		O-ring (secondary exchanger)	573825
92		O-ring (20-18)	571807
95	164 282	Gasket 3/8"	573521
96		Pump	997151
99		O-ring (13)	571965
100		Gasket	574279
101		Gas valve (SIT Sigma)	574232
107		Spark generator	574233
111	379 981	Detection electrode	573441
115	164 261	Gasket 1/4"	569390
117	379 979	Ignition electrode (R.H.)	569560
118	379 980	Ignition electrode (L.H.)	569561
119A		Main burner	998110
119B		Main burner	998111
120		Main exchanger	572835
126		Venturi (exhaust manifold/header)	573314
301		Front panel runner kit	571993
311		D.H.W. actuator kit	571444
321		SIT Sigma gas valve operator coils	997029
361		Heating by-pass kit	571443
362		D.H.W. pressure switch kit	571442
363		3-way spring kit	571447
364		D.H.W. diaphragm valve	571446
371		Main flow switch diaphragm	571547
372		Main flow switch magnet	571772
373		Main flow switch spring	571771
374		Main flow switch top cap	571770
375		Main flow switch reed system	573138
381		Burner jet 1.30 full kit (Natural gas)	998152
382		Burner jet 0.77 full kit (LPG)	998432

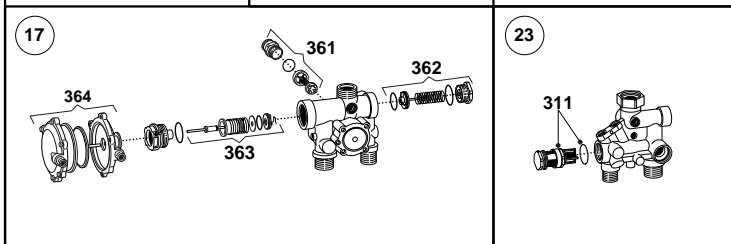
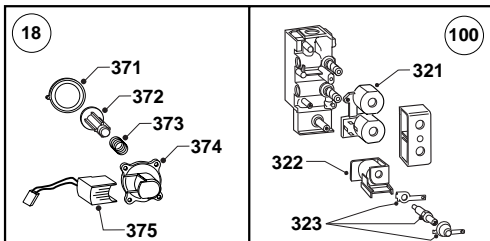
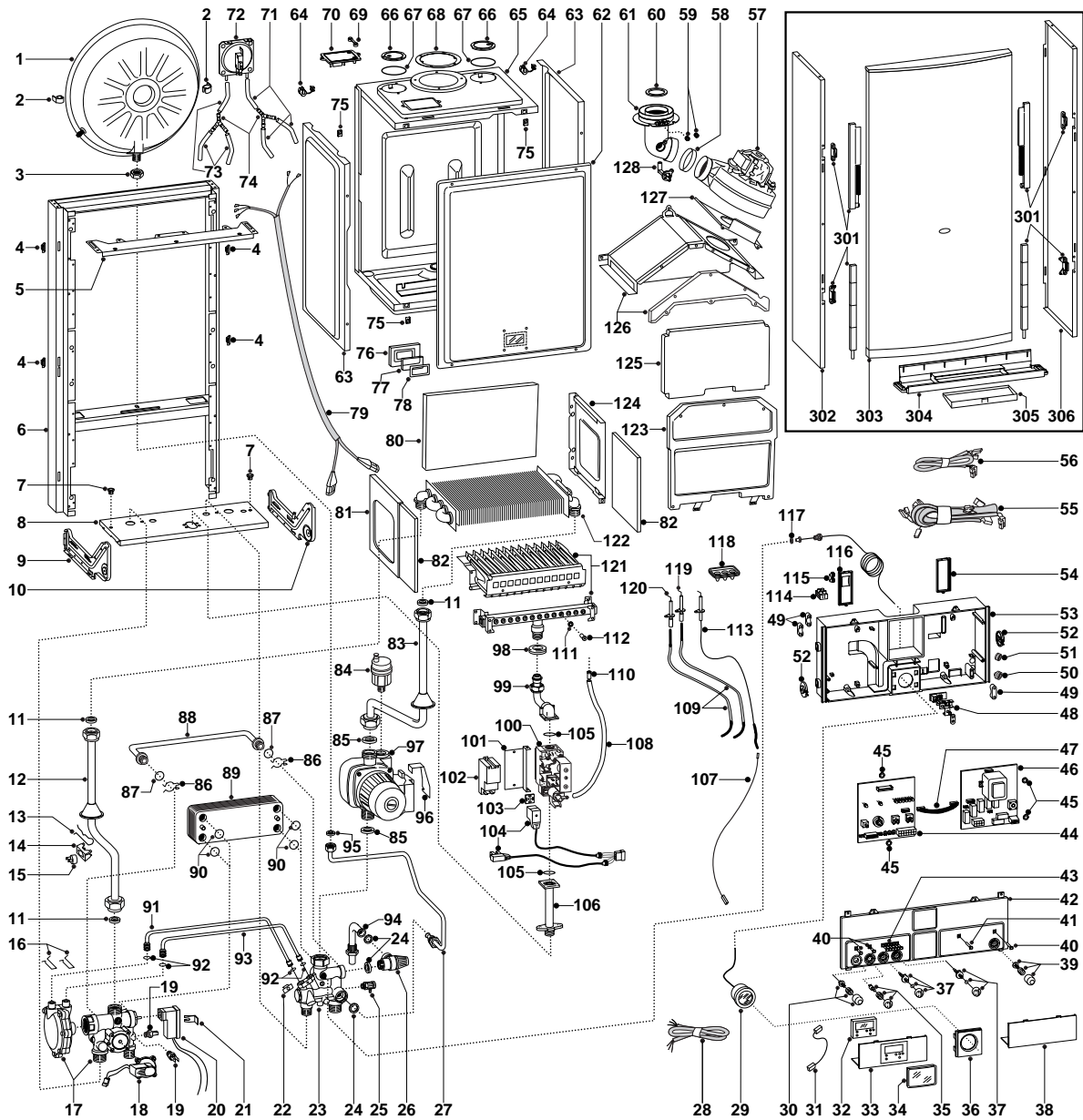


# GENUS 23/27 MFFI (SIT Tandem Gas Valve)



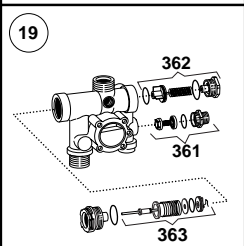
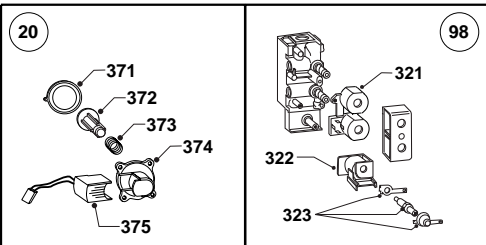
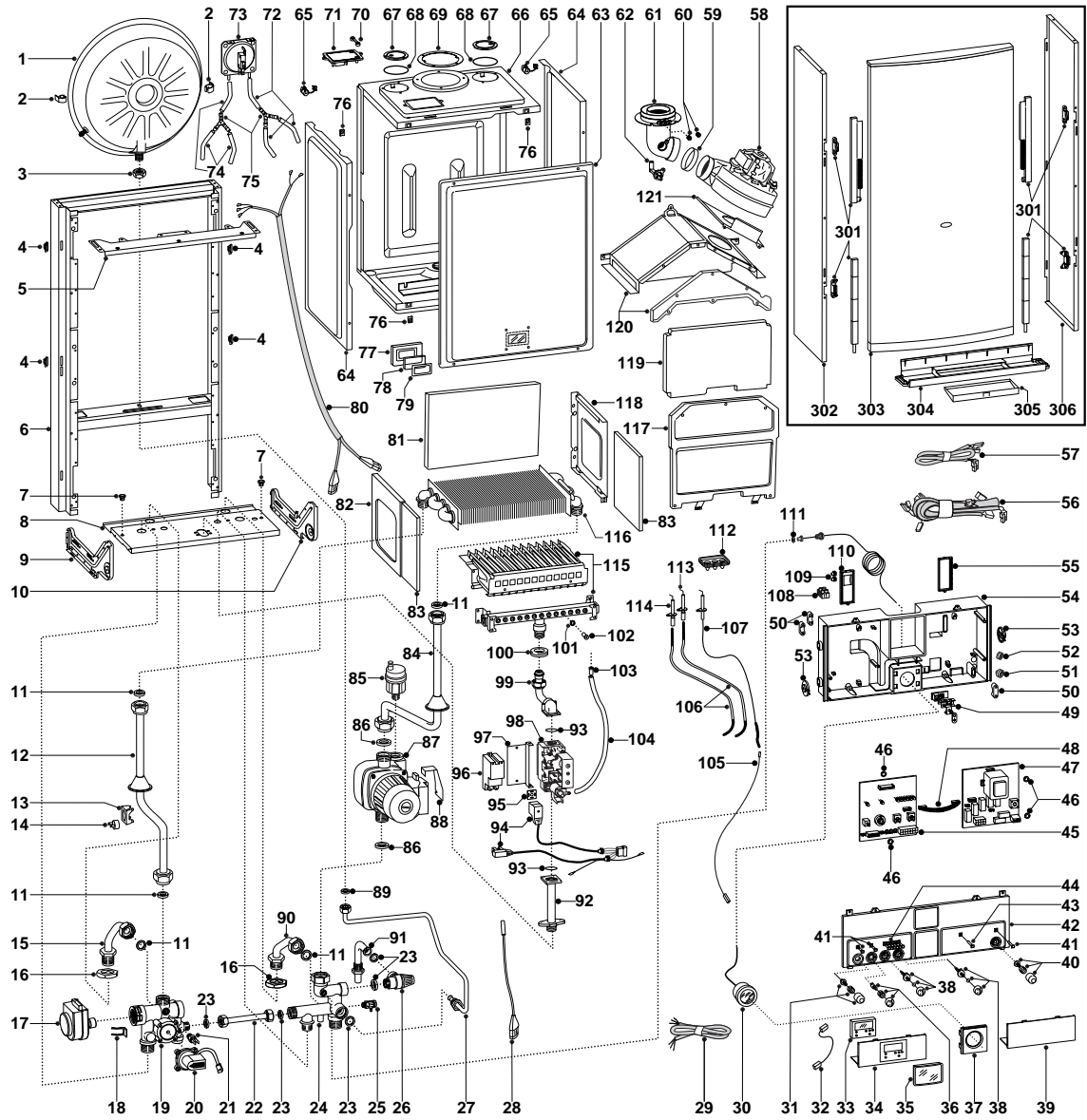
**ARISTON**  
GENUS 23/27 MFFI

# GENUS 30 MFFI (SIT Tandem Gas Valve)



**ARISTON**  
GENUS 30 MFFI

# GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM (SIT Tandem Gas Valve)



**ARISTON**  
GENUS 27 MFFI SYSTEM

## GENUS 23/27 MFFI (SIT Tandem Gas Valve)

Key no.	G.C. part no.	Description	ARISTON Part No.
1		Expansion vessel	573294
11	164 225	Gasket 3/4"	573520
14		Overheat thermostat	997206
17		Main flow Switch	573224
18	164 338	Temp probe (C.H.W.)	569236
19		Microswitch for 3-way/main flow group	573340
23	164 229	Gasket 1/2"	573528
24	378 814	Manual vent cock	573727
25		Safety valve 3 bar 1/2"	573172
28		Pressure gauge	571649
31		Time clock	997208
43		P.C.B. E C-MI/FFI	953045
45		P.C.B. EI A-MFFI	952981
46		P.C.B. cable	952610
56AB		Fan	572989
56CD		Fan	572990
57		Fan inlet gasket	573343
60		Venturi (exhaust manifold/header)	573314
71AB	E03 818	Air pressure switch	571651
71CD	E02 071	Air pressure switch	571652
74		Fastening spring	570717
83	379 079	Automatic air release valve	564254
84	164 230	Gasket 1"	569387
86		O-ring	571449
88AB		Secondary exchanger (plate-type) exchanger 23kW	571646
88CD		Secondary exchanger (plate-type) exchanger 27kW	573295
89		O-ring (secondary exchanger)	573825
91		O-ring (20-18)	571807
94	164 282	Gasket 3/8"	573521
96AB		Pump	997150
96CD		Pump	997151
99	379 976	Gas valve (SIT Tandem)	570732
101		Spark generator	573023
104		O-ring (13)	571965
112	379 981	Detection electrode	573441
116	164 261	Gasket 1/4"	569390
118	379 979	Ignition electrode (R.H.)	569560
119	379 980	Ignition electrode (L.H.)	569561
120A	E02 026	Main burner	572271
120B		Main burner	572277
120C	E02 078	Main burner	572343
120D		Main burner	572372
121AB		Main exchanger	572749
121CD		Main exchanger	572835
301		Front panel runner kit	571993
311		D.H.W. actuator kit	571444
321	378 978	SIT Tandem gas valve operator coils	570712
322	378 815	SIT Tandem modureg coil	573740
323	164 303	Gas modulator cartridge	573745
361		Heating by-pass kit	571443
362		D.H.W. pressure switch kit	571442
363		3-way spring kit	571447
364		D.H.W. diaphragm valve	571446
371		Main flow switch diaphragm	571547
372		Main flow switch magnet	571772
373		Main flow switch spring	571771
374		Main flow switch top cap	571770
375		Main flow switch reed system	573138
381	164 311	Burner jet 1.25 full kit (Natural gas)	569281
382		Burner jet 0.72 full kit (LPG)	569282

## GENUS 30 MFFI (SIT Tandem Gas Valve)

Key no.	G.C. part no.	Description	ARISTON Part No.
1		Expansion vessel	573294
11	164 225	Gasket 3/4"	573520
15		Overheat thermostat	997206
18		Main flow Switch	573224
19	164 338	Temp probe (C.H.W.)	569236
20		Microswitch for 3-way/main flow group	573340
24	164 229	Gasket 1/2"	573528
25	378 814	Manual vent cock	573727
26		Safety valve 3 bar 1/2"	573172
29		Pressure gauge	571649
32		Time clock	997208
44		P.C.B. E C-MI/FFI	953045
46		P.C.B. EI A-MFFI	952981
47		P.C.B. cable	952610
57		Fan	572990
58		Fan inlet gasket	573343
72	E02 071	Air pressure switch	571652
75		Fastening spring	570717
84	379 079	Automatic air release valve	564254
85	164 230	Gasket 1"	569387
87		O-ring	571449
89		Secondary exchanger (plate-type) exchanger 27kW	573295
90		O-ring (secondary exchanger)	573825
92		O-ring (20-18)	571807
95	164 282	Gasket 3/8"	573521
97		Pump	997151
100	379 976	Gas valve (SIT Tandem)	570732
102		Spark generator	573023
105		O-ring (13)	571965
113	379 981	Detection electrode	573441
117	164 261	Gasket 1/4"	569390
119	379 979	Ignition electrode (R.H.)	569560
120	379 980	Ignition electrode (L.H.)	569561
121A		Main burner	998110
121B		Main burner	998111
122		Main exchanger	572835
128		Venturi (exhaust manifold/header)	573314
301		Front panel runner kit	571993
311		D.H.W. actuator kit	571444
321	378 978	SIT Tandem gas valve operator coils	570712
322	378 815	SIT Tandem modureg coil	573740
323	164 303	Gas modulator cartridge	573745
361		Heating by-pass kit	571443
362		D.H.W. pressure switch kit	571442
363		3-way spring kit	571447
364		D.H.W. diaphragm valve	571446
371		Main flow switch diaphragm	571547
372		Main flow switch magnet	571772
373		Main flow switch spring	571771
374		Main flow switch top cap	571770
375		Main flow switch reed system	573138
381		Burner jet 1.30 full kit (Natural gas)	998152
382		Burner jet 0.77 full kit (LPG)	998432



## **GENUS 27 RFFI SYSTEM (SIT Tandem Gas Valve)**

Key no.	G.C. part no.	Description	ARISTON Part No.
1		Expansion vessel	573294
11	164 225	Gasket 3/4"	573520
14		Overheat thermostat	997206
17		Motorised valve motor	997147
20		Main flow switch	573224
21	164 338	Temp probe (C.H.W.)	569236
23	164 229	Gasket 1/2"	573528
25	378 814	Manual vent cock	573727
26		Safety valve 3 bar 1/2"	573172
28		D.H.W. probe	997274
30		Pressure gauge	571649
33		Time clock	997208
45		P.C.B. EB C MI/FFI	953095
47		P.C.B. E A-FFI/P	952935
48		P.C.B. cable	952610
58		Fan	572990
59		Fan inlet gasket	573343
62		Venturi (exhaust manifold/header)	573314
73	E02 071	Air pressure switch	571652
76		Fastening spring	570717
85	379 079	Automatic air release valve	564254
86	164 230	Gasket 1"	569387
87		Pump	997151
89	164 282	Gasket 3/8"	573521
93		O-ring (13)	571965
96		Spark generator	573023
98	379 976	Gas valve (SIT Tandem)	570732
107	379 981	Detection electrode	573441
111	164 261	Gasket 1/4"	569390
113	379 979	Ignition electrode (R.H.)	569560
114	379 980	Ignition electrode (L.H.)	569561
115A	E02 078	Main burner	572343
115B		Main burner	572372
115		Main exchanger	572835
301		Front panel runner kit	571993
311		D.H.W. actuator kit	571444
321	378 978	SIT Tandem gas valve operator coils	570712
322	378 815	SIT Tandem modureg coil	573740
323	164 303	Gas modulator cartridge	573745
361		Heating by-pass kit	571443
362		D.H.W. pressure switch kit	571442
363		3-way spring kit	571447
371		Main flow switch diaphragm	571547
372		Main flow switch magnet	571772
373		Main flow switch spring	571771
374		Main flow switch top cap	571770
375		Main flow switch reed system	573138
381	164 311	Burner jet 1.25 full kit (Natural gas)	998152
382		Burner jet 0.72 full kit (LPG)	998432





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